

AT Commands Reference Guide

For DE910 Series

80392ST10102A Rev.4 – 2013-11-26



APPLICABILITY TABLE

PRODUCT
DE910-DUAL
DE910-SC

SW Version
15.00.024 (Verizon)
15.00.005 (Sprint)
15.00.393 (SC)
15.00.014 (Aeris.net)



2. Overview

2.1. About the document

This document describes all AT commands implemented on the Telit wireless module DE910.



3. AT COMMANDS

The Telit wireless module DE910 can be controlled via the serial interface using the standard AT commands¹. The Telit wireless module DE910 is compliant with:

1. TIA/EIA/707-A.3 AT Command.
2. Partial Hayes standard AT command set.
3. Partially 3GPP 27.005 specific AT Commands SMS (Short Message Service).
4. Partially ETSI 3GPP 27.007 specific AT Commands for controlling voice and Phonebook.

Moreover, the Telit wireless module DE910 supports Telit proprietary AT commands for specific purposes.

The following is a description of how to use the AT commands with the Telit wireless module DE910.

3.1. Definitions

The following syntactical definitions apply:

- <CR>** **Carriage return character**, is the command line and result code terminator character, which value, in decimal ASCII between 0 and 255, is specified within parameter **S3**. The default value is 13.
- <LF>** **Linefeed character**, is the character recognized as line feed character. Its value, in decimal ASCII between 0 and 255, is specified within parameter **S4**. The default value is 10. The line feed character is output after the carriage return character if verbose result codes are used (**V1** option used). Otherwise, if numeric format result codes are used (**V0** option used) it will not appear in the result codes.
- <...>** Name enclosed in angle brackets is a syntactical element. They do not appear in the command line.
- [...]** Optional sub parameter of a command or an optional part of TA information response is enclosed in square brackets. Brackets themselves do not appear in the command line. When the sub parameter is not given in AT commands which have a Read command, new value equals to its previous value. In AT commands which do not store the values of any of their sub parameters, and so do not have a Read command, called *action type* commands, action should be taken on the basis of the recommended default setting of the sub parameter.

¹ AT is an ATTENTION command and is used as a prefix to other parameters in a string. The AT command combined with other parameters can be set up in the communications package or typed in manually as a command line instruction.



3.2.3. Information Responses and Result Codes

The TA response, in case of verbose response format enabled, for the previous examples command line could be as shown below:

- Information response to **+CMD1?**
`<CR><LF>+CMD1: 2,1,10<CR><LF>`
- Information response to **+CMD1=?**
`<CR><LF>+CMD1: (0-2),(0,1),(0-15)<CR><LF>`
- Final result code `<CR><LF>OK<CR><LF>`

Moreover, there are two other types of result codes:

- *result codes* that inform about progress of TA operation (e.g. connection establishment **CONNECT**)
- *Result codes* that indicate occurrence of an event not directly associated with issuance of a command from TE (e.g. ring indication **RING**).

Here are the basic result codes according to ITU-T V25Ter recommendation:

<i>Result Codes</i>	
Numeric form	Verbose form
0	OK
1	CONNECT
2	RING
3	NO CARRIER
4	ERROR
6	NO DIALTONE
7	BUSY
8	NO ANSWER



3.2.4. Command Response Time-Out

Every command issued to the Telit modules returns a result response if response codes are enabled (default). The time needed to process the given command and return the response varies, depending on the command type. Commands that do not interact with the network, and involve only internal set up settings or readings typically have quicker response times than commands that require network interaction.

In the table below are listed only the commands whose interaction with the network could lead to long response timings. When not otherwise specified, timing is referred to set command.

For phonebook and SMS writing and reading related commands, timing is referred to commands issued after phonebook sorting is completed.

For DTMF sending and dialing commands timing is referred to module registered on network (“AT+CREG?” answer is “+CREG: 0,1” or “+CREG: 0,5”).

Command	Estimated maximum time to get response (Seconds)
+CPBR	5 (single reading) 15 (complete reading of a 500 records full phonebook)
+CPBF	10 (string present in a 500 records full phonebook) 5 (string not present)
+CPBW	5
+VTS	5 (transmission of full “1234567890*#ABCD” string with no delay between tones, default duration)
+CSMS	5
+CMGF	5
+CSMP	5
+CNMI	5
+CMGS	180 / 5 for prompt”>”
+CMSS	180
+CMGW	5 / 5 for prompt”>”
+CMGD	5
+CMGR	5
+CMGL	5
D	40
A	5 (voice call)
H	2

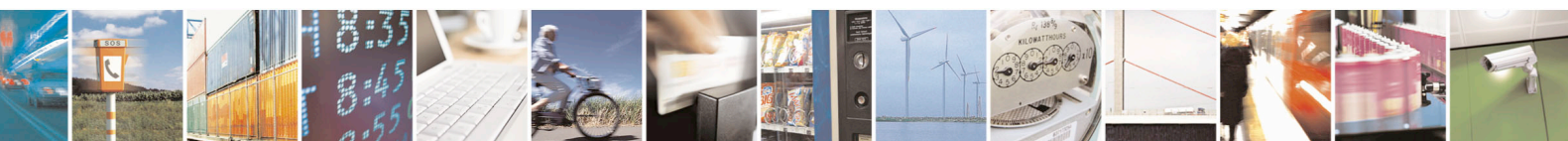


+CHUP	2
#TONE	5 (if no duration specified)
#EMAILD	60
#EMAILACT	150
#SEMAIL	210 (context activation + DNS resolution)
#SKTD	140 (DNS resolution + timeout set with AT#SKTCT)
#SKTOP	290 (context activation + DNS resolution + timeout set with AT#SKTCT)
#QDNS	170
#FTPOPEN	120 (timeout set with AT#FTPTO, in case no response is received from server)
#FTPCLOSE	500 (timeout set with AT#FTPTO, in case no response is received from server)
#FTPSTYPE	500 (timeout set with AT#FTPTO, in case no response is received from server)
#FTPDELE	500 (timeout set with AT#FTPTO, in case no response is received from server)
#FTPPWD	500 (timeout set with AT#FTPTO, in case no response is received from server)
#FTPCWD	500 (timeout set with AT#FTPTO, in case no response is received from server)
#FTPLIST	500 (timeout set with AT#FTPTO, in case no response is received from server) + time to get listing
#FTPPUT	500 (timeout set with AT#FTPTO, in case no response is received from server)
#SGACT	150
#SH	10
#SD	140 (DNS resolution + connection timeout set with AT#SCFG)

3.2.5. Command Issuing Timing

The chain Command -> Response shall always be respected and a new command must not be issued before the module has finished sending all of its response result code (whatever it may be).

This applies especially to applications that “sense” the **OK** text and therefore may send the next command before the complete code <CR><LF>OK<CR><LF> is sent by the module.



COMMAND	Verizon	Sprint	Aeris.Net	SC	Function
&S	•	•	•	•	Data Set Ready (DSR) Control
\R	•	•	•	•	Ring (RI) Control
+IPR	•	•	•	•	Fixed DTE Interface Rate
+IFC	•	•	•	•	DTE-Modem Local Flow Control
+ILRR	•	•	•	•	DTE-Modem Local Rate Reporting
+ICF	•	•	•	•	DTE-Modem Character Framing
Hayes AT Commands – Call Control					
D	•	•	•	•	Dial
T	•	•	•	•	Tone Dial
P	•	•	•	•	Pulse Dial
A	•	•	•	•	Answer
H	•	•	•	•	Disconnect
O	•	•	•	•	Return To On Line Mode
&G	•	•	•	•	Guard Tone
&Q	•	•	•	•	Sync/Async Mode
Hayes AT Commands – Modulation Control					
+MS	•	•	•	•	Modulation Selection
%E	•	•	•	•	Line Quality Monitor And Auto Retrain Or Fallback/Fallforward
Hayes AT Commands – Compression Control					
+DS	•	•	•	•	Data Compression
+DR	•	•	•	•	Data Compression Reporting
Hayes AT Commands – Break Control					
\B	•	•	•	•	Transmit Break To Remote
\K	•	•	•	•	Break Handling
\N	•	•	•	•	Operating Mode
Hayes AT Commands – S Parameters					
S0	•	•	•	•	Number Of Rings To Auto Answer
S1	•	•	•	•	Ring Counter
S2	•	•	•	•	Escape Character
S3	•	•	•	•	Command Line Termination Character
S4	•	•	•	•	Response Formatting Character
S5	•	•	•	•	Command Line Editing Character
S7	•	•	•	•	Connection Completion Time-Out
S10	•	•	•	•	Carrier Off With Firm Time
S12	•	•	•	•	Escape Prompt Delay
S25	•	•	•	•	Delay To DTR Off
S30	•	•	•	•	Disconnect Inactivity Timer
S38	•	•	•	•	Delay Before Forced Hang Up
Hayes AT Commands – Error Control					
+ES	•	•	•	•	Error Control Selection
ETSI GSM 07.07.27.007 – General					
+CGMI	•	•	•	•	Request Manufacturer Identification
+CGMM	•	•	•	•	Request Model Identification
+CGMR	•	•	•	•	Request Revision Identification
+CGSN	•	•	•	•	Request Product Serial Number Identification
+CSCS	•	•	•	•	Select TE Character Set
+CIMI	•	•	•	•	Request International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI)
+CMUX	•	•	•	•	Multiplexing Mode
ETSI GSM 07.07/27.007 – Call Control					
+CHUP	•	•	•	•	Hang Up Call
+CEER	•	•	•	•	Extended Error Report
+CRC	•	•	•	•	Cellular Result Codes
+CVHU	•	•	•	•	Voice Hang Up Control
ETSI GSM 07.07/27.007 – Network Service Handling					
+CNUM	•	•	•	•	Subscriber Number
+COPN	•	•	•	•	Read Operator Names
+CREG	•	•	•	•	Network Registration Report
+CLIP	•	•	•	•	Calling Line Identification Presentation
+CLIR	•	•	•	•	Calling Line Identification Restriction



COMMAND	Verizon	Sprint	Aeris.Net	SC	Function
+CCWA	•	•	•	•	Call Waiting
+CHLD	•	•	•	•	Call Holding Services
+CLCC	•	•	•	•	List Current Calls
ETSI GSM 07.07/27.007 – Mobile Equipment Control					
+CPAS	•	•	•	•	Phone Activity Status
+CFUN	•	•	•	•	Set Phone Functionality
+CSQ	•	•	•	•	Signal Quality
+CPBS	•	•	•	•	Select Phonebook Memory Storage
+CPBR	•	•	•	•	Read Phonebook Entries
+CPBF	•	•	•	•	Find Phonebook Entries
+CPBW	•	•	•	•	Write Phonebook Entry
+CCLK	•	•	•	•	Clock Management
+CALA	•	•	•	•	Alarm Management
+CALM	•	•	•	•	Alert Sound Mode
+CRSL	•	•	•	•	Ringer Sound Level
+CLVL	•	•	•	•	Loudspeaker Volume Level
+CMUT	•	•	•	•	Microphone Mute Control
+CLAC	•	•	•	•	Available AT commands
+CALD	•	•	•	•	Delete Alarm
ETSI GSM 07.07/27.007 – Mobile Equipment Errors					
+CMEE	•	•	•	•	Report Mobile Equipment Error
ETSI GSM 07.077/27.007 – Voice Control					
+VTS	•	•	•	•	DTMF Tones Transmission
+VTD	•	•	•	•	Tone Duration
ETSI GSM 07.077/27.007 – Commands For Battery Charger					
+CBC	•	•	•	•	Battery Charge
ETSI GSM 07.05/27.005 – General Configuration					
+CSMS	•	•	•	•	Select Message Service
+CPMS	•	•	•	•	Preferred Message Storage
+CMGF	•	•	•	•	Message Format
ETSI GSM 07.05/27.005 – Message Configuration					
+CSMP	•	•	•	•	Set Text Mode Parameters
+CSDH	•	•	•	•	Show Text Mode Parameters
+CSAS	•	•	•	•	Save Settings
+CRES	•	•	•	•	Restore Settings
ETSI GSM 07.05/27.005 – Message Receiving And Reading					
+CNMI	•	•	•	•	New Message Indications To Terminal Equipment
+CMGL	•	•	•	•	List Messages
+CMGR	•	•	•	•	Read Message
ETSI GSM 07.05/27.005 – Message Sending And Writing					
+CMGS	•	•	•	•	Send Message
+CMSS	•	•	•	•	Send Message From Storage
+CMGW	•	•	•	•	Write Message To Memory
+CMGD	•	•	•	•	Delete Message
Custom AT Commands – General Configuration					
#CGMI	•	•	•	•	Manufacturer Identification
#CGMM	•	•	•	•	Model Identification
#CGMR	•	•	•	•	Revision Identification
#CGSN	•	•	•	•	Product Serial Number Identification
#CIMI	•	•	•	•	International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI)
#MEID	•	•	•	•	Mobile Equipment Identifier
#SHDN	•	•	•	•	Software Shut Down
#Z	•	•	•	•	Extended Reset
#WAKE	•	•	•	•	Wake From Alarm Mode
#QTEMP	•	•	•	•	Query Temperature Overflow
#TEMPMON	•	•	•	•	Temperature monitor
#GPIO	•	•	•	•	General Purpose Input/output Pin Control
#SLED	•	•	•	•	STAT_LED GPIO Setting
#SLESAV	•	•	•	•	Save STAT_LED GPIO Setting



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COMMAND	Verizon	Sprint	Aeris.Net	SC	Function
#SRXAGC	•	•	•	•	RX AGC enable
#SHSFRX	•	•	•	•	Handset RX filter coefficients values
#SHSFTX	•	•	•	•	Handset TX filter coefficients values
#SHFFRX	•	•	•	•	Handsfree RX filter coefficients values
#SHFFTX	•	•	•	•	Handsfree TX filter coefficients values
Custom AT Commands – Multisocket					
#SS	•	•	•	•	Socket Status
#SI	•	•	•	•	Socket Info
#SGACT	•	•	•	•	Context Activation
#SH	•	•	•	•	Socket Shutdown
#SCFG	•	•	•	•	Socket Configuration
#SCFGEXT	•	•	•	•	Socket Configuration Extended
#CGPADDR	•	•	•	•	Show Address
#SD	•	•	•	•	Socket Dial
#SA	•	•	•	•	Socket Accept
#SO	•	•	•	•	Socket Restore
#SL	•	•	•	•	Socket Listen
#SLUDP	•	•	•	•	Socket Listen UDP
#SRECV	•	•	•	•	Received Data In Command Mode
#SEND	•	•	•	•	Send Data In Command Mode
#SENDEXT	•	•	•	•	Send Data In Command Mode Extended
Custom AT Commands - FTP					
#FTPTO	•	•	•	•	FTP Time-Out
#FTPOPEN	•	•	•	•	FTP Open
#FTPCLOSE	•	•	•	•	FTP Close
#FTPPUT	•	•	•	•	FTP Put
#FTPGET	•	•	•	•	FTP Get
#FTPTYPE	•	•	•	•	FTP Type
#FTPMSG	•	•	•	•	FTP Read Message
#FTPDELE	•	•	•	•	FTP Delete
#FTPPWD	•	•	•	•	FTP Print Working Directory
#FTPCWD	•	•	•	•	FTP Change Working Directory
#FTPLIST	•	•	•	•	FTP List
Custom AT Commands – Enhanced Easy GPRS® Extension					
#USERID	•	•	•	•	Authentication User ID
#PASSW	•	•	•	•	Authentication Password
#PKTSZ	•	•	•	•	Packet Size
#DSTO	•	•	•	•	Data Sending Time-Out
#SKTTO	•	•	•	•	Socket Inactivity Time-Out
#SKTSET	•	•	•	•	Socket Definition
#SKTOP	•	•	•	•	Socket Open
#QDNS	•	•	•	•	Query DNS
#CACHEDNS	•	•	•	•	DNS Response Caching
#DNS	•	•	•	•	Manual DNS Selection
#SKTCT	•	•	•	•	Socket TCP Connection Time-Out
#SKTSAV	•	•	•	•	Socket Parameters Save
#SKTRST	•	•	•	•	Socket Parameters Reset
#CDMADC	•	•	•	•	CDMA Data Connection
#SKTD	•	•	•	•	Socket Dial
#SKTL	•	•	•	•	Socket Listen
#E2SLRI	•	•	•	•	Socket Listen Ring Indicator
#FRWL	•	•	•	•	Firewall Setup
#GDATAVOL	•	•	•	•	GPRS Data Volume
#ICMP	•	•	•	•	ICMP Support
#PING	•	•	•	•	Ping Request
#TCPMAXDAT	•	•	•	•	Maximum TCP Payload Size
#TCPREASS	•	•	•	•	TCP reassembly
Custom AT Commands – E-Mail Management					
#ESMTP	•	•	•	•	E-mail SMTP Server



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COMMAND	Verizon	Sprint	Aeris.Net	SC	Function
#EADDR	•	•	•	•	E-mail Sender Address
#EUSER	•	•	•	•	E-mail Authentication User Name
#EPASSW	•	•	•	•	E-mail Authentication Password
#SEMAIL	•	•	•	•	E-mail Sending With GPRS Context Activation
#EMAILACT	•	•	•	•	E-mail GPRS Context Activation
#EMAILD	•	•	•	•	E-mail Sending
#ESAV	•	•	•	•	E-mail Parameters Save
#ERST	•	•	•	•	E-mail Parameters Reset
#EMAILMSG	•	•	•	•	SMTP Read Message
Custom AT Commands GPS Application					
\$GPSP	•	•	•	•	GPS Controller Power Management
\$GPSR	•	•	•	•	GPS Reset
\$GPSAT	•	•	•	•	GPS Antenna Type Definition
\$GPSAV	•	•	•	•	GPS Antenna Supply Voltage Readout
\$GPSNMUN	•	•	•	•	Unsolicited NMEA Data Configuration
\$GPSACP	•	•	•	•	Get Acquired Position
\$GPSSAV	•	•	•	•	Save GPS Parameters Configuration
\$GPSRST	•	•	•	•	Restore To Default GPS Parameters
\$GPSPORT	•	•	•	•	Change GPS Port form DATA to NMEA
\$GPSPATH	•	•	•	•	Select GPS Antenna Path
\$CELLPOS	•	•	•	•	Base Station Lat/long Data
\$NMEA		•			Enable or Disable NMEA Stream
\$LOCATION		•			Enable or Disable Location Services
\$GETLOCATION		•			Get Current Location
\$LOCMODE	•	•	•	•	GPS Test Mode
\$GPSCLR	•	•	•	•	Clear GPS Data
\$PDE	•	•	•	•	PDE IP Address and Port
\$GPSLOCK	•	•	•	•	GPS Lock Mode
\$XTRAEN	•	•	•	•	Set XTRA Feature Enable / Disable
\$XTRADN	•	•	•	•	Download gpsOneXTRA data
\$XTRAPA	•	•	•	•	Set XTRA Parameters
Custom AT Commands – Generic Configuration AT Commands					
#CAI	•	•	•	•	Common Air Interface parameters
#MODEM	•	•	•	•	Modem Configuration parameters
#ENG	•	•	•	•	Mobile NAM parameters
#MODE	•	•	•	•	Change Operational Mode of Modem
#NOTI	•	•	•	•	CDMA Notification
\$MDN	•	•	•	•	Mobile Directory Number
\$MSID	•	•	•	•	Mobile Station ID
+SERVICE	•	•	•	•	Notification of Service
#SVCSTAT	•	•	•	•	Service Status
#RTN	•	•	•	•	Reverse Logistic Support
\$PRL	•	•	•	•	Preferred Roaming List
\$RESET	•	•	•	•	Reset
#REBOOT	•	•	•	•	Reboot
#MEIDESH	•	•	•	•	Read MEID & ESN
Custom AT Commands – Authentication					
#AKEY	•	•	•	•	Authentication Key
#AKEYCHKSUM	•	•	•	•	Authentication Key Checksum
Custom AT Commands – Air interface and call processing					
#PREFRC	•	•	•	•	Preferred Radio Configuration
#VOICEPRIV	•	•	•	•	Voice Privacy Setting
#PREFVOC	•	•	•	•	Vocoder Setting Value Reading or Writing
#OTASPEN	•	•	•	•	OTASP Setting
+CFG	•	•	•	•	Configuration String
+CRM	•	•	•	•	RM Interface Setting
Custom AT Commands – DATA Session AT Commands					
+CTA	•	•	•	•	Data Inactivity Timer
+PZID	•	•	•	•	Packet Zone ID



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COMMAND	Verizon	Sprint	Aeris.Net	SC	Function
\$GODORMANT	•	•	•	•	Interrupt Packet Data
#TESTORI	•	•	•	•	Test Origination
Custom AT Commands – EVDO specific AT commands					
#CRXD	•	•	•	•	RX Diversity for CDMA
#HDRPS	•	•	•	•	High Data Rate Protocol Suit
Custom AT Commands – RUIM specific AT commands					
#QSS				•	Query RUIM STATUS
+CPIN				•	Enter PIN
+CLCK				•	Facility Lock/Unlock
+CPWD				•	Change Facility Password
#CCID				•	Read ICCID (Integrated Circuit Card Identification)
+CCID				•	Read ICCID (Integrated Circuit Card Identification)
#PCT				•	Display remained PIN Counter
#SPN				•	Service Provider Name
#CHVEN				•	Enable/ Disable CHV
Custom AT Commands – QCT Proprietary AT Commands					
\$QCMIPNAI	•	•	•		Network Access Identifier
\$QCMIPPHA	•	•	•		Primary Home Agent Address
\$QCMIPSHA	•	•	•		Secondary Home Agent Address
\$QCMIPHA	•	•	•		Home Address
\$QCMIPMHSSX	•	•	•		Home Agent Shared Secret
\$QCMIPMASSX	•	•	•		AAA Server Shared Secret
\$QCMIPMHSPI	•	•	•		Home Agent Security Parameter Index
\$QCMIPMASPI	•	•	•		AAA Server Security Parameter Index
\$QCMIPRT	•	•	•		Reverse Tunneling Preference
\$QCMIP	•	•	•		Enable/Disable Mobile IP
\$QCMIPP	•	•	•		Active MIP Profile Selection
\$QCMIPEP	•	•	•		Enable/Disable Current MIP Profile
\$QCMIPGETP	•	•	•		Profile Information
\$QCMIPMASS	•	•	•		MN-AAA Shared Secrets
\$QCMIPMHSS	•	•	•		MN-HA Shared Secrets
\$QCMDR	•	•	•		Medium Data Rate
Custom AT Commands – FOTA/OMA-DM AT commands					
#OMADMSVADDR		•			OMA-DM Server Address
#OMADMSVPORT		•			OMA-DM Server Port
#OMADMPROXY		•			OMA-DM Proxy Server Address
#OMADLPROXY		•			OMA-DL Proxy Server Address
#OMADMSVID		•			OMA-DM Server ID
#OMADMSVPW		•			OMA-DM Server Password
#OMADMSVNON		•			OMA-DM Server Auth Data
#OMADMCUID		•			OMA-DM Client ID
#OMADMCUPW		•			OMA-DM Client Password
#OMADMCUNON		•			OMA-DM Client Auth Data
#OMADMCEN		•			OMA-DM Client Enable/Disable
+HFA		•			OMA-DM Hands Free Activation
+OMADM		•			OMA-DM Device Configuration
+PRL		•			OMA-DM NIPRL/CIPRL
+FUMO		•			OMA-DM NIFUMO/CIFUMO
#HFA		•			Hands Free Activation
#DCCANCEL		•			Device Configuration Cancel
#PRLCANCEL		•			Load PRL Cancel
#FUMOCANCEL		•			FUMO session cancel
#HFACANCEL		•			Hands Free Activation Cancel
Custom AT Commands – Verizon Specific AT commands					
#ALERTSND	•				Alert Sound Setting
#EMERCALLERT	•				Emergency Call Tone Setting
#NAMLOCK	•				NAM Lock
+VCMGR	•				Read Message
+VCMGL	•				List Message



3.5.1.1.3. Repeat Last Command - #/

#/ - Repeat Last Command	
AT#/	Execute command is used to execute again the last received command.

3.5.2. General Configuration Commands

3.5.2.1.1. Select Interface Style - #SELINT

#SELINT - Select interface style	
AT#SELINT=<v>	Set command sets the AT command interface style depending on parameter <v>. Parameter: <v> - AT command interface 2 - switches the AT command interface style of the product, to DE910
AT#SELINT?	Read command reports the current interface style.
AT#SELINT=?	Test command reports the available range of values for parameter <v>.
Note	It is suggested to reboot the module after every #SELINT setting.

3.5.2.1.2. Set Notification Port - #NOPT

#NOPT - Set notification port	
AT#NOPT=<num>	Set command sets the port output notification data (Indication data) Parameter: <num> - Notification Port 0 – All Ports (Telit USB Modem,UART Data, USB Auxiliary, DCL11, DLC12, DLC13) Notification data is sent to all ports. < default value > 1 – UART Data Port only 2 – Telit USB Modem Port only 3 – Telit USB Auxiliary Port only 4 – Multiplexer DLC11 Port only 5 – Multiplexer DLC12 Port only 6 – Multiplexer DLC13 Port only Note: The notification output on the multiplexer ports (4-6) is available, only if CMUX activated.
AT#NOPT?	Read command reports the current notification port.
AT#NOPT=?	Test command reports the available range of values for parameter <num>.

3.5.2.1.3. Manufacturer Serial Number - #MSN

#MSN - Manufacturer serial Number	
AT#MSN	Returns the device board serial number. It is same as +GSN.



3.5.3.1.4. *Default Reset Basic Profile Designation - &Y*

&Y - Default Reset Basic Profile Designation	
AT&Y[<n>]	<p>Execution command defines the basic profiles that will be loaded on start up.</p> <p>Parameter: <n> 0..1 - profile (default is 0): the wireless module is able to store 2 complete configurations (see &W).</p> <p>Note: differently from command Z<n>, which loads just once the desired profile, the one chosen through command &Y will be loaded on every start up.</p> <p>Note: if parameter is omitted, the command has the same behaviour as AT&Y0</p>

3.5.3.1.5. *Default Reset Full Profile Designation - &P*

&P - Default Reset Full Profile Designation	
AT&P[<n>]	<p>Execution command defines which full profile will be loaded on start up.</p> <p>Parameter: <n> 0..1 – profile number: the wireless module is able to store 2 full configurations (see command &W).</p> <p>Note: differently from command Z<n>, which loads just once the desired profile, the one chosen through command &P will be loaded on every start up.</p> <p>Note: if parameter is omitted, the command has the same behaviour as AT&P0</p>
Reference	Telit Specifications



+GSN - Serial Number	
AT+GSN	Verizon & RUIM version: Execution command returns the device board serial number in 7-digit decimal. Sprint&Aeris.Net: Execution command returns the “<ESN> “ or the “<MEID>:<pseudo ESN> of the device. Execution command returns the decimal value on the first line and the hexadecimal value on the second line.
Reference	V.25ter

3.5.3.1.14. *Display Current Base Configuration And Profile - &V*

&V - Display Current Base Configuration And Profile	
AT&V	Execution command returns some of the base configuration parameters settings.

3.5.3.1.15. *Display Current Configuration And Profile - &V0*

&V0 - Display Current Configuration And Profile	
AT&V0	Execution command returns all the configuration parameters settings. Note: this command is the same as &V, it is included only for backwards compatibility.

3.5.3.1.16. *S Registers Display - &V1*

&V1 - S Registers Display										
AT&V1	Execution command returns the value of the S registers in decimal and hexadecimal value in the format: <table border="0" style="margin-left: 40px;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">REG</td> <td style="text-align: center;">DEC</td> <td style="text-align: center;">HEX</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><reg0></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><dec></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><hex></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><reg1></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><dec></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><hex></td> </tr> </table> <p>...</p> <p>where <regn> - S register number 000..005 007 012 025 038 <dec> - current value in decimal notation <hex> - current value in hexadecimal notation</p>	REG	DEC	HEX	<reg0>	<dec>	<hex>	<reg1>	<dec>	<hex>
REG	DEC	HEX								
<reg0>	<dec>	<hex>								
<reg1>	<dec>	<hex>								



3.5.3.2.4. *Extended Result Codes - X*

X - Extended Result Codes	
ATX[<n>]	<p>Set command selects the result code messages subset used by the modem to inform the DTE of the result of the commands.</p> <p>Parameter: <n> 0 - send only OK, CONNECT, RING, NO CARRIER, ERROR, NO ANSWER results. A busy tone reporting is disabled. 1..4 - reports all messages (factory default is 1).</p> <p>Note: If parameter is omitted, the command has the same behaviour of ATX0</p> <p>Note: Current value is returned by AT&V Parameter: <n> 0 - EXTENDED MESSAGES : X0=NO 1..4 - EXTENDED MESSAGES : X1=YES</p>
Note	For complete control on CONNECT response message see also +DR command.
Reference	V25ter

3.5.3.2.5. *Identification Information - I*

I - Identification Information	
ATI[<n>]	<p>Execution command returns one or more lines of information text followed by a result code.</p> <p>Parameter: <n> 0 - numerical identifier. 1 - module checksum 2 - checksum check result 3 - manufacturer 4 - product name 5 - DOB version</p> <p>Note: if parameter is omitted, the command has the same behaviour of ATI0</p>
Reference	V25ter

3.5.3.2.6. *Data Carrier Detect (DCD) Control - &C*

&C - Data Carrier Detect (DCD) Control	
AT&C[<n>]	<p>Set command controls the RS232 DCD output behaviour.</p> <p>Parameter: <n> 0 - DCD remains high always.</p>



&C - Data Carrier Detect (DCD) Control	
	<p>1 - DCD follows the Carrier detect status: if carrier is detected DCD is high, otherwise DCD is low. (factory default)</p> <p>2 - DCD off while disconnecting</p> <p>Note: if parameter is omitted, the command has the same behaviour of AT&C0</p>
Reference	V25ter

3.5.3.2.7. *Data Terminal Ready (DTR) Control - &D*

&D - Data Terminal Ready (DTR) Control	
AT&D[<n>]	<p>Set command controls the Module behaviour to the RS232 DTR transitions.</p> <p>Parameter: <n></p> <p>0 – device ignores DTR transitions (factory default) ; if +CVHU current setting is different from 2 then every setting AT&D0 is equivalent to AT&D5</p> <p>1 - when the MODULE is connected, the High to Low transition of DTR pin sets the device in command mode, the current connection is NOT closed; if +CVHU current setting is different from 2 then issuing AT&D1 is equivalent to AT&D5</p> <p>2 - when the MODULE is connected , the High to Low transition of DTR pin sets the device in command mode and the current connection is closed; if +CVHU current setting is different from 2 then issuing AT&D2 is equivalent to AT&D5</p> <p>3 – device ignores DTR transitions; if +CVHU current setting is different from 2 then issuing AT&D3 is equivalent to AT&D5</p> <p>4 - C108/1 operation is disabled. If +CVHU current setting is different from 2 then issuing AT&D3 is equivalent to AT&D5</p> <p>5 - C108/1 operation is enabled; same behaviour as for <n>=2</p> <p>Note: if a connection has been set up issuing either #SKTD or #SKTOP, then AT&D1 has the same effect as AT&D2. If a connection has been set up issuing AT#SD then AT&D1 and AT&D2 have different effect, as described above.</p> <p>Note: if AT&D2 has been issued and the DTR has been tied Low, auto answering is inhibited and it is possible to answer only issuing command ATA.</p> <p>Note: if parameter is omitted, the command has the same behaviour of AT&D0</p>
Reference	V25ter

3.5.3.2.8. *Standard Flow Control - |Q*

 Q - Standard Flow Control	
AT Q[<n>]	<p>Set command controls the RS232 flow control behaviour.</p> <p>Parameter:</p>



3.5.3.2.13. DTE-Modem Local Flow Control - +IFC

+IFC - DTE-Modem Local Flow Control															
AT+IFC=<by_te>, <by_ta>	<p>Set command selects the flow control behaviour of the serial port in both directions: from DTE to modem (<by_ta> option) and from modem to DTE (<by_te>)</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><by_te> - flow control option for the data received by DTE</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 - flow control None 1 - XON/XOFF filtered 2 - C105 (RTS) (factory default) 3 - XON/XOFF not filtered <p><by_ta> - flow control option for the data sent by modem</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 - flow control None 1 - XON/XOFF 2 - C106 (CTS) (factory default) <p>The supported flow control list as follows</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th><by_te></th> <th><by_ta></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>1</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Note: Software flow control (XON/XOFF) not supported. However, this setting accepted for the backward-compatibility and it has the same effect with no flow control.</p> <p>Note: Hardware flow control (AT+IFC=2,2) is not active in command mode.</p> <p>Note: This command is equivalent to &K command.</p>	<by_te>	<by_ta>	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	1	2	2	3	1
<by_te>	<by_ta>														
0	0														
0	1														
0	2														
1	1														
2	2														
3	1														
AT+IFC?	<p>Read command returns active flow control settings.</p> <p>Note: If flow control behaviour has been set with AT&Kn command with the parameter that is not allowed by AT+IFC the read command AT+IFC? will return:</p> <p>+IFC: 0,0</p>														
AT+IFC=?	<p>Test command returns all supported values of the parameters <by_te> and <by_ta>.</p>														
Reference	V25ter														



3.5.3.7. S Parameters

Basic commands that begin with the letter “S” are known as “**S-Parameters**”. The number following the “S” indicates the “parameter number” being referenced. If the number is not recognized as a valid parameter number, an **ERROR** result code is issued.

If no value is given for the sub parameter of an **S-Parameter**, an **ERROR** result code will be issued and the stored value left unchanged.



NOTE: what follows is a special way to select and set an **S-parameter**:

- 1) **ATSn=<value><CR>** selects *n* as last selected parameter number and set the constants of the **Sn**-parameter. If the value of *n* is in the range (0, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 10, 12, 25, 30, 38), this command establishes **Sn** as last selected parameter.
- 2) **AT=<value><CR>** set the contents of the selected **S-parameter**
- 3) **AT?** returns the current value of the last S-parameter accessed

Example:

ATS7=10<CR> establishes S7 as last selected parameter and set the contents of S7 to 10

OK

AT=40<CR> sets the content of S7 to 40

OK

AT=15<CR> sets the content of S7 to 15

OK

AT?<CR> return the current value of S7

015

OK

Reference: V25ter and RC56D/RC336D



3.5.3.7.1. *Number Of Rings To Auto Answer - S0*

S0 - Number Of Rings To Auto Answer	
ATS0=[<n>]	Set command sets the number of rings required before device automatically answers an incoming call. Parameter: <n> - number of rings 0 - auto answer disabled (factory default) 1..255 - number of rings required before automatic answer.
ATS0?	Read command returns the current value of S0 parameter .
Reference	V25ter

3.5.3.7.2. *Ring Counter - S1*

S1 - Ring Counter	
ATS1	S1 is incremented each time the device detects the ring signal of an incoming call. S1 is cleared as soon as no ring occurs. Note: the form ATS1 has no effect.
ATS1?	Read command returns the value of this parameter.

3.5.3.7.3. *Escape Character - S2*

S2 - Escape Character	
ATS2=[<char>]	Set command sets the ASCII character to be used as escape character. Parameter: <char> - escape character decimal ASCII 0..255 - factory default value is 43 (+). Note: the escape sequence consists of three escape characters preceded and followed by <i>n</i> ms of idle (see S12 to set <i>n</i>).
ATS2?	Read command returns the current value of S2 parameter. Note: the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s



S5 - Command Line Editing Character	
ATS5?	Read command returns the current value of S5 parameter . Note: the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s
Reference	V25ter

3.5.3.7.7. *Connection Completion Time-Out - S7*

S7 - Connection Completion Time-Out	
ATS7=[<tout>]	Set command sets the amount of time, in seconds, that the device shall allow between either answering a call (automatically or by A command) or completion of signalling of call addressing information to network (dialling), and establishment of a connection with the remote device. Parameter: <tout> - number of seconds 1..255 - factory default value is 60
ATS7?	Read command returns the current value of S7 parameter . Note: the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s
Reference	V25ter

3.5.3.7.8. *Carrier Off With Firm Time - S10*

S10 -Carrier Off With Firm Time	
ATS10=[<time>]	Set command has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility with landline modems Parameter: <time> - expressed in tenths of a second 1..255 - factory default value is 14.
ATS10?	Read command returns the current value of S10 parameter. Note: the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s



3.5.3.7.9. *Escape Prompt Delay - S12*

S12 - Escape Prompt Delay	
ATS12=[<time>]	<p>Set command sets:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) the minimum period, before receipt of the first character of the three escape character sequence, during which no other character has to be detected in order to accept it as valid first character; 2) the maximum period allowed between receipt of first or second character of the three escape character sequence and receipt of the next; 3) the minimum period, after receipt of the last character of the three escape character sequence, during which no other character has to be detected in order to accept the escape sequence as a valid one. <p>Parameter: <time> - expressed in fiftieth of a second 20..255 - factory default value is 50.</p> <p>Note: the minimum period S12 has to pass after CONNECT result code too, before a received character is accepted as valid first character of the three escape character sequence.</p>
ATS12?	<p>Read command returns the current value of S12 parameter.</p> <p>Note: the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s</p>

3.5.3.7.10. *Delay To DTR Off - S25*

S25 -Delay To DTR Off	
ATS25=[<time>]	<p>Set command defines the amount of time, in hundredths of second, that the device will ignore the DTR for taking the action specified by command &D.</p> <p>Parameter: <time> - expressed in hundredths of a second 0..255 - factory default value is 5.</p> <p>Note: the delay is effective only if its value is greater than 5.</p>
ATS25?	<p>Read command returns the current value of S25 parameter.</p> <p>Note: the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s</p>

3.5.3.7.11. *Disconnect Inactivity Timer - S30*

S30 -Disconnect Inactivity Timer	
ATS30=[<tout>]	<p>Execution command has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility with landline modems.</p>
ATS30?	<p>Read command returns the current value of S30 parameter.</p> <p>Note: the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s</p>



+ES – Error Control Selection	
	<p>disconnect.</p> <p>Note: Execution command (AT+ES<CR>) return the OK result code</p>
AT+ES?	<p>Read command report current V.42 error control setting value in the format +ES: <orig_req>,<orig_fallback>,<ans_fallback></p>
AT+ES=?	<p>Test command returns all supported values of the <orig_req>, <orig_fallback>,<ans_fallback> parameters.</p>



3.5.4. 3GPP TS 27.007 AT Commands

3.5.4.1. General

3.5.4.1.1. *Request Manufacturer Identification - +CGMI*

+CGMI - Request Manufacturer Identification	
AT+CGMI	Execution command returns the device manufacturer identification code without command echo.
AT+CGMI=?	Test command returns OK result code.
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

3.5.4.1.2. *Request Model Identification - +CGMM*

+CGMM - Request Model Identification	
AT+CGMM	Execution command returns the device model identification code without command echo.
AT+CGMM=?	Test command returns OK result code.
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

3.5.4.1.3. *Request Revision Identification - +CGMR*

+CGMR - Request Revision Identification	
AT+CGMR	Execution command returns device software revision number without command echo.
AT+CGMR=?	Test command returns OK result code.
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

3.5.4.1.4. *Request Product Serial Number Identification - +CGSN*

+CGSN - Request Product Serial Number Identification	
AT+CGSN	Execution command returns the device electronic serial number (ESN) or the mobile equipment identifier (MEID) without command echo. Note: The ESN(11-digit decimal) / MEID(18-digit decimal) of modem. For more information about convert a MEID from hex to decimal please see the “MEID Conversion, HEX to DEC” in the Software User Guide.
AT+CGSN=?	Test command returns OK result code.
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007



3.5.4.2.3. Cellular Result Codes - +CRC

+CRC - Cellular Result Codes	
AT+CRC= [<mode>]	<p>Set command controls whether or not the extended format of incoming call indication is used.</p> <p>Parameter: <mode> 0 - disables extended format reporting (factory default) 1 - enables extended format reporting:</p> <p>When enabled, an incoming call is indicated to the TE with unsolicited result code +CRING: <type> instead of the normal RING.</p> <p>where <type> - call type: VOICE - normal voice</p>
AT+CRC?	Read command returns current value of the parameter <mode> .
AT+CRC=?	Test command returns supported values of the parameter <mode> .
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

3.5.4.2.4. Voice Hang Up Control - +CVHU

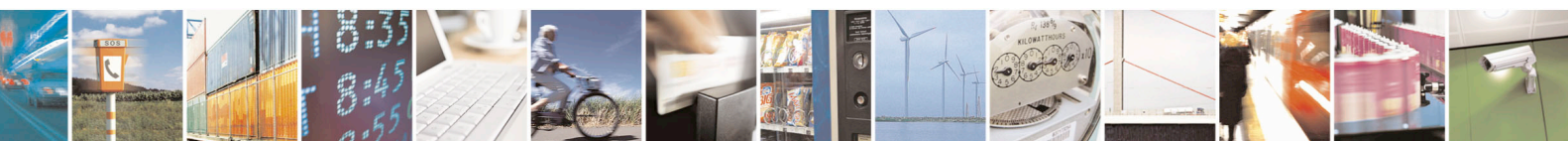
+CVHU - Voice Hang Up Control	
AT+CVHU= [<mode>]	<p>Set command selects whether ATH or "drop DTR" shall cause a voice connection to be disconnected or not.</p> <p>Parameter: <mode> 0 - "Drop DTR" ignored but OK result code given. ATH disconnects. 1 - "Drop DTR" and ATH ignored but OK result code given (Verizon/Sprint /Aeris.Net models factory default value). 2 - "Drop DTR" behaviour according to &D setting. ATH disconnects (Factory default value except Verizon/Sprint/ Aeris.Net models) .</p>
AT+CVHU?	<p>Read command reports the current value of the <mode> parameter, in the format:</p> <p>+CVHU: <mode></p>
AT+CVHU=?	Test command reports the range of supported values for parameter <mode>



+CHLD - Call Holding Service	
	call. Note: If no call is active then only OK message is sent.
AT+ CHLD =?	Reports the supported values for the parameter <n>.
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

3.5.4.3.8. List Current Calls - +CLCC

+CLCC - List Current Calls	
AT+CLCC	<p>Execution command returns the list of current calls and their characteristics in the format:</p> <pre>[+CLCC:<id1>,<dir>,<stat>,<mode>,<mpty>,<number>,<type>,<alpha>[<CR><LF>+CLCC:<id2>,<dir>,<stat>,<mode>,<mpty>,<number>,<type>,<alpha>[...]]]</pre> <p>where:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <idn> - call identification number <dir> - call direction <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 - mobile originated call 1 - mobile terminated call <stat> - state of the call <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 - active 1 - held 2 - dialling (MO call) 3 - alerting (MO call) 4 - incoming (MT call) 5 - waiting (MT call) <p>Note: 1(held), 3(alerting) and 5(waiting) are not supported for DE910</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <mode> - call type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 - voice 1 - data 9 - unknown <mpty> - multiparty call flag <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 - call is not one of multiparty (conference) call parties <number> - string type phone number in format specified by <type> <type> - type of phone number octet in integer format <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 129 - national numbering scheme 145 - international numbering scheme (contains the character "+") <alpha> - string type; alphanumeric representation of <number> corresponding to the entry found in phonebook; used character set should be the one selected with +CSCS.



+CLCC - List Current Calls	
AT+CLCC=?	Test command returns the OK result code
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007



3.5.4.4. Mobile Equipment Control

3.5.4.4.1. Phone Activity Status - +CPAS

+CPAS - Phone Activity Status	
AT+CPAS	<p>Execution command reports the device status in the form:</p> <p>+CPAS: <pas></p> <p>Where:</p> <p><pas> - phone activity status</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 - ready (device allows commands from TA/TE) 1 - unavailable (device does not allow commands from TA/TE) 2 - unknown (device is not guaranteed to respond to instructions) 3 - ringing (device is ready for commands from TA/TE, but the ringer is active) 4 - call in progress (device is ready for commands from TA/TE, but a call is in progress)
AT+CPAS=?	<p>Test command reports the supported range of values for <pas>.</p> <p>Note: although +CPAS is an execution command, 3gpp TS 27.007 requires the Test command to be defined.</p>
Example	<pre>ATD03282131321; OK AT+CPAS +CPAS: 4 <i>the called phone has answered to your call</i> OK ATH OK</pre>
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007



3.5.4.4.3. *Signal Quality - +CSQ*

+CSQ - Signal Quality	
AT+CSQ	<p>Execution command reports received signal quality indicators in the form:</p> <p>+CSQ: <rssI>,<fer> where <rssI> - received signal strength indication 0 - (-113) dBm or less 1 - (-111) dBm 2..30 - (-109)dBm..(-53)dBm / 2 dBm per step 31 - (-51)dBm or greater 99 - not known or not detectable <fer> - frame error rate (in percent) 0 - less than 0.01% 1 - 0.01% to 0.1% 2 - 0.1% to 0.5% 3 - 0.5% to 1.0% 4 - 1.0% to 2.0% 5 - 2.0% to 4.0% 6 - 4.0% to 8.0% 7 - more than 8.0% 99 - not known or not detectable</p>
AT+CSQ=?	Test command returns the supported range of values of the parameters <rssI> and <fer>.
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

3.5.4.4.4. *Select Phonebook Memory Storage - +CPBS*

+CPBS - Select Phonebook Memory Storage	
AT+CPBS= <storage>	<p>Set command selects phonebook memory storage <storage>, which will be used by other phonebook commands.</p> <p>Parameter: <storage> "ME" - EFS phonebook(Factory default) "SM" – RUIM phonebook(Factory default for RUIM)(RUIM only) "LD" - RUIM last dialing phonebook (RUIM only) "MC" - device missed (unanswered received) calls list (+CPBF is not applicable for this storage) "RC" - ME received calls list (+CPBF is not applicable for this storage) "DC" - MT dialled calls list (+CPBF is not applicable for this storage) "EN" - RUIM (or MT) emergency number (+CPBW is not be applicable for this storage) (RUIM only)</p>
AT+CPBS?	<p>Read command returns the actual values of the parameter <storage>, the number of occupied records <used> and the maximum index number <total>, in the format:</p> <p>+CPBS: <storage>,<used>,<total></p>



3.5.4.4.11. Ringer Sound Level - +CRSL

+CRSL - Ringer Sound Level	
AT+CRSL=<level>	Set command is used to select the incoming call ringer sound level of the device. Parameter: <level> - ringer sound level 0 - Off 1 - low 2 - middle 3 - high 4 - progressive
AT+CRSL?	Read command reports the current <level> setting of the call ringer in the format: +CRSL: <level>
AT+CRSL=?	Test command reports <level> supported values as compound value. +CRSL: (0-4)
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

3.5.4.4.12. Loudspeaker Volume Level - +CLVL

+CLVL - Loudspeaker Volume Level	
AT+CLVL=<level>	Set command is used to select the volume of the internal loudspeaker audio output of the device. Parameter: <level> - loudspeaker volume 0..max - the value of max can be read by issuing the Test command AT+CLVL=?
AT+CLVL?	Read command reports the current <level> setting of the loudspeaker volume in the format: +CLVL: <level>
AT+CLVL=?	Test command reports <level> supported values range in the format: +CLVL: (0-max)
Note	DE910 does not support Analog Audio. And +CLVL will be no effect. Instead of +CLVL, refer to #PCMRXG.
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007



3.5.5. Partially 3GPP TS 27.005 AT Commands for SMS and CBS

3.5.5.1. General Configuration

3.5.5.1.1. *Select Message Service - +CSMS*

+CSMS - Select Message Service	
AT+CSMS= <service>	<p>Set command selects messaging service <service>. It returns the types of messages supported by the ME:</p> <p>For compatibility with UC864, Parameter <service> is available only 2.</p> <p>Parameter: <service></p> <p>0 - The syntax of SMS AT commands is compatible with 3GPP TS 27.005 Phase 2 version 4.7.0 1 - The syntax of SMS AT commands is compatible with 3GPP TS 27.005 Phase 2+ version. 2 - The syntax of SMS AT commands is compatible partially with 3GPP TS 27.005 Phase 2 version 4.7.0. (reflected partially IS-637A, B in CDMA network) (factory default)</p> <p>Set command returns the types of messages supported by the ME:</p> <p>+CSMS: <mt>,<mo>,<bm></p> <p>where: <mt> - mobile terminated messages support 0 - type not supported 1 - type supported <mo> - mobile originated messages support 0 - type not supported 1 - type supported <bm> - broadcast type messages support 0 - type not supported 1 - type supported</p>
AT+CSMS?	<p>Read command reports current service setting along with supported message types in the format:</p> <p>+CSMS: <service>,<mt>,<mo>,<bm></p>
AT+CSMS=?	<p>Test command reports the supported value of the parameter <service>.</p>
Example	<p>AT+CSMS=? +CSMS: (2)</p> <p>OK AT+CSMS=2 +CSMS: 1,1,0</p>



+CSMS - Select Message Service	
	OK AT+CSMS? +CSMS: 2,1,1,0 OK

3.5.5.1.2. Preferred Message Storage - +CPMS

+CPMS - Preferred Message Storage	
AT+CPMS= <memr>[,<memw>]	Set command selects memory storages <memr>, <memw> to be used for reading, writing, sending and storing SMs. Parameters: <memr> - memory from which messages are read and deleted “ME” – SMS memory storage into module (default) “SM” – SIM SMS memory storage (In case supporting RUIIM) <memw> - memory to which writing and sending operations are made “ME” – SMS memory storage into module “SM” – SIM SMS memory storage (In case supporting RUIIM) The command returns the memory storage status in the format: +CPMS: <usedr>,<totalr>,<usedw>,<totalw> where: <usedr> - number of SMs stored into <memr> <totalr> - max number of SMs that <memr> can contain <usedw> - number of SMs stored into <memw> <totalw> max number of SMs that <memw> can contain
AT+CPMS?	Read command reports the message storage status in the format: +CPMS: <memr>,<usedr>,<totalr>,<memw>,<usedw>,<totalw> where <memr>, <memw> are the selected storage memories for reading, writing and storing respectively.
AT+CPMS=?	Test command reports the supported values for parameters <memr>, <memw>
Example	AT+CPMS=? +CPMS: ("ME"),("ME") OK at+cpms? +CPMS: "ME",5,99,"ME",5,99



+CNMI - New Message Indications To Terminal Equipment	
	<p><callback> - Callback number. <date> - Received date in form as "YYYYMMDDHHMMSS". <tooa> - Type of <orig_num>. <tele_id> - Teleservice ID. 4097 - page 4098 - SMS message 4099 - voice mail notification 262144 - voice mail notification <priority> - Priority. Note: The priority is different with every carrier. In case of Sprint and Aeris.Net: 0 - Normal (factory default) 1 - Interactive 2 - Urgent 3 - Emergency In case of Verizon: 0 - Normal (factory default) 1 - High <enc_type> - Encoding type of message. 0 - 8-bit Octet 2 - 7-bit ASCII 4 - 16-bit Unicode <length> - Length of message. <data> - Message data. (Indicates the new voice mail count, if <tele_id> is voice mail notification) Note : Regardless of <mt>, a message is saved in SMS memory storage.</p>
AT+CNMI?	<p>Read command returns the current parameter settings for +CNMI command in the form: +CNMI: <mt></p>
AT+CNMI=?	<p>Test command reports the supported range of values for the +CNMI command parameters.</p>
Example	<p>AT+CNMI=? +CNMI: (0-2)</p> <p>OK AT+CNMI=1 OK AT+CNMI? +CNMI: 1</p> <p>OK +CMTI: "ME",98 AT+CNMI=2 OK AT+CNMI? +CNMI: 2</p>



+CNMI - New Message Indications To Terminal Equipment

	<p>OK +CMT: "", "01191775982", 20071221163655,, 4098,, 16, 10 TEST SMS #SMSFULL</p>
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3.5.5.3.2. *List Messages - +CMGL*

+CMGL - List Messages

<p>AT+CMGL [=<stat>]</p>	<p>Execution command reports the list of all the messages with status value <stat> stored into <memr> message storage (<memr> is the message storage for read and delete SMS as last settings of command +CPMS).</p> <p>The parameter type and the command output depend on the last settings of command +CMGF (message format to be used)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">(PDU Mode)</p> <p>Parameter: <stat> 0 - new message 1 - read message 2 - stored message not yet sent 3 - stored message already sent 4 - all messages.</p> <p>Each message to be listed is represented in the format: +CMGL: <index>, <stat>, "", <length><CR><LF><pdu></p> <p>Case of received message from base station : <PDU>: <orig_num><date><tele_id><priority><enc_type><length><data></p> <p>Case of sending message to base station: <PDU>: <da><callback><tele_id><priority><enc_type><length><data></p> <p>where: <index> - message position in the memory storage list. <stat> - status of the message <length> - length of the PDU in bytes <pdu> - message in PDU format</p> <p style="text-align: center;">(Text Mode)</p> <p>Parameter: <stat> "REC UNREAD" - new message "REC READ" - read message "STO UNSENT" - stored message not yet sent</p>
--	--



+CMGL - List Messages

"STO SENT" - stored message already sent
"ALL" - all messages.

Each message to be listed is represented in the format (the information written in italics will be present depending on +CSDH last setting):

If there is at least a **Received** message to be listed the representation format is:

+CMGL:

<index>,*<stat>*,*<orig_num>*,*<callback>*,*<date>*[,*<tooa>*,*<tele_id>*,*<priority>*],*<enc_type>*,*<length>*<CR><LF> *<data>*

If there is at least a **Sent** or an **Unsent** message to be listed the representation format is:

+CMGL:

<index>,*<stat>*,*<da>*,*<callback>*[,*<toda>*,*<tele_id>*,*<priority>*],*<enc_type>*,*<length>*<CR><LF><data>

Where

<orig_num> - Origination number.

<callback> - Callback number.

<date> - Received date in form as "YYYYMMDDHHMMSS".

<tooa> - Type of *<orig_num>*.

<toda> - Type of *<da>*.

<tele_id> - Teleservice ID.

4097 - page

4098 - SMS message

4099 - voice mail notification

262144 - voice mail notification

<priority> - Priority.

Note: The priority is different with every carrier.

In case of Sprint and Aeris.Net:

0 - Normal (factory default)

1 - Interactive

2 - Urgent

3 - Emergency

In case of Verizon:

0 - Normal (factory default)

1 - High

<enc_type> - Encoding type of message.

0 - 8-bit Octet

2 - 7-bit ASCII

4 - 16-bit Unicode

<length> - Length of message.

<data> - Message data. (Indicates the new voice mail count, if *<tele_id>* is voice mail notification)



3.5.5.3.3. Read Message - +CMGR

+CMGR - Read Message	
<p>AT+CMGR= <index></p>	<p>Execution command reports the message with location value <index> from <memr> message storage (<memr> is the message storage for read and delete SMS as last settings of command +CPMS).</p> <p>Parameter: <index> - message index.</p> <p>The output depends on the last settings of command +CMGF (message format to be used)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">(PDU Mode)</p> <p>If there is at least one message to be listed the representation format is: +CMGR:<stat>,"",<length><CR><LF><PDU></p> <p>Case of received message from base station : <PDU>: <orig_num>,<date><tele_id><priority><enc_type><length><data></p> <p>Case of sending message to base station: <PDU>: <da><callback><tele_id><priority><enc_type><length><data></p> <p>where <stat> - status of the message 0 - new message 1 - read message 2 - stored message not yet sent 3 - stored message already sent <length> - length of the PDU in bytes. <pdu> - message in PDU format</p> <p style="text-align: center;">(Text Mode)</p> <p>Output format for received messages (the information written in <i>italics> will be present depending on +CSDH last setting): Output format for message delivery confirm:</i></p> <p>+CMGR: <stat>,<orig_num>,<callback>,<date> ,<tooa>,<tele_id>,<priority>,<enc_type> ,<length> <CR><LF><data></p> <p>If there is either a Sent or an Unsent message in location <index> the output format is: +CMGR: <stat>,<da>,<callback> ,<toda>,<tele_id>,<priority>,<enc_type>,<length> <C</p>



+CMGR - Read Message	
	<p>R<<LF><data></p> <p>where:</p> <p><stat> - status of the message "REC UNREAD" - new received message unread "REC READ" - received message read "STO UNSENT" - message stored not yet sent "STO SENT" - message stored already sent</p> <p><orig_num> - Origination number. <callback> - Callback number. <date> - Received date in form as "YYYYMMDDHHMMSS". <tooa> - Type of <orig_num>. <toda> - Type of <da>. <tele_id> - Teleservice ID. 4097 - page 4098 - SMS message 4099 - voice mail notification 262144 - voice mail notification</p> <p><priority> - Priority. Note: The priority is different with every carrier. In case of Sprint and Aeris.Net: 0 - Normal (factory default) 1 - Interactive 2 - Urgent 3 - Emergency In case of Verizon: 0 - Normal (factory default) 1 - High</p> <p><enc_type> - Encoding type of message. 0 - 8-bit Octet 2 - 7-bit ASCII 4 - 16-bit Unicode</p> <p><length> - Length of message. <data> - Message data. (Indicates the new voice mail count, if <tele_id> is voice mail notification)</p>
AT+CMGR=?	Test command returns the OK result code
Example	<p><PDU Mode></p> <p>Case of received message from base station:</p> <pre>AT+CMGR=29 +CMGR: 1,"",52 07802811495346350808040947271002020221C3870E1C3870E1C3870E1C3870E 1C3870E1C3870E1C3870E1C3870E1C3870E1C3870E1C20 OK</pre>



3.5.5.4.2. *Send Message From Storage - +CMSS*

+CMSS - Send Message From Storage	
AT+CMSS= <index>[,<da> [,<tda>]]	<p>Execution command sends to the network a message which is already stored in the <memw> storage (see +CPMS) at the location <index>.</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><index> - location value in the message storage <memw> of the message to send</p> <p><da> - destination address, string type represented in the currently selected character set (see +CSCS); if it is given it shall be used instead of the one stored with the message.</p> <p><tda> - type of destination address</p> <p>129 - number in national format</p> <p>145 - number in international format (contains the "+")</p> <p>If message is successfully sent to the network then the result is sent in the format:</p> <p>+CMSS: <mr></p> <p>where:</p> <p><mr> - message reference number.</p> <p>If message sending fails for some reason, an error code is reported:</p> <p>+CMS ERROR:<err></p> <p>Note: to store a message in the <memw> storage see command +CMGW.</p>
AT+CMSS=?	Test command returns the OK result code.
Note	To avoid malfunctions is suggested to wait for the +CMSS: <mr> or +CMS ERROR: <err> response before issuing further commands.
Example	<pre>AT+CMGF=1 OK AT+CMGW="0165872928" > test message... +CMGW: 5 OK AT+CMSS=5 +CMSS: 136 OK</pre>

3.5.5.4.3. *Write Message To Memory - +CMGW*

+CMGW - Write Message To Memory	
<i>(PDU Mode)</i>	(PDU Mode)



3.5.6.1.9. *Wake From Alarm Mode - #WAKE*

#WAKE - Wake From Alarm Mode	
AT#WAKE= [<opmode>]	<p>Execution command stops any eventually present alarm activity and, if the module is in alarm mode, it exits the alarm mode and enters the normal operating mode.</p> <p>Parameter: <opmode> - operating mode 0 - normal operating mode; the module exits the alarm mode, enters the normal operating mode, any alarm activity is stopped (e.g. alarm tone playing) and an OK result code is returned.</p> <p>Note: The "alarm mode" is indicated by hardware pin CTS to the ON status and DSR to the OFF status, while the "power saving" status is indicated by a CTS - OFF, DSR - OFF and USB_VBUS - OFF status. The normal operating status is indicated by DSR - ON or USB_VBUS - ON status.</p> <p>Note: during the alarm mode the device will not make any network scan and will not register to any network and therefore is not able to dial or receive any call or SM, the only commands that can be issued to the MODULE in this state are the #WAKE and #SHDN, every other command must not be issued during this state.</p>
AT#WAKE?	<p>Read command returns the operating status of the device in the format:</p> <p>#WAKE: <status></p> <p>where: <status> 0 - normal operating mode 1 - alarm mode or normal operating mode with some alarm activity.</p>
AT# WAKE=?	Test command returns OK result code.

3.5.6.1.10. *Query Temperature Overflow - #QTEMP*

#QTEMP - Query Temperature Overflow	
AT#QTEMP= [<mode>]	<p>Set command has currently no effect. The interpretation of parameter <mode> is currently not implemented: any value assigned to it will simply have no effect.</p> <p>Response format</p>
AT#QTEMP?	<p>Read command queries the device internal temperature sensor for over temperature and reports the result in the format:</p> <p>#QTEMP: <temp></p> <p>where: <temp> - over temperature indicator</p>



3.5.6.1.11. Temperature Monitor - #TEMPMON

#TEMPMON - Temperature Monitor	
<p>AT#TEMPMON= <mod> [,<urcmode> [,<action> [,<hyst_time> [,<GPIO>]]]]</p>	<p>Set command sets the behavior of the module internal temperature monitor.</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><mod> 0 - sets the command parameters. 1 - triggers the measurement of the module internal temperature, reporting the result in the format:</p> <p>#TEMPMEAS: <level>,<value></p> <p>where: <level> - threshold level -2 - extreme temperature lower bound (see Note) -1 - operating temperature lower bound (see Note) 0 - normal temperature 1 - operating temperature upper bound (see Note) 2 - extreme temperature upper bound (see Note)</p> <p><value> actual temperature expressed in Celsius degrees</p> <p>Setting of the following optional parameters has meaning only if <mod>=0:</p> <p><urcmode> - URC presentation mode. 0 - it disables the presentation of the temperature monitor URC 1 - it enables the presentation of the temperature monitor URC, whenever the module internal temperature reaches either operating or extreme levels; the unsolicited message is in the format:</p> <p>#TEMPMEAS: <level>,<value></p> <p>where: <level> and <value> are as before</p> <p><action> - sum of integers, each representing the action to be done whenever the module internal temperature reaches either operating or extreme</p>



	<p>levels (default is 0). If <action> is not zero, it is mandatory to set the <hyst_time> parameter too.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 - no action (00) 1 - automatic shut-down when the temperature is beyond the extreme bounds (01) 2 - RF TX circuits automatically disabled (using +CFUN=2) when operating temperature bounds are reached. When the temperature is back to normal the module is brought back to the previous state, before RF TX disabled. (10) 4 - the output pin <GPIO> is tied HIGH when operating temperature bounds are reached; when the temperature is back to normal the output pin <GPIO> is tied LOW. If this <action> is required, it is mandatory to set the <GPIO> parameter too. (100) <p>Note: Possible values for the parameter <action> are form 0 to 7 (000, 001, 010, 011, 100, 101, 110 and 111)</p> <p><hyst_time> - hysteresis time: all the actions happen only if the extreme or operating bounds are maintained at least for this period. This parameter is needed and required if <action> is not zero. 0..255 - time in seconds</p> <p>Note: <action> can assume values from 1-7</p> <p><GPIO> - GPIO number. Valid range is “any output pin” (see “Hardware User’s Guide”). This parameter is needed and required only if <action>=4 is enabled.</p> <p>Note: if the <GPIO> is specified <action> shall assume values from 4-7.</p> <p>Note: last <urcmode> settings are saved as extended profile parameters.</p> <p>Note: last <action>, <hyst_time> and <GPIO> settings are global parameter s saved in NVM.</p>										
<p>AT#TEMPMON?</p>	<p>Read command reports the current parameter settings for #TEMPMON command in the format:</p> <p>#TEMPMON: <urcmode>,<action>[,<hyst_time>[,<GPIO>]]</p>										
<p>AT#TEMPMON=?</p>	<p>Test command reports the supported range of values for parameters <mod>, <urcmode>, <action>, <hyst_time> and <GPIO></p>										
<p>Note</p>	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">CDMA Limits</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Extreme Temperature Lower Bound^(*)</td> <td>-40°C</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Operating Temperature Lower Bound^(*)</td> <td>-20°C</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Operating Temperature</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Operating Temperature Upper Bound^(*)</td> <td>+60°C</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	CDMA Limits		Extreme Temperature Lower Bound ^(*)	-40°C	Operating Temperature Lower Bound ^(*)	-20°C	Operating Temperature		Operating Temperature Upper Bound ^(*)	+60°C
CDMA Limits											
Extreme Temperature Lower Bound ^(*)	-40°C										
Operating Temperature Lower Bound ^(*)	-20°C										
Operating Temperature											
Operating Temperature Upper Bound ^(*)	+60°C										



Extreme Temperature Upper Bound^(*)	+85°C
<p>(*) Due to temperature measurement uncertainty there is a tolerance of +/-2°C</p> <p>The automatic power off is deferred in case of an Emergency Call</p>	

3.5.6.1.12. General Purpose Input/output Pin Control - #GPIO

#GPIO - General Purpose Input/output Pin Control	
<p>AT#GPIO=[<pin>, <mode>[,<dir>]]</p>	<p>Execution command sets the value of the general purpose output pin GPIO<pin> according to <dir> and <mode> parameter. Not all configuration for the three parameters are valid.</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><pin> - GPIO pin number; supported range is from 1 to a value that depends on the hardware.</p> <p><mode> - its meaning depends on <dir> setting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 - no meaning if <dir>=0 - INPUT <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - output pin cleared to 0 (Low) if <dir>=1 - OUTPUT - no meaning if <dir>=2 - ALTERNATE FUNCTION 1 - no meaning if <dir>=0 - INPUT <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - output pin set to 1 (High) if <dir>=1 - OUTPUT - no meaning if <dir>=2 - ALTERNATE FUNCTION 2 - Reports the read value from the input pin if <dir>=0 - INPUT <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Reports the read value from the input pin if <dir>=1 - OUTPUT - Reports a no meaning value if <dir>=2 - ALTERNATE FUNCTION <p><dir> - GPIO pin direction</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 - pin direction is INPUT 1 - pin direction is OUTPUT 2 - pin direction is ALTERNATE FUNCTION (see Note). <p>Note: when <mode>=2 (and <dir> is omitted) the command reports the direction and value of pin GPIO<pin> in the format:</p> <p>#GPIO: <dir>,<stat></p> <p>where:</p> <p><dir> - current direction setting for the GPIO<pin></p> <p><stat></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • logic value read from pin GPIO<pin> in the case the pin <dir> is set to input; • logic value present in output of the pin GPIO<pin> in the case the pin <dir> is currently set to output; • no meaning value for the pin GPIO<pin> in the case the pin <dir> is set to alternate function. <p>Note: "ALTERNATE FUNCTION" value is valid only for following pins:</p>



#GPIO - General Purpose Input/output Pin Control	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GPIO4 - alternate function is "RF Transmission Control" • GPIO5 - alternate function is "RF Transmission Monitor" • GPIO6 - alternate function is "Alarm Output" (see +CALA) <p>Note: while using the pins in the alternate function, the GPIO read/write access to that pin is not accessible and shall be avoided.</p>
AT#GPIO?	<p>Read command reports the read direction and value of all GPIO pins, in the format:</p> <p>#GPIO: <dir>,<stat>[<CR><LF>#GPIO: <dir>,<stat>[...]]</p> <p>where: <dir> - as seen before <stat> - as seen before</p>
AT#GPIO=?	<p>Test command reports the supported range of values of the command parameters <pin>, <mode> and <dir>.</p>
Example	<pre>AT#GPIO=3,0,1 OK AT#GPIO=3,2 #GPIO: 1,0 OK AT#GPIO=4,1,1 OK AT#GPIO=5,0,0 OK AT#GPIO=6,2 #GPIO: 0,1 OK</pre>



3.5.6.1.13. *STAT_LED GPIO Setting - #SLED*

#SLED - STAT_LED GPIO Setting	
AT#SLED=<mode> [,<on_duration> [,<off_duration>]]	<p>Set command sets the behaviour of the STAT_LED GPIO</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><mode> - defines how the STAT_LED GPIO is handled</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 - GPIO tied Low 1 - GPIO tied High 2 - GPIO handled by Module Software (factory default) 3 - GPIO is turned on and off alternatively, with period defined by the sum <on_duration> + <off_duration> <p><on_duration> - duration of period in which STAT_LED GPIO is tied High while <mode>=3</p> <p>1..100 - in tenth of seconds (default is 10)</p> <p><off_duration> - duration of period in which STAT_LED GPIO is tied Low while <mode>=3</p> <p>1..100 - in tenth of seconds (default is 10)</p> <p>Note: values are saved in NVM by command #SLEDSAV</p> <p>Note: at module boot the STAT_LED GPIO is always tied High and holds this value until the first NVM reading.</p> <p>Note: Set AT#GPIO=1,0,2 to enable LED on the EVK.</p>
AT#SLED?	<p>Read command returns the STAT_LED GPIO current setting, in the format:</p> <p>#SLED: <mode>,<on_duration>,<off_duration></p>
AT#SLED=?	<p>Test command returns the range of available values for parameters <mode>, <on_duration> and <off_duration>.</p>
Example	<pre>AT#SLED=? #SLED: (0-3),(1-100),(1-100) OK AT#SLED? #SLED: 2,10,10 OK AT#SLED=0 OK AT#SLED=0 OK AT#SLED=1 OK AT#SLED=2 OK AT#SLED=3,50,50 OK</pre>



#SLED - STAT_LED GPIO Setting	
	AT#SLED? #SLED: 3,50,50
	OK AT#SLED=3,5,5 OK
	AT#SLED? #SLED: 3,5,5
	OK

3.5.6.1.14. Save STAT_LED GPIO Setting - #SLEDSAV

#SLEDSAV - Save STAT_LED GPIO Setting	
AT#SLEDSAV	Execution command saves STAT_LED setting in NVM.
AT#SLED=?	Test command returns OK result code.



3.5.6.1.15. SMS Ring Indicator - #E2SMSRI

#E2SMSRI - SMS Ring Indicator	
AT#E2SMSRI=[<n>]	<p>Set command enables/disables the Ring Indicator pin response to an incoming SMS message. If enabled, a negative going pulse is generated on receipt of an incoming SMS message. The duration of this pulse is determined by the value of <n>.</p> <p>Parameter: <n> - RI enabling 0 - disables RI pin response for incoming SMS messages (factory default) 50..1150 - enables RI pin response for incoming SMS messages. The value of <n> is the duration in ms of the pulse generated on receipt of an incoming SM.</p>
AT#E2SMSRI?	<p>Read command reports the duration in ms of the pulse generated on receipt of an incoming SM, in the format:</p> <p>#E2SMSRI: <n></p> <p>Note: as seen before, the value <n>=0 means that the RI pin response to an incoming SM is disabled.</p>
AT#E2SMSRI=?	<p>Reports the range of supported values for parameter <n></p>
Example	<pre>AT#E2SMSRI=? #E2SMSRI: (0,50-1150) OK AT#E2SMSRI? #E2SMSRI: 0 OK AT#E2SMSRI=50 OK AT#E2SMSRI? #E2SMSRI: 50 OK</pre>



3.5.6.1.18. Auxiliary Voltage Output Control - #VAUX

#VAUX- Auxiliary Voltage Output Control	
AT#VAUX= [<n>,<stat>]	<p>Set command enables/disables the Auxiliary Voltage pins output.</p> <p>Parameters: <n> - VAUX pin index 1 - there is currently just one VAUX pin <stat> 0 - output off 1 - output on 2 - query current value of VAUX pin</p> <p>Note: when <stat>=2 and command is successful, it returns:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">#VAUX: <value></p> <p>where: <value> - power output status 0 - output off 1 - output on</p> <p>Note: the current setting is stored through #VAUXSAV</p>
AT#VAUX?	<p>Read command reports whether the Auxiliary Voltage pin output is currently enabled or not, in the format:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">#VAUX: <value></p>
AT#VAUX=?	<p>Test command reports the supported range of values for parameters <n>, <stat>.</p>

3.5.6.1.19. Auxiliary Voltage Output Save - #VAUXSAV

#VAUXSAV - Auxiliary Voltage Output Save	
AT#VAUXSAV	<p>Execution command saves the actual state of #VAUX pin to NVM. The state will be reload at power-up.</p>
AT#VAUXSAV=?	<p>Test command returns the OK result code.</p>



3.5.6.1.21. V24 Output Pins Control - #V24

#V24 - V24 Output Pins Control	
AT#V24=<pin>[,<state>]	<p>Set command sets the AT commands serial port (UART) interface output pins state.</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><pin> - AT commands serial port interface hardware pin: 0 - DCD (Data Carrier Detect) 1 - CTS (Clear To Send) 2 - RI (Ring Indicator) 3 - DSR (Data Set Ready) 4 - DTR (Data Terminal Ready). This is not an output pin: we maintain this value only for backward compatibility, but trying to set its state raises the result code "ERROR" 5 - RTS (Request To Send). This is not an output pin: we maintain this value only for backward compatibility, but trying to set its state raises the result code "ERROR"</p> <p><state> - State of AT commands serial port interface output hardware pins (0, 1, 2, 3) when pin is in GPIO mode (see #V24CFG): 0 - Low 1 - High</p> <p>Note: if <state> is omitted the command returns state of the pin.</p>
AT#V24?	<p>Read command returns actual state for all the pins in the format:</p> <p>#V24: <pin1>,<state1>[<CR><LF> #V24: <pin2>,<state2>[...]</p> <p>where <pinn> - AT command serial port interface HW pin <stata> - AT commands serial port interface hardware pin state</p>
AT#V24=?	<p>Test command reports supported range of values for parameters <pin> and <state>.</p>



#ACALEXT - Extended Automatic Call	
AT#ACALEXT?	Read command reports either whether the automatic call function is currently enabled or not, and the last <index> setting in the format: #ACALEXT: <mode>,<index>
AT#ACALEXT=?	Test command returns the range of available values for parameter <mode> and <index>
Note	Issuing #ACALEXT causes the #ACAL <mode> to be changed. Issuing AT#ACAL=1 causes the #ACALEXT <index> to be set to default. It is recommended to NOT use contemporaneously either #ACALEXT and #ACAL
Note	See &Z to write and &N to read the number on module internal phonebook.

3.5.6.1.26. Extended Call Monitoring - #ECAM

#ECAM - Extended Call Monitoring	
AT#ECAM= [<onoff>]	<p>This command enables/disables the call monitoring function in the ME.</p> <p>Parameter: <onoff></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 - disables call monitoring function (factory default) 1 - enables call monitoring function; the ME informs about call events, such as incoming call, connected, hang up etc. using the following unsolicited indication: <p>#ECAM: <ccid>,<ccstatus>,<calltype>,,,[<number>,<type>]</p> <p>where</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <ccid> - call ID <ccstatus> - call status <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 - idle 1 - calling (MO) 2 - connecting (MO) 3 - active 4 - hold 5 - waiting (MT) 6 - alerting (MT) 7 - busy 8 - retrieved 9 - CNAP (Calling Name Presentation) information (MT) <p>Note: 2 - connecting (MO), 4 - hold, 5 - waiting (MT), 7 - busy and 8 - retrieved are not supported for CE910.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <calltype> - call type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 - voice 2 - circuit switched data <number> - called number (valid only for <ccstatus>=1)



#ECAM - Extended Call Monitoring	
	<p><type> - type of <number> 129 - national number 145 - international number</p> <p>Note: the unsolicited indication is sent along with usual codes (OK, NO CARRIER, BUSY...).</p>
AT#ECAM?	<p>Read command reports whether the extended call monitoring function is currently enabled or not, in the format:</p> <p>#ECAM: <onoff></p>
AT#ECAM=?	<p>Test command returns the list of supported values for <onoff></p>

3.5.6.1.27. SMS Overflow - #SMOV

#SMOV - SMS Overflow	
AT#SMOV= [<mode>]	<p>Set command enables/disables the SMS overflow signalling function.</p> <p>Parameter: <mode> 0 - disables SMS overflow signaling function (factory default) 1 - enables SMS overflow signalling function; when the maximum storage capacity has reached, the following network initiated notification is send:</p> <p>#SMOV: <memo> < memo > "ME" – SMS memory storage into module</p>
AT#SMOV?	<p>Read command reports whether the SMS overflow signalling function is currently enabled or not, in the format:</p> <p>#SMOV: <mode></p>
AT#SMOV=?	<p>Test command returns the supported range of values of parameter <mode>.</p>
Example	<pre>AT+CPMS? +CPMS: "ME",99,99,"ME",99,99 OK AT+CMGD=1 OK AT#SMOV=1 OK AT+CMGF=1 OK AT+CMGW="1111111111" > aaaaaaaaa +CMGW: 1 OK</pre>



3.5.6.1.28. Audio Codec - #CODEC

#CODEC - Audio Codec	
AT#CODEC= [<codec>]	Set command sets the audio codec mode. Parameter: <codec> 0 - EVRC (factory default for Sprint) 1 - QCELP (factory default for otherwise)
AT#CODEC?	Read command returns current audio codec mode in the format: #CODEC: <codec>
AT#CODEC=?	Test command returns the range of available values for parameter <codec>
Example	AT#CODEC=? #CODEC: (0,1) OK AT#CODEC? #CODEC: 1 OK AT#CODEC=0 OK

3.5.6.1.29. Network Timezone - #NITZ

#NITZ - Network Timezone	
AT#NITZ= [<val> [,<mode>]]	Set command enables/disables (a) automatic date/time updating, (b) Full Network Name applying and (c) #NITZ URC; moreover it permits to change the #NITZ URC format. Date and time information can be sent by the network after receiving the SYNC message. Parameters: <val> 0 - disables (a) automatic data/time updating, (b) Full Network Name applying and (c) #NITZ URC; moreover it sets the #NITZ URC 'basic' format (see <datetime> below) 1..15 - as a sum of: 1 - enables automatic date/time updating 2 - enables Full Network Name applying (Not Supported) 4 - it sets the #NITZ URC 'extended' format (see <datetime> below) 8 - it sets the #NITZ URC 'extended' format with Daylight Saving Time (DST) support (see <datetime> below)



#NITZ - Network Timezone	
	<p>(default: 7)</p> <p><mode></p> <p>0 - disables #NITZ URC (factory default)</p> <p>1 - enables #NITZ URC; after date and time updating the following unsolicited indication is sent:</p> <p>#NITZ: <datetime></p> <p>where:</p> <p><datetime> - string whose format depends on subparameter <val></p> <p>“yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss” - ‘basic’ format, if <val> is in (0..3)</p> <p>“yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss±zz” - ‘extended’ format, if <val> is in (4..7)</p> <p>“yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss±zz,d” - ‘extended’ format with DST support, if <val> is in (8..15)</p> <p>where:</p> <p>yy - year</p> <p>MM - month (in digits)</p> <p>dd - day</p> <p>hh - hour</p> <p>mm - minute</p> <p>ss - second</p> <p>zz - time zone (indicates the difference, expressed in quarter of an hour, between the local time and GMT; two last digits are mandatory, range is -47..+48)</p> <p>d – On/Off indicator for Daylight Saving Time; range is 0-1.</p> <p>Note: If the DST information isn’t sent by the network, then the <datetime> parameter has the format “yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss±zz”</p>
AT#NITZ?	<p>Read command reports whether (a) automatic date/time updating, (b) Full Network Name applying, (c) #NITZ URC (as well as its format) are currently enabled or not, in the format:</p> <p>#NITZ: <val>,<mode></p>
AT#NITZ=?	<p>Test command returns supported values of parameters <val> and <mode>.</p>

3.5.6.1.30. Skip Escape Sequence - #SKIPESC

#SKIPESC - Skip Escape Sequence	
AT#SKIPESC= [<mode>]	<p>Set command enables/disables skipping the escape sequence +++ while transmitting during a data connection.</p> <p>Parameter:</p> <p><mode></p> <p>0 - doesn’t skip the escape sequence; its transmission is enabled (factory default).</p> <p>1 - skips the escape sequence; its transmission is not enabled.</p>



#CFLO – Command Mode Flow Control	
<mode>	<p>current flow control is applied to both command mode and data mode.</p> <p>Parameter: <mode> 0 – Disable flow control set in command mode (factory default) 1- Enable flow control set in command mode</p> <p>Note: This behaviour is valid only for Main UART port.</p>
AT#CFLO?	Read command reports current setting value , in the format: #CFLO: <mode>
AT#CFLO=?	Test command reports the range of supported values for parameter <mode>

3.5.6.1.36. Cell Monitor - #MONI

#MONI - Cell Monitor	
AT#MONI=[<number>]	<p>Set command to select one of three pilot set, Active/Candidate/Neighbor set, from which extract CDMA-related information.</p> <p>Parameter: <number></p> <p><CDMA network> 0 – it is the active set (factory default) 1 – it is the candidate set 2 – it is the neighbor set 3..7 – it is not available</p> <p>Note: Candidate set (number = 1) display in traffic state only. That is CDMA specifications (refer to 2.6.6.1.2 Pilot Sets of C.S0005). If mobile stay in Idle state, pilot set and strength are displayed to 0.</p> <p>a) When number is set to 0 (active set), extracting information format is:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">#MONI: A_PN:<PNn>,A_PN_STR:<PNn_str></p> <p>b) When number is set to 1 (candidate set), extracting information format is:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">#MONI: C_PN:<PNn>,C_PN_STR:<PNn_str></p> <p>c) When number is set to 2 (neighbor set), extracting information format is:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">#MONI: N_PN:<PNn>,N_PN_STR:<PNn_str></p> <p>where:</p>



#I2CWR – Write to I2C	
	<p>If data sending fails for some reason, an error code is reported. Example if CheckAck is set and no Ack signal was received on the I2C bus</p> <p>E.g. AT#I2CWR=2,3,20,10,14 > 00112233445566778899AABBCCDD<ctrl-z> OK</p> <p>Set GPIO2 as SDA, GPIO3 as SCL; Device I2C address is 0x20; 0x10 is the address of the first register where to write I2C data; 14 data bytes will be written since register 0x10</p> <p>NOTE: At the end of the execution GPIO will be restored to the original setting (check AT#GPIO Command)</p> <p>NOTE: device address, register address where to read from\ write to, and data bytes have to be written in hexadecimal form without 0x.</p>
AT#I2CWR=?	Test command returns the range of each parameter.

3.5.6.1.38. I2C data from GPIO - #I2CRD

#I2CRD – Read from I2C	
AT#I2CRD= <sdaPin>, <sclPin>, <deviceId>, <registerId>, <len>	<p>This command is used to Read Data from an I2C peripheral connected to module GPIOs</p> <p><sdaPin>: GPIO number for SDA . Valid range is “any input/output pin” (see “Hardware User’s Guide”).</p> <p><sclPin>: GPIO number to be used for SCL. Valid range is “any output pin” (see “Hardware User’s Guide”).</p> <p><deviceId>: address of the I2C device, without the LSB used for read\write command, 10 bit addressing supported. Value has to be written in hexadecimal form (without 0x).</p> <p><registerId>: Register to read data from , range 0..255. Value has to be written in hexadecimal form (without 0x).</p> <p><len>: number of data to receive. Valid range is 1-254.</p> <p>Data Read from I2C will be dumped in Hex:</p> <p>E.g. AT#I2CRD=2,3,20,10,14 #I2CRD: 00112233445566778899AABBCCDD</p>



#I2CRD – Read from I2C	
	<p>OK</p> <p>NOTE: If data requested are more than data available in the device, dummy data (normally 0x00 or 0xff) will be dumped.</p> <p>NOTE: At the end of the execution GPIO will be restored to the original setting (check AT#GPIO Command)</p> <p>NOTE: device address, register address where to read from\ write to, and date bytes have to be written in hexadecimal form without 0x.</p>
AT#I2CRD=?	Test command returns the range of each parameter.

3.5.6.1.39. Control GPIOs based on Signal Strength - #CSQLED

#CSQLED-LED control by Signal strength													
<p>AT#CSQLED= <enable>[,<led1Pin>, <led2Pin>,<led3Pin>]</p>	<p>Set command control LEDs based on Signal strength.</p> <p>Parameter: <enable> Control LEDs based on signal strength : 0 : disable (default) 1 : enable</p> <p><led1Pin>: GPIO number for led1. Valid range is “any output pin” (see “Hardware User’s Guide”). Default value of led1Pin is 2.</p> <p><led2Pin>: GPIO number for led2. Valid range is “any output pin” (see “Hardware User’s Guide”). Default value of led1Pin is 3.</p> <p><led3Pin>: GPIO number for led3. Valid range is “any output pin” (see “Hardware User’s Guide”). Default value of led1Pin is 4.</p> <p>Note: This value stored in NVM region. Note: LED table base on Signal strength.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>AT+CSQ response = +CSQ: xx, 99 where xx value is below</th> <th>LED 1 bar : high = on, low = off</th> <th>LED 2 bars : high = on, low = off</th> <th>LED 3 bars : high = on, low = off</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>low</td> <td>low</td> <td>low</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>low</td> <td>low</td> <td>low</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	AT+CSQ response = +CSQ: xx, 99 where xx value is below	LED 1 bar : high = on, low = off	LED 2 bars : high = on, low = off	LED 3 bars : high = on, low = off	0	low	low	low	1	low	low	low
AT+CSQ response = +CSQ: xx, 99 where xx value is below	LED 1 bar : high = on, low = off	LED 2 bars : high = on, low = off	LED 3 bars : high = on, low = off										
0	low	low	low										
1	low	low	low										



#CSQLED-LED control by Signal strength				
	2	low	low	low
	3	low	low	low
	4	low	low	low
	5	low	low	low
	6	low	low	low
	7	high	low	low
	8	high	low	low
	9	high	low	low
	10	high	low	low
	11	high	low	low
	12	high	low	low
	13	high	low	low
	14	high	low	low
	15	high	high	low
	16	high	high	low
	17	high	high	low
	18	high	high	low
	19	high	high	low
	20	high	high	low
	21	high	high	low
	22	high	high	low
	23	high	high	low
	24	high	high	high
	25	high	high	high
	26	high	high	high
	27	high	high	high
	28	high	high	high
	29	high	high	high
	30	high	high	high
	31	high	high	high
AT#CSQLED?	Read command reports the current setting values in the format: #CSQLED: <enable>,<led1Pin>,<led2Pin>,<led3Pin>			
AT#CSQLED=?	Test command returns OK.			



3.5.6.2. Audio AT Commands

3.5.6.2.1. *Change Audio Path - #CAP*

#CAP - Change Audio Path	
AT#CAP=<n>	<p>Set command switches the active audio path depending on parameter <n></p> <p>Parameter: <n> - audio path</p> <p>0 - audio path follows the AXE input (factory default):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • if AXE is low, handsfree is enabled; • if AXE is high, internal path is enabled <p>1 - enables handsfree external mic/ear audio path 2 - enables internal mic/ear audio path</p> <p>Note: The audio path are mutually exclusive, enabling one disables the other.</p>
AT#CAP?	<p>Read command reports the active audio path in the format:</p> <p>#CAP: <n>.</p>
AT#CAP=?	<p>Test command reports the supported values for the parameter <n>.</p>

3.5.6.2.2. *Open Audio Loop - #OAP*

#OAP – Open Audio Loop	
AT#OAP= <mode>	<p>Set command sets Open Audio Path.</p> <p>Parameter: 0 - disables Open Audio Path (factory default) 1 - enables Open Audio Path</p> <p><i>Note: This parameter is not saved in NVM</i></p>
AT#OAP?	<p>Read command returns the current Open Audio Path, in the format:</p> <p>#OAP: <mode></p>
AT#OAP =?	<p>Test command returns the supported range of values of parameter <mode>.</p>

3.5.6.2.3. *Select Ringer Sound - #SRS*

#SRS - Select Ringer Sound	
AT#SRS= [<n>,<tout>]	<p>Set command sets the ringer sound.</p> <p>Parameters: <n> - ringing tone 0 - current ringing tone 1..max - ringing tone number, where max can be read by issuing the Test</p>



#SRP - Select Ringer Path	
	#SRP: <n> .
AT#SRP=?	Test command reports the supported values for the parameter <n>.
Example	AT#SRP=? #SRP: (0-3) OK AT#SRP=3 OK

3.5.6.2.5. Signaling Tones Mode - #STM

#STM - Signaling Tones Mode	
AT#STM= <mode>	Set command enables/disables the signalling tones output on the audio path selected with #SRP command Parameter: <mode> - signalling tones status 0 - signalling tones disabled 1 - signalling tones enabled (factory default) 2 - all tones disabled Note: AT#STM=0 has the same effect as AT+CALM=2 ; AT#STM=1 has the same effect as AT+CALM=0 .
AT#STM?	Read command reports whether the current signaling tones status is enabled or not, in the format: #STM: <mode>
AT#STM=?	Test command reports supported range of values for parameter <mode>.

3.5.6.2.6. Tone Playback - #TONE

#TONE - Tone Playback	
AT#TONE=<tone> [,<duration>]	Execution command allows the playback of either a single DTMF tone or a dial tone for a specified period of time. Parameters: <tone> - tone to be reproduced (0-9), #, *, (A-D) - dtmf tone (G-L) - user defined tones Y - free tone Z - busy tone <duration> - playback duration in 1/10 sec. 1..300 - tenth of seconds (default is 30)
AT#TONE=?	Test command returns the supported range of values for parameters <tone> and <duration>.



3.5.6.2.7. Tone Classes Volume - #TSVOL

#TSVOL – Tone Classes Volume	
AT#TSVOL= <class>, <mode> [,<volume>]	<p>Set command is used to select the volume mode for one or more tone classes.</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><class> -sum of integers each representing a class of tones which the command refers to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 - CDMA tones 2 - ringer tones 4 - reserved 8 - reserved 16 - DTMF tones 64 - user defined tones 128 - reserved 255 - all classes <p><mode> - it indicates which volume we're using for the classes of tones represented by <class></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 - we're using default volume 1 - we're using the volume <volume>. <p><volume> - volume to be applied to the set of classes of tones represented by <class>; it is mandatory if <mode> is 1.</p> <p>0..max - the value of max can be read issuing the Test command</p> <p>AT#TSVOL=?</p>
AT#TSVOL?	<p>Read command returns for each class of tones the last setting of <mode> and, if <mode> is not 0, of <volume> too, in the format:</p> <p>#TSVOL:1,<mode1>[,<volume1>]<CR><LF></p> <p>...</p> <p>#TSVOL:64,<mode64>[,<volume64>]</p> <p>Note: no info is returned for class 128.</p>
AT#TSVOL=?	<p>Test command returns the supported range of values of parameters <class>, <mode> and <volume>.</p>
Example	<pre>at#tsvol=84,1,5 OK at#tsvol? #TSVOL:1,0 #TSVOL:2,0 #TSVOL:4,1,5 #TSVOL:8,0 #TSVOL:16,1,5 #TSVOL:32,0 #TSVOL:64,1,5 OK</pre>

3.5.6.2.8. Embedded DTMF decoder enabling - #DTMF

#DTMF – Embedded DTMF decoder enabling		SELINT 2
AT#DTMF=<mode>	Set command enables/disables the embedded DTMF decoder.	



	<p>Parameters:</p> <p><mode>: 0 – disable DTMF decoder (default) 1 – enables DTMF decoder 2 – enables DTMF decoder without URC notify</p> <p>Note: if <mode>=1, the receiving of a DTMF tone is pointed out with an unsolicited message through AT interface in the following format:</p> <p>#DTMFEV: x with x as the DTMF digit</p> <p>Note: the duration of a tone should be not less than 50ms.</p> <p>Note: the value set by command is not saved and a software or hardware reset restores the default value. The value can be stored in NVM using profiles.</p> <p>Note: When DTMF decoder is enabled, PCM playing and recording are automatically disabled (AT#SPCM will return error).</p>
AT#DTMF?	<p>Read command reports the currently selected <mode> in the format:</p> <p>#DTMF: <mode></p>
AT#DTMF=?	<p>Test command reports supported range of values for all parameters.</p>

3.5.6.2.9. Digital Voiceband Interface - #DVI

#DVI - Digital Voiceband Interface	
<p>AT#DVI=<mode> [,<dviport>, <clockmode>]</p>	<p>Set command enables/disables the Digital Voiceband Interface.</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><mode> - enables/disables the DVI. 1 - enable DVI; audio is forwarded to the DVI block (factory default) <dviport> 2 - DVI port 2 will be used <clockmode> 0 - DVI slave 1 - DVI master (factory default)</p> <p>Note: #DVI parameters are saved in the extended profile</p>
AT#DVI?	<p>Read command reports last setting, in the format:</p> <p>#DVI: <mode>,<dviport>,<clockmode></p>
AT#DVI=?	<p>Test command reports the range of supported values for parameters</p>



#HSMICG - Handset Microphone Gain	
AT#HSMICG?	Read command returns the current handset microphone input gain, in the format: #HSMICG: <level>
Note	DE910 does not support Analog Audio. And #HSMICG will be no effect. Instead of #HSMICG, refer to #PCMTXG.
AT#HSMICG=?	Test command returns the supported range of values of parameter <level>.

3.5.6.2.15. Set Headset Sidetone - #SHFSD

#SHFSD - Set Headset Sidetone	
AT#SHFSD=<mode>	Set command enables/disables the sidetone on handsfree audio output. Parameter: <mode> 0 - disables the handsfree sidetone (factory default) 1 - enables the handsfree sidetone <i>Note: This parameter is saved in NVM issuing AT&W command.</i>
AT#SHFSD?	Read command reports whether the headset sidetone is currently enabled or not, in the format: #SHFSD: <mode>
AT#SHFSD=?	Test command returns the supported range of values of parameter <mode>.

3.5.6.2.16. Speaker Mute Control - #SPKMUT

#SPKMUT - Speaker Mute Control	
AT#SPKMUT=<n>	Set command enables/disables the global muting of the speaker audio line, for every audio output (ring, incoming sms, voice, Network coverage) Parameter: <n> 0 - mute off, speaker active (factory default) 1 - mute on, speaker muted. Note: this command mutes/activates both speaker audio paths, internal speaker and external speaker.
AT#SPKMUT?	Read command reports whether the muting of the speaker audio line during a voice call is enabled or not, in the format: #SPKMUT: <n>
AT#SPKMUT=?	Test command reports the supported values for <n> parameter.



#PRST - Audio Profile Factory Configuration	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - side tone gain - LMS adaptation speed (step size) - LMS filter length (number of coefficients) - speaker to micro signal power relation - noise reduction max attenuation - noise reduction weighting factor (band 300-500Hz) - noise reduction weighting factor (band 500-4000Hz) - AGC Additional attenuation - AGC minimal attenuation - AGC maximal attenuation
AT#PRST=?	Test command returns the OK result code.
Example	AT#PRST OK <i>Current audio profile is reset</i>

3.5.6.2.20. Audio Profile Configuration Save - #PSAV

#PSAV - Audio Profile Configuration Save	
AT#PSAV	Execution command saves the actual audio parameters in the NVM of the device. It is not allowed if active audio profile is 0. The audio parameters to store are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - microphone line gain - earpiece line gain - side tone gain - LMS adaptation speed - LMS filter length (number of coefficients) - speaker to micro signal power relation - noise reduction max attenuation - noise reduction weighting factor (band 300-500Hz) - noise reduction weighting factor (band 500-4000Hz) - AGC Additional attenuation - AGC minimal attenuation - AGC maximal attenuation
AT#PSAV=?	Test command returns the OK result code.
Example	AT#PSAV OK <i>Current audio profile is saved in NVM</i>

3.5.6.2.21. Audio Profile Selection - #PSEL

#PSEL - Audio Profile Selection	
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#SCFGEXT - Socket Configuration Extended	
	<p>where: <connId> - socket connection identifier, as before 1 - data amount mode: SRING : <connId>,<recData> where: <connId> - as before <recData> - amount of data received on the socket connection 2 - data view mode: SRING : <connId>,<recData>,<data> where: <connId> - <recData> - as before <data> - received data; the presentation format depends on the sub parameter <dataMode> value <dataMode> - “data view mode” presentation format 0 - data represented as text (default) 1 - data represented as sequence of hexadecimal numbers (from 00 to FF) <keepalive> - TCP keepalive timer timeout 0 - TCP keepalive timer is deactivated (default) 1..240 - TCP keepalive timer timeout in minutes <unused_A> - currently not used 0 - reserved for future use <unused_B> - currently not used 0 - reserved for future use</p> <p>Note: <keepalive> has effect only on TCP connections.</p> <p>Note: these values are automatically saved in NVM</p> <p>Note: If <srMode> is “0”, there will only be a single SRING URC until data is read out of the buffer If <srMode> is “1”, there will be a SRING URC for each incoming packet and the number of bytes will reflect the amount of total data in the buffer yet to be read</p>
AT#SCFGEXT?	<p>Read command returns the current socket extended configuration parameters values for all the six sockets, in the format: #SCFGEXT: <connId1>,<srMode1>,<dataMode1>,<keepalive1>,<unused_A1>,<unused_B1><CR><LF> ... #SCFGEXT: <connId6>,<srMode6>,<dataMode6>,<keepalive6>,<unused_A6>,<unused_B6></p>
AT#SCFGEXT=?	<p>Test command returns the range of supported values for all the sub parameters</p>
Example	<p>Socket 1 set with data view sring, text data mode and a keepalive time of 30 minutes. Socket 3 set with data amount sring, hex data mode and</p>



#FTPTO - FTP Time-Out	
AT#FTPTO=?	Test command returns the range of supported values for parameter <tout>

3.5.6.4.2. *FTP Open - #FTPOPEN*

#FTPOPEN - FTP Open	
AT#FTPOPEN= [<server:port> <username> <password> <mode>]	<p>Execution command opens an FTP connection toward the FTP server.</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><server:port> - string type, address and port of FTP server (factory default port 21).</p> <p><username> - string type, authentication user identification string for FTP.</p> <p><password> - string type, authentication password for FTP.</p> <p><mode></p> <p>0 - active mode (factory default)</p> <p>1 - passive mode</p> <p>Note : In FTP Open case, the solution dependency limits the maximum time out to 1200 (120 seconds). The FTPTO value that exceeds 1200 is considered as 1200.</p> <p>Note: Before opening FTP connection the CDMA must be activated with AT#SGACT or AT#CDMADC</p>
AT#FTPOPEN=?	Test command returns the OK result code.



3.5.6.4.3. *FTP Close - #FTPCLOSE*

#FTPCLOSE - FTP Close	
AT#FTPCLOSE	Execution command closes an FTP connection.
AT#FTPCLOSE=?	Test command returns the OK result code.

3.5.6.4.4. *FTP Put - #FTPPUT*

#FTPPUT - FTP Put	
AT#FTPPUT= [<filename>]	<p>Execution command, issued during an FTP connection, opens a data connection and starts sending <filename> file to the FTP server.</p> <p>If the data connection succeeds, a CONNECT indication is sent, otherwise a NO CARRIER indication is sent.</p> <p>Parameter: <filename> - string type, name of the file.</p> <p>Note: use the escape sequence +++ to close the data connection.</p> <p>Note: The command causes an ERROR result code to be returned if no FTP connection has been opened yet.</p>
AT#FTPPUT=?	Test command returns the OK result code.

3.5.6.4.5. *FTP Get - #FTPGET*

#FTPGET - FTP Get	
AT#FTPGET= [<filename>]	<p>Execution command, issued during an FTP connection, opens a data connection and starts getting a file from the FTP server.</p> <p>If the data connection succeeds a CONNECT indication is sent, otherwise a NO CARRIER indication is sent.</p> <p>The file is received on the serial port.</p> <p>Parameter: <filename> - file name, string type.</p> <p>Note: The command causes an ERROR result code to be returned if no FTP connection has been opened yet.</p>
AT#FTPGET=?	Test command returns the OK result code.

3.5.6.4.6. *FTP Type - #FTPTYPE*

#FTPTYPE - FTP Type	
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#FTPTYPE - FTP Type	
AT#FTPTYPE= [<type>]	Set command, issued during an FTP connection, sets the file transfer type. Parameter: <type> - file transfer type: 0 - binary 1 - ascii Note: The command causes an ERROR result code to be returned if no FTP connection has been opened yet.
#FTPTYPE?	Read command returns the current file transfer type, in the format: #FTPTYPE: <type>
#FTPTYPE=?	Test command returns the range of available values for parameter <type>: #FTPTYPE: (0,1)

3.5.6.4.7. FTP Read Message - #FTPMSG

#FTPMSG - FTP Read Message	
AT#FTPMSG	Execution command returns the last response from the server.
AT#FTPMSG=?	Test command returns the OK result code.

3.5.6.4.8. FTP Delete - #FTPDELE

#FTPDELE - FTP Delete	
AT#FTPDELE= [<filename>]	Execution command, issued during an FTP connection, deletes a file from the remote working directory. Parameter: <filename> - string type, it's the name of the file to delete. Note: The command causes an ERROR result code to be returned if no FTP connection has been opened yet.
AT#FTPDELE=?	Test command returns the OK result code.

3.5.6.4.9. FTP Print Working Directory - #FTPPWD

#FTPPWD - FTP Print Working Directory	
AT#FTPPWD	Execution command, issued during an FTP connection, shows the current working directory on FTP server. Note: The command causes an ERROR result code to be returned if no FTP



#USERID - Authentication User ID	
	<p>the output of Test command, AT#USERID=? (factory default is the specific value based on carrier's specification).</p> <p>Note : this set command is only for an authentication information of Simple IP system.</p> <p>Note : if a wireless service provider supports only Simple IP data network system such as SK telecom in Korea you need to set this information for data connection.</p> <p>Note : if a wireless service provider supports Mobile IP preferred(like Verizon or Verizon MVNO) or Mobile IP only data network system(like Sprint or Sprint MVNO) you do not need to set this information because this information is automatically populated by a device itself based on carrier's specification. In case of using Mobile IP system, a specific profile is used and its information is set by device itself.</p> <p>Note : although the case of a wireless service provider supporting Mobile IP preferred dose also support Simple IP(Simple IP fallback due to authentication fail), a user id for Simple IP does not need to be set(auto population by device itself)</p>
AT#USERID?	<p>Read command reports the current user identification string, in the format:</p> <p>#USERID: <user></p>
AT#USERID=?	<p>Test command returns the maximum allowed length of the string parameter <user>.</p>
Example	<pre>AT#USERID="myName" OK AT#USERID? #USERID: "myName" OK</pre>

3.5.6.5.2. Authentication Password - #PASSW

#PASSW - Authentication Password	
AT#PASSW= [<pwd>]	<p>Set command sets the user password string to be used during the authentication step.</p> <p>Parameter: <pwd> - string type, it's the authentication password; the max length for this value is the output of Test command, AT#PASSW=? (factory default is the specific value based on carrier's specification).</p> <p>Note : this set command is only for an authentication information of Simple IP system.</p>



#PASSW - Authentication Password	
	<p>Note : if a wireless service provider supports only Simple IP data network system such as SK telecom in Korea you need to set this information for data connection.</p> <p>Note : if a wireless service provider supports Mobile IP preferred(like Verizon or Verizon MVNO) or Mobile IP only data network system(like Sprint or Sprint MVNO) you do not need to set this information because this information is set by a network via OTA or other method based on carrier's specification at an initial data connection. In case of using Mobile IP system, a specific profile is used and its information is set by a network.</p> <p>Note : although the case of a wireless service provider supporting Mobile IP preferred dose also support Simple IP(Simple IP fallback due to authentication fail), a password for Simple IP does not need to be set(set by a network)</p>
AT#PASSW=?	Test command returns the maximum allowed length of the string parameter <pwd> .
Example	AT#PASSW="myPassword" OK

3.5.6.5.3. Packet Size - #PKTSZ

#PKTSZ - Packet Size	
AT#PKTSZ=[<size>]	<p>Set command sets the default packet size to be used by the TCP/UDP/IP stack for data sending.</p> <p>Parameter: <size> - packet size in bytes 0 - automatically chosen by the device 1..1500 - packet size in bytes (factory default is 300)</p>
AT#PKTSZ?	<p>Read command reports the current packet size value.</p> <p>Note: after issuing command AT#PKTSZ=0, the Read command reports the value automatically chosen by the device.</p>
AT#PKTSZ=?	Test command returns the allowed values for the parameter <size> .
Example	AT#PKTSZ=100 OK AT#PKTSZ? #PKTSZ: 100 OK AT#PKTSZ=0 OK AT#PKTSZ?



#SKTTO - Socket Inactivity Time-Out	
	Note: In case CDMA context activated by #SKTOP, both the socket connection and CDMA context closed.
AT#SKTTO?	Read command reports the current socket inactivity time-out value.
AT#SKTTO=?	Test command returns the allowed values for parameter <tout>.
Example	<pre>AT#SKTTO=30 OK ->(30 sec. time-out) AT#SKTTO? #SKTTO: 30 OK</pre>



#SKTOP - Socket Open	
AT#SKTOP	<p>Execution command activates the context number 1, proceeds with the authentication with the user ID and password previously set by #USERID and #PASSW commands, and opens a socket connection with the host specified in the #SKTSET command. Eventually, before opening the socket connection, it issues automatically a DNS query to solve the IP address of the host name.</p> <p>If the connection succeeds a CONNECT indication is sent, otherwise a NO CARRIER indication is sent.</p>
AT#SKTOP=?	Test command returns the OK result code.
Example	<pre>AT#SKTOP ..CDMA context activation, authentication and socket open.. CONNECT</pre>
Note	This command is obsolete. It's suggested to use the couple #SGACT and #SO instead of it.

3.5.6.5.8. Query DNS - #QDNS

#QDNS - Query DNS	
AT#QDNS= [<host name>]	<p>Execution command executes a DNS query to solve the host name into an IP address.</p> <p>Parameter: <host name> - host name, string type.</p> <p>If the DNS query is successful then the IP address will be reported in the result code:</p> <p>#QDNS:"<host name>",<IP address></p> <p>Note: the command has to activate the CDMA context if it was not previously activated. In this case the context is deactivated after the DNS query.</p> <p>Note: <IP address> is in the format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx</p>
AT#QDNS=?	Test command returns the OK result code.
Note	This command requires that the authentication parameters are correctly set and that the CDMA network is present.

3.5.6.5.9. DNS Response Caching - #CACHEDNS

#CACHEDNS - DNS Response Caching	
AT#CACHEDNS= [<mode>]	<p>Set command enables caching a mapping of domain names to IP addresses, as does a resolver library.</p> <p>Parameter: <mode></p>



3.5.6.5.13. Socket Parameters Reset - #SKTRST

#SKTRST - Socket Parameters Reset	
AT#SKTRST	<p>Execution command resets the actual socket parameters in the NVM of the device to the default ones.</p> <p>The socket parameters to reset are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - User ID - Password - Packet Size - Socket Inactivity Time-Out - Data Sending Time-Out - Socket Type - Remote Port - Remote Address - TCP Connection Time-Out <p>Note : User ID and Password will not be affected by this command execution. It means that they are not set to the default values, just keeping the previous value.</p>
AT#SKTRST=?	Test command returns the OK result code.
Example	<p>AT#SKTRST</p> <p>OK</p> <p><i>socket parameters have been reset</i></p>

3.5.6.5.14. CDMA Data Connection - #CDMADC

#CDMADC – CDMA Data Connection	
AT#CDMADC= [<mode>]	<p>Execution command deactivates/activates CDMA data connection(CDMA PDP context), eventually proceeding with the authentication with the parameters given with #PASSW and #USERID.</p> <p>Parameter:</p> <p><mode> - CDMA PDP context activation mode</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 – CDMA PDP context deactivation request 1 – CDMA PDP context activation request <p>In the case that the CDMA PDP context has been activated, the result code OK is preceded by the intermediate result code:</p> <p>+IP: <ip_address_obtained></p> <p>reporting the local IP address obtained from the network.</p>
AT#CDMADC?	<p>Read command reports the current status of the CDMA PDP context, in the format:</p> <p>#CDMADC: <status></p>



3.5.6.6.10. SMTP Read Message - #EMAILMSG

#EMAILMSG - SMTP Read Message	
AT#EMAILMSG	Execution command returns the last response from SMTP server.
AT#EMAILMSG=?	Test command returns the OK result code.



#HTTPCFG – configure HTTP parameters	
	<p>Note: if the SSL encryption is enabled, the <cid> parameter has to be set to 1.</p> <p>Note: only one profile can use the SSL encryption.</p> <p>Note: values are automatically saved in NVM.</p>
AT#HTTPCFG?	<p>Read command returns the current settings for each defined profile in the format:</p> <p>#HTTPCFG: <prof_id>,<server_address>,<server_port>,<auth_type>,<username>,<password>,<ssl_enabled>,<timeout>,<cid><CR><LF>[<CR><LF>#HTT PCFG: <prof_id>,<server_address>,<server_port>,<auth_type>,<username>,<password>,<ssl_enabled>,<timeout>,<cid><CR><LF>[...]</p>
AT#HTTPCFG =?	<p>Test command returns the supported range of parameters <prof_id>, <server_port>, <auth_type>, <ssl_enabled>, <timeout> and <cid> and the maximum length of <server_address>, <username> and <password> parameters in the format:</p> <p># HTTPCFG: (list of supported <prof_id>s),<s_length>,(list of supported <server_port>s), (list of supported <auth_type>s),<u_length>,<p_length>,(list of supported <ssl_enabled>s),(list of supported <timeout>s),(list of supported <cid>s)</p> <p>where:</p> <p><s_length> - integer type value indicating the maximum length of parameter <server_address>.</p> <p><u_length> - integer type value indicating the maximum length of parameter <username>.</p> <p><p_length> - integer type value indicating the maximum length of parameter <password></p>

3.5.6.7.2. *Send HTTP GET, HEAD or DELETE request - #HTTPQRY*

#HTTPQRY – send HTTP GET, HEAD or DELETE request	
AT#HTTPQRY=<pr of_id>,<command>,<resource>[,<extra_header_line>]	<p>Execution command performs a GET, HEAD or DELETE request to HTTP server.</p> <p>Parameters: <prof_id> - Numeric parameter indicating the profile identifier. Range: 0-2</p>



\$GPSR - GPS Reset	
AT\$GPSR=?	Test command reports the range of supported values for parameter <reset_type>
Example	AT\$GPSR=0 OK
Note	This command only can be working while GPS is running

3.5.7.1.3. *GPS Antenna Type Definition - \$GPSAT*

\$GPSAT - GPS Antenna Type Definition	
AT\$GPSAT=<type>	Set command selects the GPS antenna used. Parameter: <type> 0 - GPS Antenna not supplied by the module (Factory default) 1 - GPS Antenna supplied by the module
AT\$GPSAT?	Read command returns the currently used antenna, in the format.
AT\$GPSAT=?	Test command reports the range of supported values for parameter <type>
Note	After saving the current setting, this action works correctly after module power reboot. The current setting is stored through \$GPSSAV

3.5.7.1.4. *GPS Antenna Supply Voltage Readout - \$GPSAV*

\$GPSAV - GPS Antenna Supply Voltage Readout	
AT\$GPSAV	Execution command returns the measured GPS antenna's supply voltage in mV
AT\$GPSAV?	Read command has the same meaning as the Execution command
AT\$GPSAV=?	Test command returns the OK result code
Note	It has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility command.

3.5.7.1.5. *Unsolicited NMEA Data Configuration - \$GPSNMUN*

\$GPSNMUN - Unsolicited NMEA Data Configuration	
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\$CELLPOS – Get a latitude and longitude of Base Station	
AT\$CELLPOS	Gets a Latitude and Longitude Data of Base Station in CDMA network Parameter: NONE
AT\$CELLPOS?	Read command returns the currently used values, in the format: \$CELLPOS: <latitude>,<longitude >
Example	AT\$CELLPOS \$CELLPOS: 37.5197,126.9311 OK AT\$CELLPOS? \$CELLPOS: 37.5197,126.9311 OK AT\$CELLPOS=? ERROR AT\$CELLPOS= ERROR

3.5.7.1.12. *Enable or Disable NMEA Stream - \$NMEA*

\$NMEA – Enable or Disable NMEA Stream	
AT\$NMEA=<n>	This command enables/disables the NMEA stream inside the module. Sets the ability to enable or disable the NMEA stream Parameter: <n> : Integer 0 - NMEA Off 1 - NMEA On
AT\$NMEA=?	Read command reports the current value of the <n> parameter, in the format: \$NMEA: <n>
Example	AT\$NMEA=? \$NMEA: 0 OK AT\$NMEA=1 OK

3.5.7.1.13. *Enable or Disable Location Services - \$LOCATION*

\$LOCATION – Enable or Disable Location Services



\$LOCATION – Enable or Disable Location Services	
AT\$LOCATION =<n>	This command enables/disables the Location Services inside the module. Sets the ability to enable or disable the Location Services Parameter: <n> : Integer 0 – Disable Location Services 1 – Enable Location Services
AT\$LOCATION=?	Read command reports the current value of the <n> parameter, in the format: \$LOCATION: <n>
Example	AT\$LOCATION=? \$LOCATION: 0 OK AT\$LOCATION =1 OK

3.5.7.1.14. *Get Current Location - \$GETLOCATION*

\$GETLOCATION - Get current location	
AT\$GETLOCATION	Execution command returns information about the last current location in the format: \$GETLOCATION: <date>,<time>,<latitude>,<longitude>,<elevation>,<HEPE>,<speed>,<bearing>,<nsat> where: <date> - date (MM/DD/YYYY) stamp <time> - 24 hour time (HH:MM:SS) stamp <latitude> - latitude in decimal degrees (±DD.ddddd) +/- : North / South max of 90.000000 degrees <longitude> - longitude in decimal degrees (±DDD.ddddd) +/- : East / West max of 180.000000 degrees <elevation> - elevation in meters (±nnnn) +/- : above / below sea level with reference to the WGS 84 reference Ellipsoid <HEPE> - Horizontal Estimated Position Error in meters (nnnnn) <speed> - speed in meters per second (nnn) <bearing> - bearing in decimal degrees (+DDD.dd) <nsat> - number of satellites used in location fix (nn) Note: If the location position is not to be retrieved or the location services are turned off, ERROR will be return.



\$XTRADN – Download gpsOneXTRA data	
	Note: If <xtramode> is 0 and gpsOneXTRA assistance file is invalid, it will also try to download the gpsOneXTRA assistance file.
AT\$XTRADN?	Read command returns the OK result code.
AT\$XTRADN=?	Test command returns the supported range of values of parameter <xtramode> \$XTRADN: (0,1)
Example	<p>AT\$XTRADN? OK</p> <p>AT\$XTRADN=? \$XTRADN: (0-1)</p> <p>OK</p> <p>AT\$XTRADN=0 OK</p>

3.5.7.2.7. Set XTRA Parameters - \$XTRAPA

\$XTRAPA – Set XTRA Parameters	
AT\$XTRAPA= <autodown>, <interval>	<p>Execution command set the XTRA parameters.</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><autodown> 0 – Disable auto download 1 – Enable auto download</p> <p><interval> 24 ~ 168 – The supported range of interval in hours 48 ~ 168 – The supported range of interval in hours (In case of Sprint and Aeris.Net)</p>
AT\$XTRAPA?	<p>Read command returns the values of saved parameters.</p> <p>\$XTRAPA: 1, 48</p>
AT\$XTRADN=?	<p>Test command returns the supported range of values of parameter <autodown>, <interval> \$XTRAPA: (0,1), (24-168)</p>
Example	<p>AT\$XTRAPA? \$XTRAPA: 0, 24</p> <p>OK</p> <p>AT\$XTRAPA=? \$XTRADN: (0-1),(24-168)</p>



\$XTRAPA – Set XTRA Parameters	
	OK
	AT\$XTRAPA=1,48
	OK
	AT\$XTRAPA?
	\$XTRAPA: 1, 48
	OK

3.5.8. Telit CDMA Custom AT Commands

3.5.8.1. General Configuration AT Commands

3.5.8.1.1. *Common Air Interface parameters - #CAI*

#CAI – Common Air Interface parameters	
AT#CAI?	<p>Read command returns the current common air interface parameters of the module.</p> <p>#CAI: <sid>,<nid>,<bsid>,<packetid>,<channel>,<pilot_pn>,<mb_prev>,<bs_prev>,<in_use_prev>,<rssi>,<ecio>,<tx_adj>,<rx_state>,<rx_rate>,<tx_rate>,<service_opt>,<slot_index>,<fer>,<voice_priv>,<band></p> <p>Parameter:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <sid> - Integer value of current system ID <nid> - Integer value of current network ID <bsid> - Integer value of current base station ID <packetid> - Integer value of current packet zone ID <channel> - Integer value of current channel number <pilot_pn> - Integer value of current pilot PN number <mb_prev> - Integer value of current mobile station protocol revision <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 3 - IS95A 4 - IS95B 6 - IS2000 7 - IS2000 Rel A 8 - IS2000 Rel B 9 - IS2000 Rel C <bs_prev> - Integer value of current base station protocol revision Refer to the described above <mb_prev> <in_use_prev> - Integer value of current in use protocol revision Refer to the described above <mb_prev> <rssi> - Integer value of current RSSI



#MODEM – Modem Configure parameters	
	<p> <mdn> - Mobile directory number <msin> - Mobile Subscriber Identifier Number <vbatt> - Current Battery Voltage Level <temp> - Current Temperature <systemtime> - Current System Time (received from the network) <calltime> - Latest Call Time <totalcalltime> - Total Call Time <modemstatus> - Current Modem Status 0: IDLE State 1: Origination State 2: Alerting State 3: Conversation State 4: Call End State 5: Dormant Mode State <fwver> - Firmware Version, Qualcomm Patch release version <model> - Model Name <namname> - Current Nam Name Note: Not all service providers use NAM name, some providers use a string to display service provider's name. If service provider does not use this, then "UNKNOWN" will be displayed. In case of VERIZON, Nam Name is blank. <lock> - Current Lock Status 0: Not Locked 1: Registration Lock <prlver> - Current PRL Version <deepsleep> - Current Deep Sleep Status - 0: Wake Up - 1: Deep Sleep </p>
Example	<pre> AT#MODEM? #MODEM: 9194547049,9194547049,3.9,0,20080923152338TUE,000000,00000000103,0,SC AUTHZ31340118,DE910-DUAL,UNKNOWN,0,10030,0 OK AT#MODEM=0? #MODEM: 1234567890 OK AT#MODEM=9? #MODEM: DE910-DUAL OK </pre>



3.5.8.1.3. Mobile NAM parameters - #ENG

#ENG – Mobile NAM parameters	
AT#ENG= <index>:<value>[, <index>:<value>...]	Set command sets to mobile NAM parameters according to <index> parameter. Parameter: <index> - integer type; Index of mobile NAM parameter. 0 – Mobile Protocol Revision 1 – Mobile Country Code 2 – Mobile Network Code 3 – Access Overload Control 4 – MOB_TERM_HOME registration flag 5 – MOB_TERM_FOR_SID registration flag 6 – MOB_TERM_FOR_NID registration flag 7 – Station Class Mark 8 – Slot Cycle Index 9 – Mobile Directory Number 10 – Mobile Subscriber Identifier Number 11 – CDMA Preferred Serving System(A/B) 12 – Digital/Analog Mode Preference 13 – CDMA Primary Channel(A) 14 – CDMA Primary Channel(B) 15 – CDMA Secondary Channel(A) 16 – CDMA Secondary Channel(B) 17 – SID-NID pair 18 – The Preferred Forward & Reverse RC value 19 – Slot Mode
AT#ENG [=<index>[, <index>...]]?	Read command returns the current mobile NAM parameters in format: #ENG: <mobprev>,<mcc>,<mnc>,<accolc>,<homereg>,<termforsid>,<termformnid>,<scm>,<sci>,<mdn>,<msin>,<prefserv>,<prefmode>,<primch_a>,<primch_b>,<scch_a>,<scch_b>,(<sid>,<nid>[,<sid>,<nid>...],<prefrc>,<slotmode> Where: <mobprev> – Mobile Protocol Revision (read-only) <mcc> – Mobile Country Code <mnc> – Mobile Network Code <accolc> – Access Overload Control <homereg> – MOB_TERM_HOME registration flag <termforsid> – MOB_TERM_FOR_SID registration flag <termformnid> – MOB_TERM_FOR_NID registration flag <scm> – Station Class Mark <sci> – Slot Cycle Index <mdn> – Mobile Directory Number



#ENG – Mobile NAM parameters	
	<p><msin> – Mobile Subscriber Identifier Number <prefserv> – CDMA Preferred Serving System(A/B) <prefmode> – Digital/Analog Mode Preference <primch_a> – CDMA Primary Channel(A) <primch_b> – CDMA Primary Channel(B) <scch_a> – CDMA Secondary Channel(A) <scch_b> – CDMA Secondary Channel(B) <sid>,<nid> – SID-NID pair <prefrc> – The Preferred Forward & Reverse RC value <slotmode> – Slot Mode</p> <p>Note: In RUIM version, most parameters are read-only.</p>
AT#ENG=?	Test command returns the OK result code
Example	<pre>AT#ENG? #ENG: 6,310,00,9,1,1,1,42,2,1234567890,9135069409,5,4,283,384,691,777,(4139,655 35),(0,0),0 OK AT#ENG=9? #ENG: 1234567890 OK AT#ENG=1:400,2:06 OK AT#ENG=1,2? #ENG: 400,06 OK</pre>

3.5.8.1.4. *Change Operational Mode of Modem - #MODE*

#MODE – Change Operational Mode of Modem	
AT#MODE [=<mode>]?	<p>This command changes the operational mode of the modem</p> <p>Parameter: <mode> - operational mode selection</p> <p>OFFLINE – Offline Mode – For RF Tests RESET – Resets the module PWROFF – Powers off the module LPM – Low Power Mode – RX/TX turned off, unable to receive network FTM – Factory Test Mode – For RF Tests</p>



#MODE – Change Operational Mode of Modem	
	<p>ONLINE – Online Mode – Returns to normal operation</p> <p>Note : Some mode change is not possible such as LPM mode to FTM mode.</p>
AT#MODE?	<p>Returns the current mode of the modem in the format <mode>.</p> <p>#MODE: <mode></p>
AT#MODE=?	<p>Test command reports the range of the parameter <mode></p>
Example	<pre>AT#MODE=OFFLINE OK AT#MODE=LPM OK AT#MODE=FTM OK AT#MODE=ONLINE OK AT#MODE=RESET OK AT#MODE=PWROFF OK</pre>

3.5.8.1.5. CDMA Notification - #NOTI

#NOTI – CDMA Notification	
AT#NOTI= <index>,<onoff>	<p>Set command sets to enable or disable related CDMA notification.</p> <p>Parameter:</p> <p><index> - CDMA notification selection</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 – All notification messages (1~18) 1 – "#CNIP" the output when the module receives a Calling Number Identification Presentation from the network. 2 – "#CNAP" the output when the module receives a Calling Naming Presentation from the network. 3 – "#DISREC" the output when the module receives a Display Record from the network. 4 – "#LOCK" the output when the module receives a LOCK from the network during registering state. 5 – "#UNLOCK" the output when the module receive a UNLOCK from the network during locked state. 6 – "#SMSFULL" the output when SMS are FULL.



#NOTI – CDMA Notification	
AT#NOTI=?	Test command reports the range of the parameter <index>,<onoff>
Example	AT#NOTI=? #NOTI: (0-18),(0,1) OK AT#NOTI? #NOTI: 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0 OK AT#NOTI=0,1 OK AT#NOTI? #NOTI: 1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1 OK AT#NOTI=7,0 OK AT#NOTI? #NOTI: 1,1,1,1,1,1,0,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1 OK

3.5.8.1.6. Mobile Directory Number - \$MDN

\$MDN– Change Operational Mode of Modem	
AT\$MDN=<mdn> or A T \$MDN=<mssl or otksl>,<mdn>	This command manipulates the Mobile Directory Number of the module. Parameter: <mssl> - Master Subsidy Lock value. (See Note) <otksl> - One-Time Keypad Subsidy Lock <mdn> - The mobile directory number expressed as a 10 digit decimal phone-number. Note: Command format for each operator are as follow: Verizon : AT\$MDN=<mdn> Aeris: AT\$MDN=<mssl>,<mdn> Sprint : AT\$MDN=<mssl or otksl>,<mdn>
AT\$MDN?	Read command returns the mobile directory number with command echo. \$MDN: <mdn>
AT\$MDN=?	Test command returns the OK result code
Example	AT\$MDN=? OK AT\$MDN? \$MDN: 1234567890



#MEIDESN – This command reports the MEID or the ESN of the module.	
AT#MEIDESN=?	Test command returns the OK result code.
Example	<pre>at#meidesn? #MEIDESN: A1000009D11111,0000000000000,00000000 OK at#meidesn=? OK</pre>

3.5.8.2. Authentication

3.5.8.2.1. Authentication Key - #AKEY

#AKEY – Set the Authentication key	
AT#AKEY= <nam> , <akey_high10> , <akey_low10> , <akey_chksum>	<p>Set command sets the Authentication key and Authentication key checksum value.</p> <p>Parameter: < nam > - Nam number. <akey_high10> - High 10 digits of A-Key. <akey_low10> - Low 10 digits of A-Key <akey_chksum> - A-Key checksum value(6 digits)</p> <p>Note: You must use the generated check sum value using AT#AKEYCHKSUM first.</p>
Example	<pre>AT#AKEY=0,1069003308,6838427706,040862 OK</pre>

3.5.8.2.2. Authentication Key Checksum - #AKEYCHKSUM

#AKEYCHKSUM – Return the Authentication key checksum value	
AT#AKEYCHKSUM= <akey_high10> , <akey_low10>	<p>Set command returns the Authentication key checksum value corresponding given authentication key.</p> <p>#AKEYCHKSUM: <akey_chksum></p> <p>Parameter: <akey_high10> - High 10 digits of A-Key. <akey_low10> - Low 10 digits of A-Key <akey_chksum> - A-Key checksum value(6 digits)</p> <p>Note: 6-digit checksum value will be different for each module because the ESN</p>



#AKEYCHKSUM – Return the Authentication key checksum value	
	is used as part of the calculation. If the module is using a MEID, a checksum value cannot be generated using this command.
AT#AKEYCHKSUM=?	Test command returns the OK result code.
Example	AT#AKEYCHKSUM=1069003308,6838427706 #AKEYCHKSUM: 040862 OK

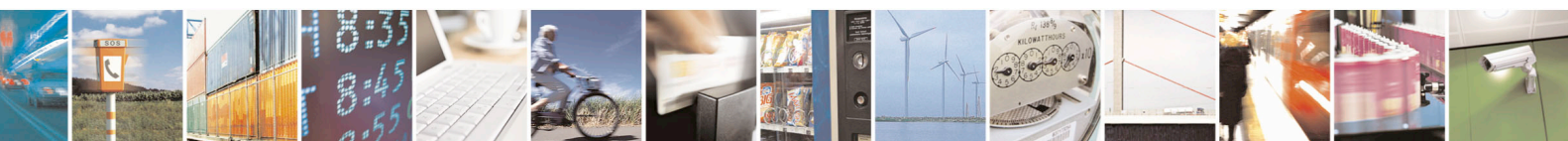
3.5.8.3. Air interface and call processing

3.5.8.3.1. Preferred Radio Configuration - #PREFRC

#PREFRC – Preferred Radio Configuration	
AT#PREFRC=<for_rc>,<rev_rc>	Set command sets the preferred radio configuration. Parameter: <for_rc> - integer forward radio configuration <rev_rc> - integer reverse radio configuration Note: This command is used to set the preferred RC for the forward and reverse channel. If you want to get the cached pref RC from NV, set parameter value to (1,2,3,4,5), otherwise both “for_rc” and “rev_rc” must be set to ‘0’.
AT#PREFRC?	Read command returns the radio configurations in format: #PREFRC: <for_rc>,<rev_rc>
AT#PREFRC=?	Test command reports the range of <for_rc>,<rev_rc> parameters: AT#PREFRC: (0-5),(0-5)

3.5.8.3.2. Voice Privacy Setting - #VOICEPRIV

#VOICEPRIV – Voice Privacy Setting	
AT#VOICEPRIV=<v_privacy>	Set command sets voice privacy mode according to <v_privacy> parameter. Parameter: <v_privacy> - Value of the voice privacy setting value 0 – OFF 1 – ON (Verizon Default : 1)



#PREFVOC – Vocoder Setting Value Reading or Writing	
	<p>3 – for EVRC 32768 – for QCELP 68 – for 4GV-NB (Sprint/Aeris.NET) 70 – for 4GV-WB (Sprint/Aeris.NET)</p> <p>Note: If <evrc> is set to 0, voice service option will be discard. Note: For models supporting the 4GV, the supporting service option will be changed as follows. <so1>,<so2>,<so3> 3 - EVRC 32768 - QCELP 68 - 4GV NB 70 - 4GV WB</p>
AT# PREFVOC?	<p>Read command returns the vocoder setting values in format:</p> <p>#PREFVOC: <evrc>,<so1>,<so2>,<so3></p>
AT#PREFVOC=?	<p>Test command reports the range of the parameters</p>
Example	<p>AT#PREFVOC? #PREFVOC: 0,3,3,3</p> <p>OK AT#PREFVOC=1,3,3,3 OK AT#PREFVOC? #PREFVOC: 1,3,3,3</p> <p>OK AT#PREFVOC=0,32768,32768,32768 OK AT#PREFVOC? #PREFVOC: 0,32768,32768,32768</p> <p>OK</p>

3.5.8.3.4. OTASP Setting - #OTASPEN

#OTASPEN – OTASP Setting	
<p>AT#OTASPEN= < mode ></p>	<p>Set command enables or disables the OTASP function.</p> <p>Parameter: <mode> 0 - disables OTASP 1 - enables OTASP</p> <p>Note: This is operator specific, and is not supported by the Sprint Network.</p>



3.5.8.4. DATA Session AT commands

3.5.8.4.1. *Data Inactivity Timer - +CTA*

+CTA – Data Inactivity Timer	
AT+CTA=<n>	Set command sets Um packet data inactivity timer Parameter: <n> - Um packet data inactivity timer: 0 - Traffic Channel not released during inactivity periods. 1-255 - Release the Traffic Channel after <value> 1-second intervals have elapsed since last sending or receiving RLP data frames on the Um interface. (Sprint/ Aeris.Net Default: 60 seconds) (Verizon Default: 30 Seconds)
AT+CTA?	Read command returns the data inactivity timer in format: +CTA: <n>
AT+CTA=?	Test command reports the range of the <n> parameter.
Example	AT+CTA=? +CTA: (0-255) OK AT+CTA? +CTA: 60 OK AT+CTA=30 OK AT+CTA? +CTA: 30 OK

3.5.8.4.2. *Packet Zone ID - +PZID*

+PZID – Packet Zone ID	
AT+PZID?	Displays the current <packet_zone_id> in the Extended System Parameters Message or the In-Traffic System Parameters Message.
AT+PZID=?	Returns the OK result code.
Example	AT+PZID=? OK AT+PZID? +PZID: 30 OK



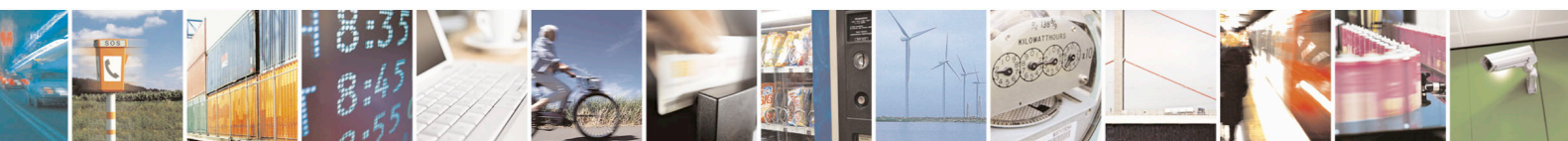
#HDRPS – High Data Rate Protocol Suit	
	<p>3 – HDR Release B</p> <p><ATI type> - Access Terminal Identifier type.</p> <p>0 – BATI (Broadcast).</p> <p>1 – MATI (Multicast).</p> <p>2 – UATI (Unicast).</p> <p>3 – RATI (Random).</p> <p>4 – Inactive ATI</p> <p><ATI value> - Hex value of current ATI.</p> <p><Color code> - Hex value of current Color code.</p> <p><Subnet Mask> - Hex value of current subnet mask.</p> <p><Serving PN> - Integer value of current PN.</p> <p><Band> - current value of Band class.</p> <p><Chan> - Number of Channel</p> <p><rx0_rssi> - rssi value of main antenna.</p> <p><rx1_rssi> - rssi value of diversity antenna.</p> <p><Tx_Pwr> - tx power</p> <p><Rx-Diversity> - Value of Rx diversity setting.</p> <p>0 – Rx0 Only</p> <p>1 - Diversity enable(Rx0 and Rx1)</p> <p><Ec/Io> - Ec/Io</p>

3.5.9. RUIM Specific AT Commands

3.5.9.1. General Commands

3.5.9.1.1. Query RUIM Status - #QSS

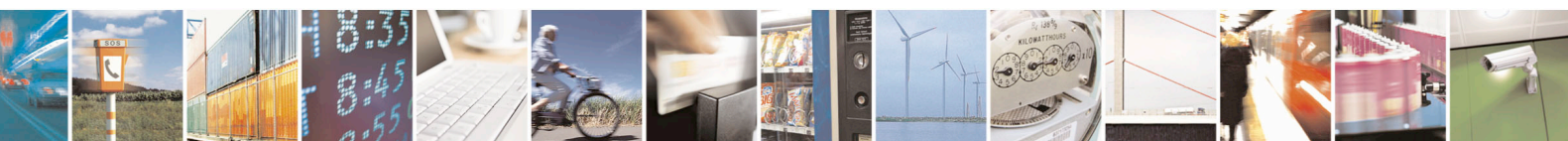
#QSS - Query RUIM Status	
<p>AT#QSS= [<mode>]</p>	<p>Set command enables/disables the Query RUIM Status unsolicited indication in the ME.</p> <p>Parameter:</p> <p><mode> - type of notification</p> <p>0 - disabled (factory default); it's possible only to query the current RUIM status through Read command AT#QSS?</p> <p>1 - enabled; the ME informs at every RUIM status change through the following unsolicited indication:</p> <p>#QSS: <status></p> <p>where:</p> <p><status> - current RUIM status</p> <p>0 - RUIM NOT INSERTED</p>



#QSS - Query RUIM Status	
	<p>1 - RUIM INSERTED</p> <p>2 - enabled; the ME informs at every RUIM status change through the following unsolicited indication:</p> <p>#QSS: <status></p> <p>where:</p> <p><status> - current RUIM status</p> <p>0 - RUIM NOT INSERTED</p> <p>1 - RUIM INSERTED</p> <p>2 - RUIM INSERTED and PIN UNLOCKED</p> <p>3 - RUIM INSERTED and READY (SMS and Phonebook access are possible).</p>
AT#QSS?	<p>Read command reports whether the unsolicited indication #QSS is currently enabled or not, along with the RUIM status, in the format:</p> <p>#QSS: <mode>,<status> (<mode> and <status> are described above)</p>
AT#QSS=?	<p>Test command returns the supported range of values for parameter <mode>.</p>
Example	<p>AT#QSS? #QSS:0,1</p> <p>OK</p>

3.5.9.1.1. Enter PIN - +CPIN

+CPIN - Enter PIN	
AT+CPIN=<pin> [,<newpin>]	<p>Set command sends to the device a password which is necessary before it can be operated RUIM PIN, RUIM PUK.</p> <p>If the PIN required is RUIM PUK or RUIM PUK2, the <newpin> is required. This second pin, <newpin> will replace the old pin in the SIM.</p> <p>The command may be used to change the SIM PIN by sending it with both parameters <pin> and <newpin> when PIN request is pending; if no PIN request is pending the command will return an error code and to change the PIN the command +CPWD must be used instead.</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><pin> - string type value</p> <p><newpin> - string type value.</p> <p>To check the status of the PIN request use the command AT+CPIN?</p>
AT+CPIN?	<p>Read command reports the PIN/PUK/PIN2/PUK2 request status of the device in the form:</p> <p>+CPIN: <code></p> <p>where:</p>



+CPIN - Enter PIN																																																																																	
	<p><code> - PIN/PUK/PIN2/PUK2 request status code READY - ME is not pending for any password SIM PIN - ME is waiting SIM PIN to be given SIM PUK - ME is waiting SIM PUK to be given SIM PIN2 - ME is waiting SIM PIN2 to be given; this <code> is returned only when the last executed command resulted in PIN2 authentication failure (i.e. +CME ERROR: 17) SIM PUK2 - ME is waiting SIM PUK2 to be given; this <code> is returned only when the last executed command resulted in PUK2 authentication failure (i.e. +CME ERROR: 18)</p> <p>Note: Pin pending status at startup depends on PIN facility setting, to change or query the default power up setting use the command AT+CLCK=SC,<mode>,<pin></p>																																																																																
Example	<pre>AT+CMEE=1 OK AT+CPIN? +CME ERROR: 10 error: you have to insert the SIM AT+CPIN? +CPIN: READY you inserted the SIM and device is not waiting for PIN to be given OK</pre>																																																																																
Note	<p>What follows is a list of the commands which are accepted when ME is pending SIM PIN or SIM PUK</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <tbody> <tr><td>A</td><td>&K</td><td>+FCLASS</td><td>+CPIN</td></tr> <tr><td>D</td><td>&N</td><td>+GCAP</td><td>+CSQ</td></tr> <tr><td>H</td><td>&P</td><td>+GCI</td><td>+CIND</td></tr> <tr><td>O</td><td>&S</td><td>+IPR</td><td>+CMER</td></tr> <tr><td>E</td><td>&V</td><td>+HFC</td><td>+CCLK</td></tr> <tr><td>I</td><td>&W</td><td>+HLRR</td><td>+CALA</td></tr> <tr><td>L</td><td>&Y</td><td>+ICF</td><td>+CALD</td></tr> <tr><td>M</td><td>&Z</td><td>+MS</td><td>+CALM</td></tr> <tr><td>P</td><td>%E</td><td>+DS</td><td>+CRSL</td></tr> <tr><td>Q</td><td>%L</td><td>+DR</td><td>+CLVL</td></tr> <tr><td>S</td><td>%Q</td><td>+CGMI</td><td>+CMUT</td></tr> <tr><td>T</td><td>\Q</td><td>+CGMM</td><td>+CLAC</td></tr> <tr><td>V</td><td>\R</td><td>+CGMR</td><td>+CMEE</td></tr> <tr><td>X</td><td>\V</td><td>+GMI</td><td>+CGREG</td></tr> <tr><td>Z</td><td>#CGMI</td><td>+GMM</td><td>+CBC</td></tr> <tr><td>&C</td><td>#CGMM</td><td>+GMR</td><td>+CSDH</td></tr> <tr><td>&D</td><td>#CGMR</td><td>+CGSN</td><td>+CNMI</td></tr> <tr><td>&F</td><td>#CGSN</td><td>+GSN</td><td>+CRC</td></tr> <tr><td>+COPS</td><td>#CAP</td><td>+CHUP</td><td>+CSNS</td></tr> <tr><td>+CLIP</td><td>#SHDN</td><td>+CRLP</td><td>+CREG</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	A	&K	+FCLASS	+CPIN	D	&N	+GCAP	+CSQ	H	&P	+GCI	+CIND	O	&S	+IPR	+CMER	E	&V	+HFC	+CCLK	I	&W	+HLRR	+CALA	L	&Y	+ICF	+CALD	M	&Z	+MS	+CALM	P	%E	+DS	+CRSL	Q	%L	+DR	+CLVL	S	%Q	+CGMI	+CMUT	T	\Q	+CGMM	+CLAC	V	\R	+CGMR	+CMEE	X	\V	+GMI	+CGREG	Z	#CGMI	+GMM	+CBC	&C	#CGMM	+GMR	+CSDH	&D	#CGMR	+CGSN	+CNMI	&F	#CGSN	+GSN	+CRC	+COPS	#CAP	+CHUP	+CSNS	+CLIP	#SHDN	+CRLP	+CREG
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E	&V	+HFC	+CCLK																																																																														
I	&W	+HLRR	+CALA																																																																														
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M	&Z	+MS	+CALM																																																																														
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S	%Q	+CGMI	+CMUT																																																																														
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V	\R	+CGMR	+CMEE																																																																														
X	\V	+GMI	+CGREG																																																																														
Z	#CGMI	+GMM	+CBC																																																																														
&C	#CGMM	+GMR	+CSDH																																																																														
&D	#CGMR	+CGSN	+CNMI																																																																														
&F	#CGSN	+GSN	+CRC																																																																														
+COPS	#CAP	+CHUP	+CSNS																																																																														
+CLIP	#SHDN	+CRLP	+CREG																																																																														



#CHVEN – Enable/Disable CHV	
	0 - Disable PIN 1 - Enable PIN <passwd> - PIN code of RUIIM Note : This command is the same operation with +CLCK. It's only keeping for backward compalitibilty.
AT#CHVEN?	Read command query status of PIN in the format: #CHVEN: <n> where : <n> - status of PIN 0 – PIN disabled 1 – PIN enabled
AT#CHVEN=?	Test command returns the OK result code.
Example	AT#CHVEN=1, 1111 <i>Enable PIN</i> OK

3.5.10. Qualcomm Proprietary AT Commands

3.5.10.1. AT Commands for Mobile IP (Except for RUIIM version)

3.5.10.1.1. *Network Access Identifier - \$QCMIPNAI*

\$QCMIPNAI – Network Access Identifier	
AT\$QCMIPNAI= <nai>,<store_nv>	This command sets the network access identifier. Parameter: <nai> - Network access identifier (20,21,23-7E) which is the range of printable ASCII characters. <store_nv> - Data store option 0: store in RAM 1: store in NV
AT\$QCMIPNAI?	Read command returns the current status in format: \$QCMIPNAI: <nai>,<store_nv>
AT\$QCMIPNAI=?	Returns the range of parameters. \$QCMIPNAI: (20,21,23-7E),(0,1) Note: 1st parameter of \$QCMIPNAI always returns (20,21,23-7E) which is the range of printable ASCII characters. The maximum size is 70bytes.
Example	AT\$QCMIPNAI=?



\$QCMIPMHSPi – set the MIP security parameter index	
	OK AT\$QCMIPMHSPi? \$QCMIPMHSPi: 4,0 OK

3.5.10.1.8. AAA Server Security Parameter Index - \$QCMIPMASPI

\$QCMIPMASPI – set the MIP AAA server security parameter index	
AT\$QCMIPMASPI= <index>,<store_nv>	This command sets the MIP AAA server security parameter index. Parameter: <index> - Security parameter index 0-4294967295 <store_nv> - Data store option 0: store in RAM 1: store in NV
AT\$QCMIPMASPI?	Read command returns the current status in format: \$QCMIPMASPI: <index>,<store_nv>
AT\$QCMIPMASPI=?	Returns the range of parameters. \$QCMIPMASPI: (0-4294967295),(0,1)
Example	AT\$QCMIPMASPI=? \$QCMIPMASPI: (0-4294967295),(0,1) OK AT\$QCMIPMASPI? \$QCMIPMASPI: 3,1 OK AT\$QCMIPMASPI=4,0 OK AT\$QCMIPMASPI? \$QCMIPMASPI: 4,0 OK

3.5.10.1.9. Reverse Tunneling Preference - \$QCMIPRT

\$QCMIPRT – Reverse tunnelling preference



\$QCMIPRT – Reverse tunnelling preference	
AT\$QCMIPRT= <rev_tun>,<store_nv>	<p>This command sets the reverse tunnelling preference.</p> <p>Parameter:</p> <p><rev_tun> - Reverse tunneling preference 0 : disable 1 : enable</p> <p><store_nv> - Data store option 0: store in RAM 1: store in NV</p>
AT\$QCMIPRT?	<p>Read command returns the current status in format:</p> <p>\$QCMIPRT: <rev_tun>,<store_nv></p>
AT\$QCMIPRT=?	<p>Returns the range of parameters.</p> <p>\$QCMIPRT: (0,1),(0,1)</p>
Example	<p>AT\$QCMIPRT=? \$QCMIPRT: (0,1),(0,1)</p> <p>OK AT\$QCMIPRT? \$QCMIPRT: 0,0</p> <p>OK AT\$QCMIPRT=1,1 OK AT\$QCMIPRT? \$QCMIPRT: 1,1</p> <p>OK</p>

3.5.10.1.10. *Enable/Disable Mobile IP - \$QCMIP*

\$QCMIP – Enable/Disable mobile IP	
AT\$QCMIP= <n>	<p>This command enables/disables mobile IP.</p> <p>Parameter:</p> <p><n> 0 : Mobile IP disable, simple IP only. 1 : Mobile IP preferred. In the initial MIPregistration, if the network does not support Mobile IP, then the mobile automatically reverts to Simple IP (force a PPP Renegotiation by sending a LCP C-Req). However, if a Mobile IP session is registered, and then the mobile enters a network that does not support Mobile IP, the mobile will drop the session and inform the upper layers of the failure (for example, by dropping DCD to a laptop).</p>



\$QCMIPP – active MIP user profile selection	
AT\$QCMIPP?	Read command returns the current status in format: \$QCMIPP: <index>
AT\$QCMIPP=?	Returns the range of parameters. \$QCMIPP: (0-5)
Example	AT\$QCMIPP=? \$QCMIPP: (0-5) OK AT\$QCMIPP? \$QCMIPP: 2 OK

3.5.10.1.12. *Enable / Disable Current MIP Profile - \$QCMIEP*

\$QCMIEP – current MIP profile	
AT\$QCMIEP= <n>	This command enables/disables the currently active MIP profile. Parameter: <n> 0: Disable the currently active profile (profile is unavailable until it is re-enabled). 1: Enable the currently active profile.
AT\$QCMIEP?	Read command returns the current status in format: \$QCMIEP: <n>
AT\$QCMIEP=?	Returns the range of parameters. \$QCMIEP: (0,1)
Example	AT\$QCMIEP=? \$QCMIEP: (0,1) OK AT\$QCMIEP? \$QCMIEP: 1 OK AT\$QCMIEP=0 OK AT\$QCMIEP? \$QCMIEP: 0 OK



\$QCMIPMASS – MN-AAA shared secrets	
AT\$QCMIPMASS= <val>,<store_nv>	<p>This command sets the MN-AAA shared secrets for the currently active MIP profile.</p> <p>Parameter: <val> - Shared secret data (Max size is 16bytes) Note: Double quotes are only required if the string contains a comma. <store_nv> - Data store option 0: store in RAM 1: store in NV</p> <p>Note: If the value provisioned is not committed to NV, the temporary values will be deleted at the end of the following call or if \$QCMIPP is called.</p>
AT\$QCMIPMASS?	Displays the current setting
AT\$QCMIPMASS=?	Returns the range of parameters. \$QCMIPMASS: (20,21,23-7E),(0,1)
Example	<pre>AT\$QCMIPMASS=secret data OK AT\$QCMIPMASS? \$QCMIPMASS: Set OK AT\$QCMIPMASS=? \$QCMIPMASS: (20,21,23-7E),(0,1) OK</pre>

3.5.10.1.15. MN-HA Shared Secrets - \$QCMIPMHSS

\$QCMIPMHSS – MN-HA shared secrets	
AT\$QCMIPMHSS= <val>,<store_nv>	<p>This command sets the MN-HA shared secrets for the currently active MIP profile.</p> <p>Parameter: <val> - Shared secret data (Max size is 16bytes) Note: Double quotes are only required if the string contains a comma. <store_nv> - Data store option 0: store in RAM 1: store in NV</p> <p>Note: If the value provisioned is not committed to NV, the temporary values will be deleted at the end of the following call or if \$QCMIPP is called.</p>
AT\$QCMIPMHSS?	Displays the current setting



#OMADMSVPORT – OMA-DM Server Port	
	<p><port_num> - OMA-DM server port</p> <p>Factory default server address for Sprint OMA-DM server is: 433</p>
AT#OMADMSVPORT?	<p>Reports the current OMA-DM server port: #OMADMSVPORT: <url></p>
AT#OMADMSVPORT=?	<p>Test command returns the OK result code</p>
Example	<pre>AT#OMADMSVPORT=? OK AT#OMADMSVPORT? #OMADMSVPORT : 443 OK AT#OMADMSVPORT=550 OK AT#OMADMSVPORT? #OMADMSVPORT: 550 OK</pre>

3.5.11.1.3. OMA-DM Proxy Server Address - #OMADMPROXY

#OMADMPROXY – OMA-DM Proxy Server Address	
AT#OMADMPROXY=<port_num>,<url>	<p>This command sets the OMA-DM proxy server address.</p> <p>Parameter: <port_num> - OMA-DM proxy server port number. Factory default for Sprint is: 80 <url> - URL OMA-DM proxy server URL. Factory default URL for Sprint is http://oma.ssprov.sprint.com</p>
AT#OMADMPROXY?	<p>Reports the current OMA-DM proxy server address: #OMADMSVPORT: <url>:<port_num></p>
AT#OMADMPROXY=?	<p>Test command returns the OK result code</p>
Example	<pre>AT#OMADMPROXY=? OK AT#OMADMPROXY? #OMADMPROXY : http://oma.ssprov.sprint.com:80 OK AT#OMADMPROXY=120,http://www.telit.com</pre>



#OMADMSVPW – OMA-DM server password	
	OK

3.5.11.1.6. OMA-DM Server Auth Data - #OMADMSVNON

#OMADMSVNON – OMA-DM server auth data	
AT#OMADMSVNON?	This command is only read for the OMA-DM server authentication data. According to the “Sprint OMA-DM Requirements v2.54”, the server authentication data is server nonce. Reports the current OMA-DM server authentication data: #OMADMSVID: <nonce>
AT#OMADMSVNON=?	Test command returns the OK result code
Example	AT#OMADMSVNON=? OK AT#OMADMSVNON? #OMADMSVNON: yQOaxLLRhIE8hLBBzhUWA== OK

3.5.11.1.7. OMA-DM Client ID - #OMADMCUID

#OMADMCUID – OMA-DM client ID	
AT#OMADMCUID?	This command is only read for the OMA-DM client ID. According to the “Sprint OMA-DM Requirements v2.54” the client id is the individual MEID. Reports the current OMA-DM client ID: #OMADMCUID: <id>
AT#OMADMCUID=?	Test command returns the OK result code
Example	AT#OMADMCUID=? OK AT#OMADMCUID? #OMADMCUID: MEID:A1000009DF0004 OK

3.5.11.1.8. OMA-DM Client Password - #OMADMCUPW



#OMADMCUPW – OMA-DM client password	
AT#OMADMCUPW ?	This command is only read for the OMA-DM client authentication secret. The client password is calculated with algorithm as according to the “Sprint OMA-DM Requirements v2.54” Reports the current OMA-DM client password: #OMADMCUPW: <pw>
AT#OMADMCUPW =?	Test command returns the OK result code
Example	AT#OMADMCUPW=? OK AT#OMADMCUPW? #OMADMCUPW : EsLIH173IYk04BMiOttgpq OK

3.5.11.1.9. OMA-DM Client Auth Data - #OMADMCUNON

#OMADMCUNON – OMA-DM client auth data	
AT#OMADMCUNON=<nonce>	This command is only read for the OMA-DM client authentication data. According to the “Sprint OMA-DM Requirements v2.54”, the client authentication data is client nonce. Parameter: <nonce> - OMA-DM client auth data (nonce).
AT#OMADMCUNON?	Reports the current OMA-DM client authentication data: #OMADMCUNON: <nonce>
AT#OMADMCUNON =?	Test command returns the OK result code
Example	AT#OMADMCUNON=? OK AT#OMADMCUNON? #OMADMCUNON: eWhHQIJTR3M3cHRnVHhDSg== OK

3.5.11.2. Session Control Commands

3.5.11.2.1. OMA-DM Client Enable/Disable- #OMADMCEN

#OMADMCEN – OMA-DM Client Enable/Disable



+OMADM- OMA-DM Hands Free Activation	
	defined by Sprint document “Sprint OMA-DM Requirements v2.54”.
AT+HFA=?	Show the current status
Example	<p>Example</p> <p>AT+HFA=0</p> <p>OK</p> <p>AT+HFA=?</p> <p>+ HFA: 0</p> <p>OK</p> <p>AT+ HFA =1</p> <p>OK</p> <p>AT+ HFA =?</p> <p>+ HFA: 1</p> <p>OK</p> <p>launch a HFA session.</p> <p>AT+ HFA =2</p> <p>OK</p>

3.5.11.2.3. OMA-DM Device Configuration - +OMADM

+OMADM- OMA-DM Device Configuration	
AT+OMADM=<onoff f>	<p>This command initiates an OMA-DM client initiated device configuration (CIDC).</p> <p>Parameter:</p> <p><onoff> - Device configuration function status</p> <p>0: disable</p> <p>1: enable (default)</p> <p>2: initiate CIDC</p> <p>Note: This AT+OMADM command is Sprint requirement and it follows the format defined by Sprint document “Sprint OMA-DM Requirements v2.54”.</p>
AT+OMADM=?	Show the current status
Example	<p>Example</p> <p>AT+OMADM=0</p> <p>OK</p> <p>AT+OMADM=?</p> <p>+OMADM: 0</p> <p>OK</p> <p>AT+OMADM=1</p> <p>OK</p> <p>AT+OMADM?</p> <p>ERROR</p>



3.5.11.2.9. *Cancel current FUMO DM session - #FUMOCANCEL*

#FUMOCANCEL – Cancels the current FUMO DM session	
AT#FUMOCANCEL	This command cancels the current FUMO DM session.
AT#FUMOCANCEL=?	Test command returns the OK result code
Example	AT#FUMOCANCEL=? OK AT# FUMOCANCEL OK

3.5.11.2.10. *Hands Free Activation Cancel - #HFACANCEL*

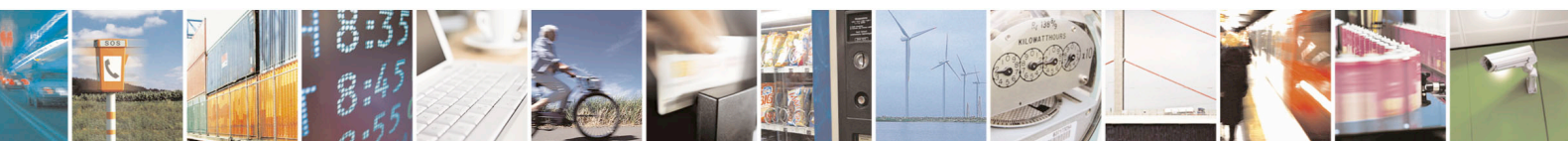
#HFACANCEL – Cancels the current HFA DM session	
AT#HFACANCEL	This command cancels the current HFA DM session.
AT#HFACANCEL=?	Test command returns the OK result code
Example	AT#HFACANCEL=? OK AT# HFACANCEL OK

3.5.12. Verizon Specific AT commands

3.5.12.1. General Commands

3.5.12.1.1. *Alert Sound Setting - #ALERTSND*

#ALERTSND – Alert Sound Setting	
AT#ALERTSND=[<index>,<onoff>...]	This command enables/disables the alert sounds for the device. Enables or disables the modem’s alert sounds. Parameter: <index> 0: All alert sound 1: Ready sound (not available) (default: 0) 2: SMS alert sound. (default: 1) 3: Emergency call alert sound. (default: 0) 4: Roaming alert sound. (default: 0)



	OK
	AT#ALERTSND=? #ALERTSND: (0-5),(0,1)
	OK

3.5.12.1.2. Emergency Call Tone Setting - #EMERGALERT

#EMERGALERT – Emergency Call Tone Setting	
AT#EMERGALERT= <mode>	This command sets the Emergency Call tone. Sets the Emergency Call tone. Parameter: <mode> 0: Disable the alert tone for emergency dialing. (default) 1: Enable the alert tone for emergency dialing
AT#EMERGALERT?	Read command reports current Emergency call tone setting in the format: #EMERGALERT: <mode>
AT#EMERGALERT=?	Reports the range of supported values for parameter < mode >
Example	AT#EMERGALERT=? #EMERGALERT: (0,1) OK AT#EMERGALERT? #EMERGALERT: 0 OK AT#EMERGALERT=1 OK

3.5.12.1.3. NAM Lock - #NAMLOCK

#NAMLOCK – Lock NAM	
AT#NAMLOCK= <n>	This command enables/disables the current NAM Lock of the device. Parameter: <n> 0: Disable NAM LOCK (default) 1: Enable NAM LOCK
AT#NAMLOCK?	Read command returns the current NAM LOCK setting in the format:



	#NAMLOCK: <n>
AT# NAMLOCK=?	Reports the range of supported values for parameter < n >
Example	<p>AT#NAMLOCK=? # NAMLOCK: (0,1)</p> <p>OK AT#NAMLOCK? #NAMLOCK: 0</p> <p>OK AT#NAMLOCK=1 OK</p>



3.5.12.1.4. Read Message - +VCMGR

+VCMGR - Read Message	
<p>AT+VCMGR= <index></p>	<p>Execution command reports the message with location value <index> from <memr> message storage (<memr> is the message storage for read and delete SMS as last settings of command +CPMS).</p> <p>Parameter: <index> - message index.</p> <p>The output depends on the last settings of command +CMGF (message format to be used)</p> <p>Output format for received messages (the information written in <i>italics></i> will be present depending on +CSDH last setting):</p> <p>+VCMGR: <stat>,<orig_num>,<callback>,<date>[,<tooa>,<tele_id>,<priority>,<enc_type>,<length>]<CR><LF><data></p> <p>If there is either a Sent or an Unsent message in location <index> the output format is the same with the upper received message</p> <p>where:</p> <p><stat> - status of the message "REC UNREAD" - new received message unread "REC READ" - received message read "STO UNSENT" - message stored not yet sent "STO SENT" - message stored already sent</p> <p><orig_num> - Origination number. <callback> - Callback number. <date> - Received date in form as "YYYYMMDDHHMMSS". <tooa> - Type of <orig_num>. <toda> - Type of <da>. <tele_id> - Teleservice ID. 4097 - page 4098 - SMS message</p> <p><priority> - Priority. Note: The priority is different with every carrier. In case of Sprint and Aeris.Net: 0 - Normal (factory default) 1 - Interactive 2 - Urgent 3 - Emergency In case of Verizon: 0 - Normal (factory default) 1 - High</p>



+VCMGR - Read Message	
	<p><enc_type> - Encoding type of message. 0 - 8-bit Octet 2 - 7-bit ASCII 4 - 16-bit Unicode</p> <p><length> - Length of message.</p> <p><data> - Message data.</p>
Miscellaneous	<p>Unsolicited Result Codes - Not applicable Execution Time - Executes immediately. Reference – Verizon</p> <p>Note : Available only under text mode (AT+CMGF=1) . Also, this included sent date as against AT+CMGR</p>
AT+VCMGR=?	Test command returns the OK result code
Example	<pre>AT+CMGF=1 OK AT+VCMGR=2 +VCMGR: "REC READ", "", 0111234567", 20071221160610,, 4098,, 16,9 TEST MESSAGE2 OK AT+VCMGR=3 +VCMGR: "STO SENT", "01191775982", "01096529157", 20071221160610,, 4098,, 16,9 TEST MESSAGE3 OK</pre>

3

3.5.12.1.5. *List Message - +VCMGL*

+VCMGL - List Messages	
AT+VCMGL [=<stat>]	<p>Execution command reports the list of all the messages with status value <stat> stored into <memr> message storage (<memr> is the message storage for read and delete SMS as last settings of command +CPMS).</p> <p>The parameter type and the command output depend on the last settings of command +CMGF (message format to be used)</p> <p>Parameter: <stat> "REC UNREAD" - new message "REC READ" - read message "STO UNSENT" - stored message not yet sent "STO SENT" - stored message already sent "ALL" - all messages.</p>



+VCMGL - List Messages	
	<p>Each message to be listed is represented in the format (the information written in italics will be present depending on +CSDH last setting):</p> <p>If there is at least a Received message or Sent/Unsent message to be listed the representation format is:</p> <p>If there is at least a Received message to be listed the representation format is: +VCMGL: <i><index>,<stat>,<orig_num>,<callback>,<date>[,<tooa>,<tele_id>,<priority>,<enc_type>,<length>]</i><i><CR><LF></i> <i><data></i></p> <p>Where <i><orig_num></i> - Origination number. <i><callback></i> - Callback number. <i><date></i> - Received date in form as "YYYYMMDDHHMMSS". <i><tooa></i> - Type of <i><orig_num></i>. <i><tele_id></i> - Teleservice ID. 4097 - page 4098 - SMS message <i><priority></i> - Priority. Note: The priority is different with every carrier. In case of Sprint and Aeris.Net: 0 - Normal (factory default) 1 - Interactive 2 - Urgent 3 - Emergency In case of Verizon: 0 - Normal (factory default) 1 - High <i><enc_type></i> - Encoding type of message. 0 - 8-bit Octet 2 - 7-bit ASCII 4 - 16-bit Unicode <i><length></i> - Length of message. <i><data></i> - Message data.</p> <p>Note: If a message is present when +CMGL="ALL" is used it will be changed status from REC UNREAD to REC READ.</p>
<p>Miscellaneous</p>	<p>Unsolicited Result Codes - Not applicable Execution Time - Executes immediately. Reference – Verizon</p>



+VCMGL - List Messages	
	Note : Available only under text mode (AT+CMGF=1) . Also, this included sent date as against AT+CMGL
AT+VCMGL=?	Test command returns a list of supported <stat>s
Example	

3.5.12.1.6. SMS Mobile Origination - #SMSMOEN

#SMSMOEN – SMS Mobile Origination	
AT#SMSMOEN =<n>	This command sets which SMS MO is available or not. Parameter: <n> - Enable or disable SMS MO 0 - Disable SMS MO 1 - Enable SMS MO (default)
AT#SMSMOEN?	Read command reports the current value of the parameter <n>.
AT#SMSMOEN=?	Test command reports the supported value of <n> parameter.
Example	AT#SMSMOEN=? #SMSMOEN: (0,1) OK AT#SMSMOEN? #SMSMOEN: 1 OK AT#SMSMOEN=0 OK

3.5.12.1.7. Service Option for SMS - #SMSSO

#SMSSO – Service Option for SMS	
AT#SMSSO =<n>	This command sets service option for SMS. Parameter: <n> - Service Option 0 - Service option by default value from NV. This is selected by service option set from NV(6 or 14) 6 - Short Message Services (IS-637) (default) 14: Short Message Services using MUX Option 2 (TSB-79)
AT#SMSSO?	Read command reports the current value of the parameter <n>.
AT#SMSSO=?	Test command reports the supported value of <n> parameter.



#SMSSO – Service Option for SMS	
Example	AT#SMSSO=? #SMSSO: (0,6,14) OK AT#SMSSO? #SMSSO: 6 OK AT#SMSSO=14 OK

3.5.12.1.8. *Set Payload Length - #SMSPSIZ*

#SMSPSIZ – Set Payload Length	
AT#SMSPSIZ =<length>	This command set max payload length of SMS. Parameter: <length> - Max payload length of SMS 0-220 (default is 160)
AT#SMSPSIZ?	Read command reports the current value of the parameter < length >.
AT#SMSPSIZ=?	Test command reports the supported value of < length > parameter.
Example	AT#SMSPSIZ=? #SMSPSIZ: (0-220) OK AT#SMSPSIZ? #SMSPSIZ: 160 OK AT#SMSPSIZ=100 OK AT#SMSPSIZ? #SMSPSIZ: 100

3.5.12.1.9. *Select transport method to send SMS - #SMSAC*

#SMSAC – Select transport method to send SMS	
AT#SMSAC =<method>	This command is for selecting transport method to send SMS.



3.5.12.1.13. Enhanced Roaming Indicator - #ERI

#ERI – Enhanced Roaming Indicator	
AT#ERI?	<p>This command returns the Enhanced Roaming Indicator Information.</p> <p>#ERI:<ind_id>,<icn_img_id>,<icn_mode>,<call_prmt_id>,<alert_id>,<eng_type>,<text_data_len>,<text_data></p> <p>Note : If ERI file not include or invalid ERI file in the current device and roaming indicator value of PRL is 64~93, mobile set to <ind_id>=2.</p> <p>Where</p> <p><ind_id> - Indicator ID. 0 ~ 2 – Roaming Indicator ID (That means not ERI ID). If <ind_id>=0~2, Roaming Indicator Icon display refer to below. 0 - Roaming Icon On. 1 - Roaming Icon Off. 2 - Roaming Icon Flash. 64 ~ 93 – ERI Indicator ID. If <ind_id>=64~93, Roaming Indicator Icon display refer to <inc_img_id>.</p> <p><icn_img_id> - Icon Image ID. 0 - Roaming Icon On. 1 - Roaming Icon Off. 2 - Roaming Icon Flash. If <ind_id>=0~2, <icn_img_ind>=0.</p> <p><icn_mode> - Icon Mode. If <ind_id>=0~2, <icn_mode>=0.</p> <p><call_prmt_id> - Call Prompt ID. If <ind_id>=0~2, <call_prmt_id>=0.</p> <p><alert_id> - Alert ID. 0 - Verizon Wireless. 1 - Network Extender. 2 – None. 3 – None. 4 - Extended Network. 5 – Roaming. 6 – None. 7 - Loss of Service. If <ind_id>=0~2, <alert_id>=2. If Mobile status is No Service, <alert_id>=7.</p> <p><eng_type> - Character Encoding Type. 0 - Octet, unspecified. 1 - IS91 Extended Protocol Message. 2 - 7-bit ASII. 3 - IA5(Table 11 of ITU-T T.50). 4 - UNICODE (ISO/IEC 10646-1:1993).</p>



#ERI – Enhanced Roaming Indicator	
	<p>5 - Shift-JIS. 6 - Korean (KS x 1001:1998). 7 - Latin/Hebrew (ISO 8859-8:1988). 8 - Latin (ISO 8859-8:998). 9 - GSM 7-bit default alphabet. If <ind_id>=0~2, <eng_type>=2. <text_data_len> - Amount of Text Data. <text_data> - Text Data. If Mobile status is No Service (AT+SERVICE? / +SERVICE: 0) , <text_data>="No Service". If <ind_id>=0~2, Text Data is None.</p>
AT#ERI=?	Test command returns the OK result code.
Example	<p>AT#ERI? #ERI: 71,1,0,0,4,2,16,Extended Network</p> <p>OK AT#ERI? #ERI: 1,0,0,0,2,0,0,</p> <p>OK AT#ERI? #ERI: 1,0,0,0,7,0,10,No Service</p> <p>OK AT#ERI=? OK</p>

3.5.12.1.14. *Enhanced Roaming Indicator Version - #ERIDATA*

#ERIDATA – Enhanced Roaming Indicator Version	
AT#ERIDATA?	<p>Read command returns the current device ERI Version <eri_data_ver> in format: #ERIDATA: <eri_data_ver></p> <p>Note : ERI file not include or invalid ERI file in the current device, <eri_data_ver>="None".</p> <p>Note : ERI file located in EFS area that you can load ERI file by EFS Explorer of QPST.</p>
AT#ERIDATA=?	Test command returns the OK result code.
Example	<p>AT#ERIDATA? #ERIDATA: 5</p> <p>OK AT#ERIDATA? #ERIDATA: None</p>



#ERIDATA – Enhanced Roaming Indicator Version	
	OK AT#ERIDATA=? OK

3.5.12.1.15. *Tethered NAI Management for MIP- \$MIPRMNAI*

\$MIPRMNAI – Tethered NAI Management for MIP	
AT\$MIPRMNAI= <nai_string>	This command sets the tethered NAI for mobile IP. Parameter: <nai_string>
AT\$MIPRMNAI?	Read command returns the currently used NAI, in the format: \$MIPRMNAI: <nai_string >
Note	The maximum length of NAI is 72(bytes).
Example	AT\$MIPRMNAI =1234567890@vzw3g.com OK

3.5.12.1.16. *Tethered NAI Management for SIP- \$SIPRMNAI*

\$SIPRMNAI – Tethered NAI Management for SIP	
AT\$\$SIPRMNAI= <nai_string>	This command sets the tethered NAI for simple IP. Parameter: <nai_string>
AT\$\$SIPRMNAI?	Read command returns the currently used NAI, in the format: \$\$SIPRMNAI: <nai_string >
Note	The maximum length of NAI is 72(bytes).
Example	AT\$\$SIPRMNAI =1234567890@vzw3g.com OK



3.5.13.1.4. *Current Receive Signal Strength Indicator for 1xRTT - \$1XRXPPWR*

\$1XRXPPWR – Current Receive Signal Strength Indicator for 1xRTT	
AT\$1XRXPPWR?	<p>Read command returns the current channel number and corresponding received power in format:</p> <p><antenna>,<ch>,<pn>,<rss></p> <p>Parameter: <antenna> - Antenna number <ch> - Channel <pn> - Pilot offset <rss> - Received power</p> <p>Note: If the device does not support multiple antennas, only one value is returned. If the device supports multiple antennas, the primary antenna is listed first followed by additional antennas.</p>
AT\$1XRXPPWR=?	Test command returns the OK result code.
Example	AT\$1XRXPPWR? 0,70,86,-52.0 OK AT\$1XRXPPWR=? OK

3.5.13.1.5. *Current Ec/Io for 1xRTT - \$1XECIO*

\$1XECIO – Current Ec/Io	
AT\$1XECIO?	<p>Read command returns the current PN offset and corresponding pilot strength in format:</p> <p><antenna>,<ch>,<pn>,<ecio></p> <p>Parameter: <antenna> - Antenna number <ch> - Channel <pn> - Pilot offset <ecio> - Ec/Io</p> <p>Note: If the device does not support multiple antennas, only one value is returned. If the device supports multiple antennas, the primary antenna is listed first followed by additional antennas.</p>
AT\$1XECIO=?	Test command returns the OK result code.
Example	AT\$1XECIO? 0,70,86,-5.0



\$DOSINR – Current SINR for EVDO	
	returned. If the device supports multiple antennas, the primary antenna is listed first followed by additional antennas.
AT\$DOSINR =?	Test command returns the OK result code.
Example	AT\$DOSINR? 0,0,0,0.0 OK AT\$DOSINR=? OK

3.5.13.1.8. List commands - +LIST

+LIST – List commands	
AT+LIST	Execution command causes the ME to return the AT commands that are available for the user, in the following format: <AT cmd>[<CR><LF><AT cmd2>[...]]
AT+LIST=?	Test command returns the OK result code.

3.5.13.1.9. Roaming Reference - \$ROAM

\$ROAM – roaming setting	
AT\$ROAM = <value>	This command manipulates the roaming settings of the module. Parameter: <value> - Set the roaming settings 0 : Sprint only 1 : Automatic (factory default) 2 : Roam Only (It is able to set Aeris.Net only) Note: Use in place of \$SPROAM
AT\$ROAM?	Returns the current roaming setting: \$ROAM: <value>
AT\$ ROAM =?	Returns the range of parameters. \$ROAM: (0,1) or \$ROAM: (0-2) (In case of Aeris.Net)
Example	AT\$ROAM=? \$ROAM: (0,1) OK AT\$ROAM? \$ROAM: 1



SERI – Current Roaming Indicator

3.5.13.1.12. *Data Dedicated Transmission Mode - \$DDTM*

\$DDTM– Set Data Dedicated Transmission Mode	
AT\$DDTM = <Mode>	This command sets Data Dedicated Transmission Mode. Parameter: <Mode> 0 : disable 1 : enable
AT\$ DDTM?	Returns the current d setting: \$DDTM: <Mode>
AT\$ DDTM =?	Returns the range of parameters. \$DDTM: (0,1)

3.5.13.1.13. *Firmware Revision - \$FWREV*

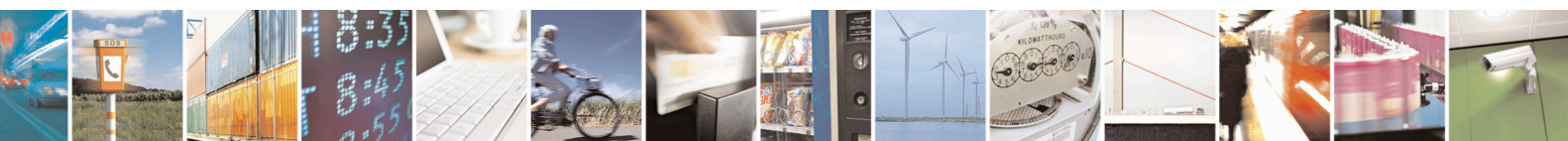
\$FWREV – firmware revision	
AT\$ FWREV?	Returns the current firmware version \$FWREV: xx.xx.xxx.x-xxxx OK
AT\$ FWREV =?	Returns OK response

3.5.14. Aeris.Net Specific AT Commands

3.5.14.1. General Commands

3.5.14.1.1. *Current NAM - #CURRNAM*

#CURRNAM – Current NAM	
AT#CURRNAM=<value>	This command sets the NAM to be used. Parameter: <value> - NAM number (0-based digit), 0-1



#ESN – Read pseudo ESN	
AT#ESN?	<p>Reports Pseudo electronic serial number in the hexadecimal format:</p> <p>#ESN: <p_esn></p> <p><p_esn> - Pseudo electronic serial number (8-digit hexadecimal)</p> <p>Note: This command is only available in MEID equipped. If modem is ESN equipped, returns ERROR.</p>
AT#ESN=?	Test command returns the OK result code.
Example	<p>AT#ESN?</p> <p>#ESN: 801D0FC7</p> <p>OK</p> <p>AT#ESN=?</p> <p>OK</p>

3.5.14.1.4. Pseudo Electronic Serial Number - +ESN

+ESN – Read pseudo ESN	
AT+ESN?	<p>Reports Pseudo electronic serial number in the decimal format:</p> <p>+ESN: <p_esn></p> <p><p_esn> - Pseudo electronic serial number (11-digit decimal)</p> <p>Note: This command is only available in MEID equipped. If modem is ESN equipped, returns ERROR.</p>
AT+ESN=?	Test command returns the OK result code.
Example	<p>AT+ESN?</p> <p>+ESN: 12801904583</p> <p>OK</p> <p>AT+ESN=?</p> <p>OK</p>

3.6. AT parser abort

The following AT Command list can be aborted, while executing the AT Command

ATD
ATA
+FRS



+FRH
+FRM
+CLCC
+COPN
+CLIP
+CLIR

NOTE: If DTE transmit any character before receiving the response to the issued AT Command, this make current AT Command to be aborted.



4. List of acronyms

ARFCN	Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number
AT	Attention command
BA	BCCH Allocation
BCCH	Broadcast Control Channel
CA	Cell Allocation
CBM	Cell Broadcast Message
CBS	Cell Broadcast Service
CCM	Current Call Meter
CLIR	Calling Line Identification Restriction
CTS	Clear To Send
CUG	Closed User Group
DCD	Data Carrier Detect
DCE	Data Communication Equipment
DCS	Digital Cellular System
DNS	Domain Name System Server
DSR	Data Set Ready
DTE	Data Terminal Equipment
DTMF	Dual Tone Multi Frequency
DTR	Data Terminal Ready
GPRS	Global Packet Radio Service
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity
IMSI	International Mobile Subscriber Identity
IP	Internet Protocol
IRA	International Reference Alphabet
IWF	Interworking Function
MO	Mobile Originated
MT	Mobile Terminal
NVM	Non Volatile Memory
PCS	Personal Communication Service
PDP	Packet Data Protocol
PDU	Packet Data Unit
PIN	Personal Identification Number
PPP	Point to Point Protocol
PUK	Pin Unblocking Code
RLP	Radio Link Protocol
RMC	Recommended minimum Specific data
RTS	Request To Send
SCA	Service Center Address
SMS	Short Message Service
SMSC	Short Message Service Center



SMTP	Simple Mail Transport Protocol
TA	Terminal Adapter
TCP	Transmission Control Protocol
TE	Terminal Equipment
UDP	User Datagram Protocol
USSD	Unstructured Supplementary Service Data
UTC	Coordinated Universal Time
VDOP	Vertical dilution of precision
VTG	Course over ground and ground speed



5. Document History

Revision	Date	Changes
0	2011-11-29	Release for Beta samples
1	2012-03-28	Release for Verizon
2	2012-05-30	Verizon TA update
3	2013-06-04	For Sprint, aeris.net and SC official versions
4	2013-11-26	Release for Verizon and Sprint MR

