



Making machines talk.



APPLICABILITY TABLE

GM Family (Modem)
GM862-GPS
GC Family (Compact)
GC864-QUAD
GC864-QUAD-V2
GC864-DUAL-V2
GE/GL Family (Embedded)
GE863-GPS
GE863-PRO3
GE864-QUAD
GE864-QUAD-V2
GE864-QUAD-Automotive–V2
GE864-QUAD-ATEX
GE864-DUAL-V2
GE864-GPS
GE865-QUAD
GL865-DUAL
GL865-QUAD
GL868-DUAL
GE910-QUAD
GT Family (Terminal)
GT863-PY
GT864-QUAD
GT864-PY
HE910 Family
HE910 ¹
HE910-GA
HE910-D
HE910-EUR / HE910-EUD
HE910-EUG / HE910-NAR
HE910-NAD / HE910-NAG

¹ HE910 is the "type name" of the products marketed as HE910-G & HE910-DG.



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Page 2 of 35



Contents

	5
1.1. CONTACT INFORMATION, SUPPORT	
1.2. Text Conventions	6
1.3. Related Documents	6
1.4. DOCUMENT HISTORY	6
2. SMSATRUN	7
2.1. SMS Formats	7
2.2. Alerts	9
2.3. DESCRIPTION	10
2.4. Example	14
2.5. DELAYS AND NOTES	16
2.5.1. Delays	16
2.5.2. Notes	16
3. TCPATRUN	
3.1. CONFIGURATION	10
3.2. TCPATRUN IN SERVER MODE	-
3.2.1. Description	-
3.2.2. Authentication mode	
3.3. TCPATRUN IN CLIENT MODE	
3.3.1. Description	
3.4. AT COMMANDS IN SEQUENCE	
3.4. AT COMMANDS IN SEQUENCE	
3.6. Alerts	
3.7. Examples	-
3.7.1. TCPATRUN in Server Mode	
3.8. Delay and Notes	
3.8.1. Delays	
3.8.2. Notes	
3.9. TCPATRUN AND PYTHON	



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Page 3 of 35



80000NT10029a Rev.5 - 2012-10-08

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Page 4 of 35



1. Introduction

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1.1. Contact Information, Support

For general contact, technical support, to report documentation errors and to order manuals, contact Telit Technical Support Center (TTSC) at:

<u>TS-EMEA@telit.com</u> <u>TS-NORTHAMERICA@telit.com</u> <u>TS-LATINAMERICA@telit.com</u> <u>TS-APAC@telit.com</u>

Alternatively, use:

http://www.telit.com/en/products/technical-support-center/contact.php

For detailed information about where you can buy the Telit modules or for recommendations on accessories and components visit:

http://www.telit.com

To register for product news and announcements or for product questions contact Telit Technical Support Center (TTSC).

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Page 5 of 35



1.2. Text Conventions



<u>Danger – This information MUST be followed or catastrophic equipment failure or</u> <u>bodily injury may occur.</u>



Caution or Warning – Alerts the user to important points about integrating the module, if these points are not followed, the module and end user equipment may fail or malfunction.



Tip or Information – Provides advice and suggestions that may be useful when integrating the module.

All dates are in ISO 8601 format, i.e. YYYY-MM-DD.

1.3. Related Documents

• AT Commands Reference guide, 80000ST10025a

1.4. Document History

Revision	Date	Changes
ISSUE #0	2009-08-28	Release First ISSUE# 0
ISSUE #1	2010-05-07	Added commands in paragraph 3.9.2 (Notes) Correction of delays table regarding AT+CFUN command in paragraph 3.9.1 Correction in the pictures in paragraph 2.3 "Alerts" moved from paragraph 3.3.1 to paragraph 3.6 and integrated with a note about Idle Activity Timeout
ISSUE #2	2010-05-18	
ISSUE#3	2010-10-04	Added GL865-DUAL to the applicability table
ISSUE#4	2010-02-10	Added note regarding SMS ATRUN Activation in 2.5.2 Added note regarding the Idle Activity Timeout and the Transparence in 3.6 Edited table in par 3.8.1
ISSUE#5	2012-10-08	General review of the document in accordance with the addition of the products: HE910, GE910.



Page 6 of 35



2. SMSATRUN

Telit modules provide the SMSATRUN service allowing the user to run on the module itself AT Commands sent from a mobile via SMS messages, refer to Fig. 1. Examples: the mobile sends the AT Command to the remote module to collect information concerning the current Network Operator on which the module itself is camped, or the AT Command to set the desired GPIO.

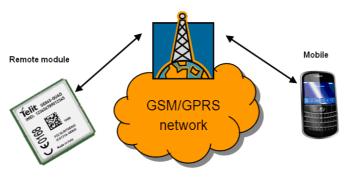


Fig. 1: SMSATRUN Scenario

The next paragraphs describe the AT commands sequence to configure and start the SMSATRUN service and how the service behaves. Please, refer to the AT Commands Reference Guide to have more information about AT commands syntax.

2.1. SMS Formats

The SMSATRUN service supports two SMS formats:

1. Simple ATRUN SMS:

- a) the SMS originating address shall match with a number defined in the white list of the remote module;
- b) the text has to begin with the string "AT" or "HAT";
- c) the SMS coding alphabet has to be GSM 7 bit (default) or 8 bit;

2. Digest ATRUN SMS:



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Page 7 of 35



80000NT10029a Rev.5 - 2012-10-08

- a) The SMS User Data has to contain an header comprising a MD5 digest calculated on the useful text with a password belonging to the white list of the remote module;
- b) the text has to begin with the string "AT" or "HAT";
- c) the SMS coding alphabet has to be 8 bit;

In the Digest SMS setting the SMS User Data has the following format:

Offset	Size	Value	Description
0	3	0xD0D0D0	RUNAT SMS Code
3	1	0	Transaction Id
4	1	0x11	Segment 1 of 1
5	1		Session Id
6	24		Digest: B64(MD5(B64(MD5(Pwd)):B64(MD5(Useful Text))))
30			Useful Text

Tab. 1: Digest ATRUN SMS User Data Format

- If the text begins with "AT" string the AT command response has to be sent to the sender by one or more response SMS. If the text begins with "HAT" string the AT command response hasn't to be sent to the sender.
- After the "AT" (or "HAT") string there are the commands. For example: AT+CGMR;+CGSN or HAT+CGMR;+CGSN.
- The response SMS from the remote module to the sender is coded with the same alphabet and has the same configuration of the received SMS (Simple SMS or Digest SMS).
- The received SMS hasn't to be concatenated, but the response SMS can be concatenated. In the case of Digest SMS, the MD5 digest is calculated on the portion of text contained in the same SMS; the User Data has the following format:

Offset	Size	Value	Description
0	3	0xD1D1D1	Response RUNAT SMS Code
3	1	0	Transaction Id
4	1	0x11	Segment 1 of 1
5	1		Session Id
6	24		Digest: B64(MD5(B64(MD5(Pwd)):B64(MD5(Useful Text))))
30			Useful Text

Tab. 2: Response Digest ATRUN SMS User Data Format



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Page 8 of 35



800001110027a Rev.5 - 2012-10-08

- The SMSATRUN service is enabled setting to 1 the <mod> parameter of the AT command #SMSATRUN, the AT instance specified by the <muxInstance> parameter of the AT command #SMSATRUNCFG is reserved to run the AT commands received via the validated SMS.
- The SMSATRUN service is disabled setting to 0 the <mod> parameter of the AT command #SMSATRUN, the used AT instance is returned to the previous user.
- The <mod> parameter of the AT command #SMSATRUN and <muxInstance> parameter of the AT command #SMSATRUNCFG are stored in the NVM (Non Volatile Memory). At boot, if the <mod> parameter is set to 1, the AT instance specified in the <muxInstance> is automatically reserved to run the AT commands received via validated SMS.

2.2. Alerts

- If the <mod> parameter of the AT command #SMSATRUN is set to 1, then all received SMS are subjected to a test to validate them as ATRUN SMS.
- If a SMS is recognized as ATRUN SMS, it is handled and silently discarded.
- When an AT instance is reserved for the SMSATRUN service, then every other request to use it, coming from other services, is refused. Only the FOTA (Firmware Over-the-Air) service can subtract the AT instance reserved to SMS ATRUN service.
- If the SMS ATRUN service is activated on the first instance (<muxInstance> = 1 in AT#SMSATRUNCFG), the control of that instance will be loosed and there will be the need of the CMUX (multiplexer) to deactivate the service by the second or third instance, refer to the document: Virtual Serial Device, 80000NT10045A.

NOTICE: Using HE910 products could be not necessary to use the CMUX if two ports are available at the same time, refer to the document: HE910 Family Ports Arrangements, 1vv0300971.



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Page 9 of 35



2.3. Description

The Fig. 2 summarizes to aspects: the configuration of the SMSATRUN service carried out locally, and an example of SMS messages exchange between the remote module and the mobile.

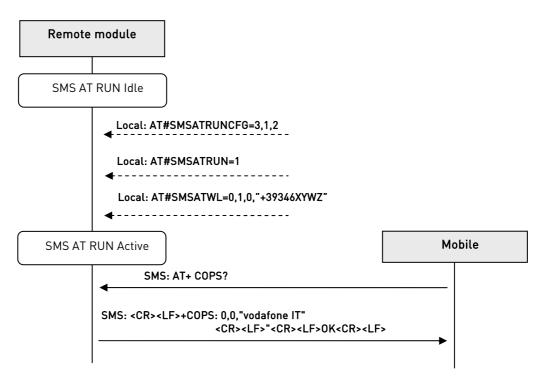


Fig. 2: Local Configuration and SMS messages Exchange

First of all, the SMSATRUN service provided by the remote module is locally configured and enabled:

AT#SMSATRUNCFG=3,1,2

// the service is configured to run on the third instance, the unsolicited is enabled and // the timeout for the response to the AT commands is set to 2 minutes

AT#SMSATRUN=1

// the service is enabled



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Page 10 of 35



The mobile phone number is added in the white list of the remote module by means of the following AT command:

AT#SMSATWL=0,1,0,"+39346XYWZ" //the number +39346XYWZ is added in the // first position of the white list

At this point the SMSATRUN service is configured and enabled. The remote module is ready to receive AT commands from the mobile.

It is assumed that the remote module receives the AT command AT+COPS? encapsulated in an SMS massage and executes it using the third instance. After command execution, the remote module sends back the command response to the mobile. The mobile reads the arrived SMS:

+CMTI: "SM",1 AT+CMGR=1 +CMGR: "REC UNREAD","+39346XYWZ","","08/05/28,11:04:37+08"

+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT"

0K

Using the "HAT" string, the command response is not sent back.

AT+CMGS=346XYWZ > HAT+COPS?



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Page 11 of 35



Using the Digest ATRUN SMS format, a password must be inserted in the white list of the remote module via the following AT command:

AT#SMSATWL=0,2,1,"1234567890123456" //the password has to be 16 // characters length and is inserted, in this example, in position 2 of the white list.

A maximum number of 2 passwords can be inserted in the white list of the remote module. In Digest ATRUN SMS format the mobile can also change the SIM because the sender number isn't checked from the remote module.

The mobile can interrogate the remote module, to know the selected network operator, sending the AT+COPS? command using the following standard AT command:

AT+CMGS=53

>079193432900200011000C919343868676110015AD26D0D0D000110157696A437032715633734E7 62B61727532305A5561773D3D41542B434F50533F

Offset	Size	Value	Description
0	3	D0D0D0	RUNAT SMS Code
3	1	00	Transaction Id
4	1	11	Segment 1 of 1
5	1	01	Session Id
6	24	57696A437032715633734E762B61727532305A5561773D3D	Digest: B64(MD5(B64(MD5(Pwd)):B64(MD5(AT+C OPS?))))
30		41542B434F50533F	AT+COPS?

Where the User Data portion is formatted according to Tab. 1 as follows:

The remote module receives the AT+COPS? command encapsulated in an SMS massage and executes it using the third instance. After command execution, the remote module sends back the response to the mobile. The mobile reads the arrived SMS:



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Page 12 of 35



+CMTI: "SM",1 AT+CMGR=1 +CMGR: 0,"",83 0791934329002000040C9193438686761100158050922102818040D1D1D10011014A756E726137723 06B494563483971563534326E33513D3D0D0A2B434F50533A20302C302C22766F6461666F6E6520 4954220D0A0D0A4F4B0D0A

Where the User Data portion is formatted according to Tab. 2 as follows:

Offset	Size	Value	Description
0	3	D1D1D1	Response RUNAT SMS Code
3	1	00	Transaction Id
4	1	11	Segment 1 of 1
5	1	01	Session Id
6	24	4A756E72613772306B49456348397156353 4326E33513D3D	Digest: B64(MD5(B64(MD5(Pwd)):B64(MD5(<cr><lf>+C0PS: 0,0,"vodafone IT"<cr><lf>"<cr><lf>0K<cr><lf>))))</lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr>
30		0D0A2B434F50533A20302C302C22766F64 61666F6E65204954220D0A0D0A4F4B0D0A	<cr><lf>+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT"<cr><lf>"<cr><lf>OK<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr>



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Page 13 of 35



2.4. Example

The Fig. 3 shows the configuration of the SMSATRUN service carried out locally:

- All the numbers starting with +39 are added in the white list by the command #SMSATWL
- the service is configured with the #SMSATRUNCFG command to run on the third instance, the unsolicited is enabled and the timeout for the response to the AT commands is set to 2 minutes
- 😴 Procomm Plus Terminal File Edit View Options Data Tools Window Help Rapid Connect-Data: Script File: 🏧 📤 📥 🜉 🕿 亘 Data smsatrun • smsatwl=0,1,0,"+39*" smsatruncfg=3,1,5 at Nk #smsatrun=1 at OK at#smsatrun? #SMSATRUN: 1, 1 ΠK **#SMSATRUN:** AT+COPS? CPIN CPIN= +CPMS? COPS DOS Prmpt Alt LogonWiz CREG? Host Chat Explorer ANSI BBS 115200 N-8-1 rd 🕘 sd 🕘 cd 🕘 cts 🥥 14.15 RAW ASCII direct connect-Com1 Rov 00.00.00 of Con
- the service is enabled with the #SMSATRUN command

Fig. 3: Configuration of the SMSATRUN service



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Page 14 of 35



80000NT10029a Rev.5 - 2012-10-08

The Fig. 4 shows the mobile sending to the remote module the SMS message containing the AT command AT+COPS?. The remote module, after receiving the SMS message, runs automatically the command AT+COPS?, displays the URC *#SMSATRUN: AT+COPS?*, see Fig. 3, and sends back the AT command response.

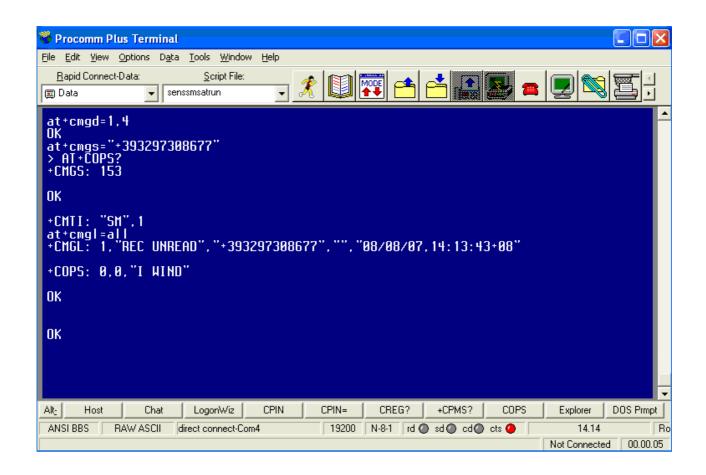


Fig. 4: SMS messages Exchange



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Page 15 of 35



2.5. Delays and Notes

2.5.1. Delays

Some AT commands can fail if executed by means of the SMS ATRUN service due to an interaction of the AT command running with the SMS service. These problems can be avoided inserting a delay before AT command execution. The delay is set through the following command:

AT#ATRUNDELAY=1,5 sets for SMS ATRUN commands a delay of 5 seconds

Once set, the delay is valid till a new AT#ATRUNDELAY is issued. The following table shows the suggested delays (in seconds).

F	
AT+COPS=?	10
AT+CGCLASS	
AT+CFUN	
AT#GPRS	
AT#SIMDET	
AT#CSURV AT#CSURVC	
AT#CSURVU AT#CSURVUC	
AT#CSURVB AT#CSURVBC	
AT#CSURVP AT#CSURVPC	
AT#SGACT	5
AT+CGACT	
AT+CGATT	

2.5.2. Notes

- To send AT\x and AT^xxx commands it is necessary to set the outgoing SMS's Data Coding Scheme (DCS) so that they are 8 bits coded, because characters '\ 'and '^' are not included in the standard GSM 7 bit alphabet. AT#SMSMODE must be set to 1, and the SMS text must be in hexadecimal format; the answer SMS received to the sent command is also 8 bit coded (hexadecimal format);
- AT#REBOOT and AT#SHDN commands do not send back the answer SMS before powering down the remote module; AT+CFUN=4, AT+CGCLASS="CG" and AT+COPS=2 commands do not send back the answer SMS before deregistering the module;
- 3) AT#SIMDET=0, AT+CGDATA="PPP",1, AT#FTPPUT, AT\$GPSNMUN=3, ATQ1 and ATQ2 commands cause a block of the SMS exchange mechanism, until the remote module reboots after timeout set with AT#SMSATRUNCFG command expires;



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Page 16 of 35



- 4) AT+CMUX=0, AT#BND=3, AT+CFUN=2 and AT+CFUN=4 commands cause an irreversible block of the SMS exchange mechanism;
- 5) AT+CGCLASS="CG" and AT+CGSMS=0 commands cause an irreversible block of the SMS exchange mechanism, until a new AT+CGCLASS or AT+CGSMS command is sent with TCP ATRUN; AT+CFUN=4 and AT+COPS=2 commands cause an irreversible block of the SMS exchange mechanism, until a new AT+CFUN or AT+COPS command is sent with TCP ATRUN;
- 6) enabling of FDN phonebook in the remote module causes an irreversible block of the SMS exchange mechanism if the "mobile" phone number is not in the FDN list; FDN must then be disabled using TCP ATRUN;
- 7) if ATD command is sent to the remote module to start a data call the response SMS, containing the CONNECT or NO CARRIER result, is received only after the call has been disconnected by the called party;
- 8) AT+CMGS, AT+CMGW, AT#SEMAIL, AT#SSEND, AT#WSCRIPT and all commands that require to insert data after a prompt is received cannot be executed via SMS ATRUN, because the prompt is not sent back in an SMS response;
- 9) The commands of AT#CSURV family will have their response truncated if too long (response text longer than the text that can fit into a concatenated SMS made up of the maximum number of SMS that can be concatenated, i.e. 15);
- 10) The command ATZ returns ERROR if a Data Call is up;
- 11) By default the SMS ATRUN service is disabled. It can be activated either by the AT#SMSATRUN command or receiving a special SMS that can be sent from a Telit server. After the reception of this SMS, the module activates the service and inserts a default password in the white list. An optional phone number can be specified in the SMS body that will be inserted in the white list. For further information please refer to Telit contacts indicated in chapter 1.1.



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Page 17 of 35



3. TCPATRUN

Telit modules provide the TCPATRUN service allowing the user to run on the module itself AT Commands sent from a PC via TCP/IP protocol, refer to Fig. 5. Examples: the PC sends the AT Command to the module to collect information concerning the current Network Operator on which the module itself is camped, or the AT Command to set the desired GPIO.

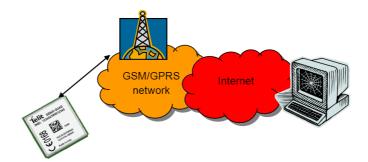


Fig. 5: TCPATRUN Scenario

There are two TCPATRUN service configurations, different one from the other in the way in which the module connects to the PC.

Server Mode

The module acts as a server. It is in TCP listen state waiting for an incoming TCP/IP connection from a client.

Client Mode

The module acts as a client, as soon as the service is enabled, the module tries to connect to the server.

The next paragraphs describe the AT commands sequence to configure and start the TCPATRUN service and how the service behaves. Please, refer to the AT Commands Reference Guide to have more information about AT commands syntax.



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Page 18 of 35



80000NT10029a Rev.5 - 2012-10-08

3.1. Configuration

To start TCPATRUN service, either in server mode or in client mode, it is necessary to open a PDP context via the AT#SGACT command:

AT#SGACT=1,1 for example, here we open the PDP context with id=1

The answer, in case of success, will be the IP address of the module, e.g.:

#SGACT: "212.141.113.92"

It is recommended to use the "AT#SGACTCFG" command to set the context "autoactivation": in this way the context will be automatically activated in case of switching off/on, deactivation from Network, and SIM removal.

AT#SGACTCFG=1,1 the auto-activation is set on context id=1

Configure the socket parameters through the AT#SCFG command, see chapter 3.6, using the socket identifier (the first parameter). For example:

AT#SCFG=1,1,300,0,600,1

Now, some configuration parameters have to be set for both service configurations using the AT#TCPATRUNCFG command:

AT#TCPATRUNCFG =1,2,1024,12345,`"212.141.125.127`",1,5,1,5,2

The first parameter is the identifier of the socket that will be used; the second one is the instance (in the module the AT interface can use three instances) that will be dedicated to the TCPATRUN; the third one is the TCP port for listen (used in server mode); the fourth one and the fifth one are respectively the TCP port and IP address of the host (for the client mode); the sixth one is for enabling the unsolicited that advises of the connection/disconnection from server; the seventh one is the timeout for an AT command execution; the eighth one selects the authentication mode (in server mode); the ninth one is the number of attempts to connect that the module will do in case of automatic re-start of the service (in client mode); the last one is the delay (in minutes) from one attempt and the other (in client mode).



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Page 19 of 35



3.2. TCPATRUN in Server Mode

3.2.1. Description

The TCPATRUN service in server mode is enabled locally by the AT#TCPATRUNL command. It configures the module in listen state on a determined port, so that a client can connect to the IP address and port of the server (module). Once connected, the client can issue AT commands to the module.

Note that the TCPATRUN service in server mode is useful when its address is a static IP address.

In general, the TCP access to the module is controlled by a firewall. In the case of TCP ATRUN service, this firewall can be set (and saved in memory) by the following command:

AT#TCPATRUNFRWL=1,"212.141.112.216","255.255.255.255"

The two strings represent the IP address and mask to manage the clients accesses.

The service is also protected by the authentication parameters: Username and Password. These parameters are set (and saved in memory) through the following command:

AT#TCPATRUNAUTH=1,"testuser","testpassw"

The user can choose between two kinds of authentication procedure, as we will see in the next paragraph.

Finally, the TCPATRUN service can be enabled using:

AT#TCPATRUNL =1

See the examples showed in chapter 3.7.1.



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Page 20 of 35



Hereafter are indicated same clarifications about the parameters configuration used in the AT#TCPATRUNCFG command:

- The socket 1 is in listen state on port 1024, and the IP address is the one given by the AT#SGACT command.
- The client (PC) can connect to the server (module) if its address is included in the firewall. The client can use Telnet or a dedicated program to open the socket and communicate with the module. Once connected, username and password have to be transmitted in a way that depends on the authentication mode set with AT#TCPATRUNCFG.
- After authentication, an AT command can be sent by the client, the module will parse the received command and send back the response.
- For example, the client can interrogate the module about all the neighbor cells with the serving cell of the module itself using the AT#MONI=7 and AT#MONI commands.
- If the TCPATRUN service is not disabled, it automatically starts at every start-up of the module as long as the PDP context auto-activation has been set by AT#SGACTCFG. The same happens in case of a deactivation from Network and in case of SIM removal.



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Page 21 of 35



80000NT10029a Rev.5 - 2012-10-08

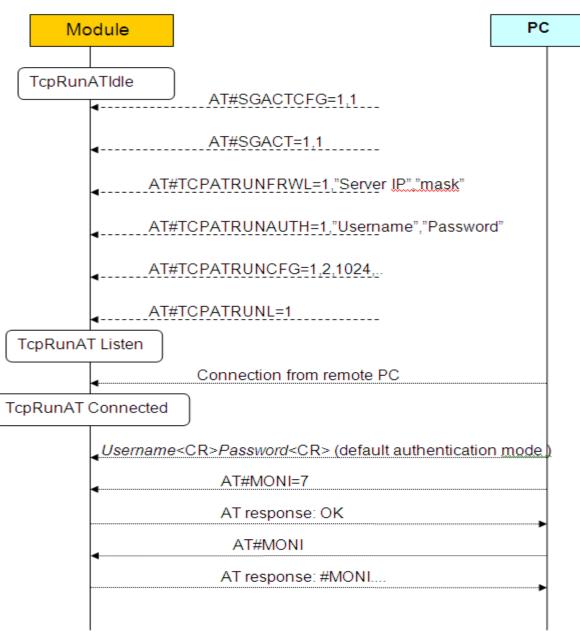


Fig. 6: TCPATRUN in Server Mode



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Page 22 of 35



3.2.2. Authentication mode

The AT#TCPATRUNCFG command allows the user to choose between two authentication modes: "automatic" and "step-by-step". The first one is useful for easily automate the authentication procedure; the second one is more graphically pleasant.

3.2.2.1. Automatic mode (default)

Once the server-client connection is opened and before issuing any AT commands, username and password have to be transmitted to the server (module) in the following way: *userid*<CR>*passw*<CR> (where <CR> means Carriage Return and is equal to 0x0d)

The couple *Username – Password* must be included in the authentication parameters list using the AT#TCPATRUNAUTH command, otherwise the server (module) will immediately close the connection.

If the server timeout expires before receiving one of the two parameters, the server (module) closes the connection.

3.2.2.2. Step-by-step

Once the server-client connection is opened, the module waits the Username and then, if the Username has been received and accepted (*userid*<CR>), waits the Password. When the Password has been received and accepted (*passw*<CR>), the module transmits a "Login successful" message to the client.

Username: *userid* Password: *passw* Login successful.

From this moment, AT commands sent by the client (PC) are parsed by the module. If the couple *Username – Password* is not included in the authentication parameters list, or if the timeout expires before receiving a parameter, the server (module) closes the connection.



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Page 23 of 35



3.3. TCPATRUN in Client Mode

3.3.1. Description

The Client Mode is configured by the AT#TCPATRUND command entered into the module locally:

AT#TCPATRUND = 1

If the command response is "OK", the client (module) opens the client-server connection, see Fig. 7. The server (Host, PC) in order to accepts the client connection request must be in the listen status running a dedicated application configured to use the Host IP address and the Host port specified in the AT#TCPATRUNCFG, see chapter 3.1. After connection establishment, the client (module) is ready to receive AT commands.

If the TCPATRUN service is not disabled, it starts automatically at every start-up of the module as long as the PDP context auto-activation has been set by AT#SGACTCFG. The same happens in case of a deactivation from Network and in case of SIM removal. This means that the module tries automatically to connect to the Host IP (the one set through AT#TCPATRUNCFG), and if connection is not successful it will retry. The number of attempts and the delay between one and the other will be those set through AT#TCPATRUNCFG.





80000NT10029a Rev.5 - 2012-10-08

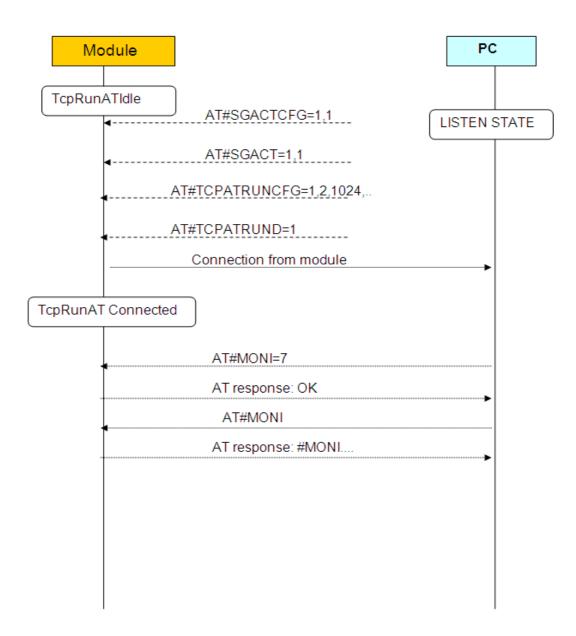


Fig. 7: TCPATRUN in Client Mode



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Page 25 of 35



3.4. AT commands in sequence

The standard usage of AT interface consists in waiting for response to an AT command before issuing another one. Each command ends with the delimiter character (<CR> is the default). In alternative, AT commands can be issued separated by ";", the string is treated like a single command. Consider the following AT commands string:

AT# SGACT=1,1;#SS

For example, the response to the string is:

#SGACT: 212.141.252.44

#SS: 1,1,212.141.121.05, 1024,212.141.121.148,1332 #SS: 2,0 #SS: 3,0 #SS: 4,0 #SS: 5,0 #SS: 6,0

0K

What happens if the remote application doesn't wait for an AT command response before issuing another one?

If AT commands are issued with the delimiter character but without waiting for response, some commands can be ignored, for example in the sequence

AT#SGACT=1,1 AT#SS

The AT#SS would be ignored.

In the case of AT commands managed by the TCPATRUN service, a new feature has been introduced that solves this problem. This feature is enabled through the command:

AT#TCPATCMDSEQ=1.



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Page 26 of 35



Consider the following AT commands sequence:

AT#SGACT=1,1 AT#SS

For example, the response to the sequence is:

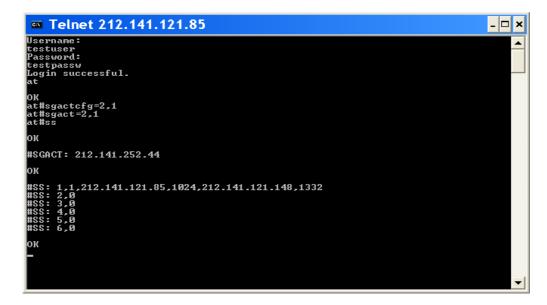
#SGACT: 212.141.252.44

0K

#SS: 1,1,212.141.121.05, 1024,212.141.121.148,1332 #SS: 2,0 #SS: 3,0 #SS: 4,0 #SS: 5,0 #SS: 6,0

0K

The AT#TCPATCMDSEQ command can be set from any instance, but it just affects AT commands managed by the ATRUN service.





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Page 27 of 35



3.5. Transparence

Data running on the specified serial port can be transferred, in transparent mode, directly to the TCP ATRUN. That is to say that any data in input on the serial port can be sent to the PC via TCP/IP protocol (and vice-versa). This connection is opened by means of the AT#TCPATCONSER=<port>,<rate> command using the TCPATRUN instance.

After this command has been issued, and if no error has occurred, a "CONNECT" message is returned from the module to advise the user that the TCPATRUN instance is in *online mode* and connected to the specified port.

To exit from *online mode* and close the connection, the escape sequence (the default is "+++") has to be sent on the TCPATRUN instance, taking into account that the escape sequence needs to be sent in one single packet. The use of Telnet for Windows sending every single byte in a TCP packet is not appropriate to perform this connection.





3.6. Alerts

- The TCPATRUN service uses a socket identifier (id) provided by the Easy IP service, the id is configured via AT#TCPATRUNCFG command. Please, refer to the Telit IP Easy User Guide to have more information about the use of AT commands concerning TCP/IP sockets configuration.
- The AT#SCFG command allows the user to read and change: the packet size, Transmission Timeout, and Idle Activity Timeout:
 - **Transmission Timeout**: if the bytes to be sent from the module are less than the packet size, then they will be sent just at Transmission Timeout expiry. So in the case of TCPATRUN service, it is suggested to set the minimum Transmission Timeout to avoid waiting for responses. It is strongly recommended to avoid having it set to infinite. It is also recommended not to set a Packet Size smaller than the default one.
 - Idle Activity Timeout: if there is no data exchange within the Idle Activity Timeout period, the connection is closed. This is useful in the following situation: if the TCP/IP socket is closed by the PC in an "unilateral" way, without signal exchange with the other side of the connection, on the module side the connection is still up, but cannot be used anymore. In this situation, if the Idle Activity Timeout has been set locally on the module, it will automatically close the connection, otherwise the only way to close it is using the AT#TCPATRUNCLOSE command locally.

In particular, if the PC closes the connection in the "unilateral" way during a "transparent mode", see chapter 3.5, there is no way to close locally the TCP ATRUN. So if the user wants to use the "transparent mode", it is very important to set the Idle Activity Timeout.

After the connection local closure, the TCPATRUN status is still enabled, so the service re-starts automatically.

• If the TCPATRUN service, in server or client mode, is activated on the first instance (<muxInstance> = 1 in AT#TCPATRUNCFG), the control of that instance will be loosed and there will be the need of the CMUX (multiplexer) to deactivate the service by the second or third instance, refer to the document: Virtual Serial Device, 80000NT10045A.



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Page 29 of 35



NOTICE: Using HE910 products could be not necessary to use the CMUX if two ports are available at the same time, refer to the document: HE910 Family Ports Arrangements, 1vv0300971.

3.7. Examples

3.7.1. TCPATRUN in Server Mode

The Fig. 8 shows the AT commands list used to configure the service in Server Mode.

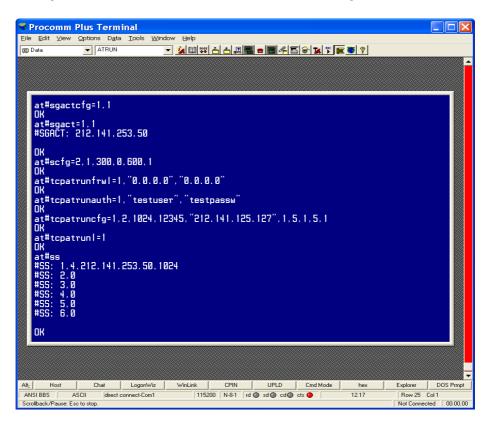


Fig. 8: Module in Server Mode



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Page 30 of 35



80000NT10029a Rev.5 - 2012-10-08

The Fig. 9 shows the sending of the AT#MONI=7 command to the server (module) and the reception of the command results sent back by the server after the execution of the command.

🔤 Telnet 212.141.112.216				- 🗆 🗙
Username: testuser Password: testpassw Login successful. at*creg?				
+CREG: 0,1 OK at#moni=7 OK at#moni				
IMONI: Cell BSIC LAC IMONI: S 75 55FA IMONI: N1 20 D5BD IMONI: N2 70 55FA IMONI: N2 70 55FA IMONI: N3 72 55FA IMONI: N4 70 55FA IMONI: N5 72 55FA IMONI: N5 72 55FA IMONI: N6 73 55FA OK	CellId ABFCN 1297 983 5265 59 0000 979 1281 975 12EA 985 12EA 985 1DØD 751 1D23 754	Power C1 C2 -72dbm 32 32 -70dbm 38 0 -76dbm 28 23 -81dbm 23 17 -85dbm 19 13 -88dbm 14 22 -92dbm 10 19	TA R×Qua 1 Ø	1 PLMN I WIND
				<u>-</u>

Fig. 9: PC (Client) using Telnet



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Page 31 of 35



3.8. Delay and Notes

3.8.1. Delays

Some AT commands can fail if executed by means of the TCPATRUN service due to an interaction of the AT command running with the GPRS service. The problem can be avoided inserting a delay before AT command execution. The delay is set through the following command:

AT#ATRUNDELAY=0,10 sets for TCPATRUN commands a delay of 10 seconds

Once set, the delay is valid till a new AT#ATRUNDELAY is issued. The following table shows the suggested delays (in seconds).

AT+COPS=? 10

NOTICE: the delay is needed in GSM technology.

3.8.2. Notes

1) AT#SKTD, AT#SKTL, AT#SKTSAV:

Initial setting for TCPATRUN service (through AT#TCPATRUNCFG) has to be done: <connld> different from <muxInstance>.

2) AT#QDNS:

- a) Initial setting for TCPATRUN service (through AT#TCPATRUNCFG) has to be done: <muxInstance> = 1.
- b) Initial setting by the command AT#SCFG has to be done:
 <connId> set for TPCATRUN service(through AT#TCPATRUNCFG) has to be associated to a <cid> different from 1.

3) AT#GPRS: same as 2b)

 4) AT#SKTOP: same as 2) and furthermore: Initial setting for TCPATRUN service (through AT#TCPATRUNCFG) has to be done: <connld> different from 1.

NOTICE: HE910 products don't support AT#SKTOP command.



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Page 32 of 35



80000NT10029a Rev.5 – 2012-10-08

- 5) If initial setting for TCPATRUN service (through AT#TCPATRUNCFG) has done: <connld> = <muxInstance>, then parameters set by AT#PKTSZ, AT#SKTTO, AT#DSTO affect the same <connld> socket on which TCPATRUN service is running.
- 6) AT+CGATT=0, AT+CGACT=0, AT+CGCLASS="CC", AT#SHDN, AT#BND=2, AT#BND=3, ATQ1, ATQ2, AT#SIMDET=0, AT+CFUN=2 and AT+CFUN=4 commands cause an irreversible block of the TCP AT RUN mechanism;
- 7) The commands of AT#CSURV family can have the response truncated if too long: these commands in fact send their responses during the network search, but while they are executed, the GPRS service is suspended and so the TCPATRUN cannot transmit anything. It stores these responses in a buffer till the network search completes. Anyway, the use of this command is deprecated.

NOTICE: this problem arises in GSM technology.

8) The ATZ command returns ERROR if a Data Call is up and this Data Call has been set up on a "muxInstance" different from the TCPATRUN "muxInstance". The ATZ returns ERROR also in the case the TCPATRUN works on an IPEGSM context (opened through AT#SGACT=0,1), because the IPEGSM context is based on a Data Call.





3.9. TCPATRUN and Python

TCPATRUN service allows downloading, upgrading, and executing a Python script into Telit modules via a remote TCP/IP connection (e.g. Telnet). TCPATRUN service is configured in server mode. The configuration AT commands sequence can be entered locally into the module (module site) or using SMS ATRUN service. Below is reported a generic example illustrating this feature.

NOTICE: GE910 product doesn't support Python.

AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","myAPN"

AT#SCFG=1,1,1500,0,600,50 // set Inactivity Timeout to 0

AT#TCPATRUNCFG=1,3,1024,... // listening on port 1024

AT#TCPATRUNFRWL=2;#TCPATRUNFRWL=1,"217.0.0.0","255.0.0.0"

AT#TCPATRUNAUTH=1,"MyUser","MyPwd"

AT#SGACT=1,1 // activate the context

AT#TCPATRUNL=1 // start TCPATRUN service

A remote computer works as an IP client and Telnet is used to connect to the module.

To start a Telnet session on the remote computer, it is possible to use Hyper Terminal or any other terminal emulator via TCP/IP, setting the right port (1024 in this case) and the IP address of the module (returned by AT#SGACT). After the login phase (login requires username and password), the Python script can be downloaded on the module, entering on Telnet, AT#WSCRIPT command using the same settings described in the Telit Easy Script Python User Guide, see the following screenshot.



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Page 34 of 35



80000NT10029a Rev.5 - 2012-10-08

🌯 telnet - HyperTerminal		
File Edit View Call Transfer Help		
D 🖆 🎯 🍒 🗈 🎦 🗳		
Username: Password: Login successful.	telnet Properties ? X Connect To Settings	•
ОК	telnet Change [con]	
	Host address: 217.203.141.98	
OK	Port number: 1024	
at		
	Connect using: TCP/IP (Winsock)	
ОК		
at#wscript=ciclo2.py,268		
>>>		
ОК	0K Cancel	
at#escript=ciclo2.py		
ОК		▼
Disconnected Auto detect TCP/IP SCR	OLL CAPS NUM Capture Print echo	

🗞 telnet - HyperTerminal	
Eile Edit Yew Call Iransfer Help	
D 🗳 🖉 🖇 🕒 🗳	
>>>	
Username:	
AloU Password:	
AloP Login successful.	
at#wscript=ciclo3.py,3136	
>>>	
OK	
at#escript=ciclo3.py	
OK	
at#reboot	
Connected 0:08:31 Auto detect TCP/IP SCROLL CAPS NUM Capture Print	echo

Refer to the screenshot on the left side: we recommend the following procedure to upgrade a running Python script. The procedure can be easily executed using remote Telnet.

1) Download a new PY script via the AT#WSCRIPT command,

2) Enable the new PY script via AT#ESCRIPT= ciclo3.py",

3) Reboot the module with AT#REBOOT to start the execution of the new PY script (ciclo3.py).



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Page 35 of 35